THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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JOE STARTLED THEM

WHEN HE ANNOUNCED THEIR EXTRAVAGANCE.

THE AMOUNT OF THE APPROPRIATIONS.

Mr. Cannon Tells His Party Friends That All the Money in the Treasury Has Been Appropriated.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—[Special.]—Representative Joe Cannon, chairman of the appropriations committee, made a statement on the floor of the house today which speaks anything but well for the republican party. Cannon was mad or he never would have given his party away in such a manner. In making objection to a bill carrying a small appropriation, he stated that when this congress adjourned on the 4th, it will be found that the appropriations for this year will have run up to the enormous figure of $525,000,000, which is not only more than the revenues of the government for this year, but wipes out the surplus and causes a deficiency of fully $30,000,000.

THE REPUBLICANS AMAZED.

The statement absolutely startled the republicans who, although they knew they were going down deep in the vaults of the treasury, had no idea they had wiped out everything and spent $30,000,000 more than the country will have.

Cannon's statement even surprised the democrats. Indeed, they were absolutely amazed, and Mr. Dockery, Mr. Clements and other democratic members of the appropriations committee immediately went to work to add up all the appropriations the republicans have made in this congress. They have not finished it yet. It is an enormous job, but they have gone far enough to find that this congress has already appropriated $180,000,000 more than the last congress.

It was claimed in the last campaign that the democrats had been extravagant, but if their's was extravagance, this is absolute robbery.

THE DEFICIENCY BILL.

The deficiency bill as amended and reported to the senate today cuts down the appropriation for heating apparatus and an elevator for the Atlanta custom house. It will be remembered as the bill passed the house there was an appropriation of $15,000 for an elevator and heating apparatus for the Atlanta building. The senate cut out the word "elevator" and cut the appropriation down to $7,000. There is an appropriation of $2,000 in the bill for heating apparatus for the Augusta building.

Senator-elect Gordon's credentials were presented to the senate today by Senator Colquitt. Senator Gordon's salary will commence on Wednesday.

THE NEW SENATORS.

Senators-elect Pfeffer, of Kansas; Irby, of South Carolina, and Kyle, of South Dakota, are in Washington today preparing themselves to be senators. Irby is, of course, a straight-out democrat, and says he is surprised that any one should have even imagined he was not. Kyle has been a republican and a preacher all his life. He was, however, elected by combined democratic and republican votes, and styles himself an "indocrat."

He has been associating largely with the democrats, but will sit on the republican side. It will not do to count on. Pfeffer is a life-long republican, but he claims now to be with neither of the old parties. He was the object of all eyes on the floor of the senate this morning. He may be a brainy man, but if he is his brains must be in his whiskers. His head is not larger than the ordinary martin gourd. He is, however, talkative and has an abundance of self-confidence.

"Will I sit in the republican side?" he repeated in response to a question this evening. "Yes, I think so. Senator Plumb is attending to that for me. My seat, I understand, will be on the extreme republican right, just where I want it. After awhile, I may get a better seat—that is, a more prominent one, but at present I want to stay in the rear, because my opportunities for observation will be better than they would be if some senators were behind my visual organs. Will I vote as I sit? Sometimes I am going to vote my convictions. The location of my seat will have nothing to do with the workings of my conscience."

"Do you intend continuing your connection with The Kansas Farmer?"

"Oh, yes," replied Mr. Pefffer. "I shall look after it politically, as I always have, but that is the only part I shall take in the management of the paper. Ingalls is a good friend of mine, and I am sure no one ever heard me say a word against him, personally. It would have pleased me to have seen him elected had we not differed in matters of public policy. Our personal relations are most cordial, and I esteem him highly.

BLAIR'S MISSION SPOILED.

Senator Henry W. Blair's trip to China as minister plenipotentiary of the United States, has been knocked into a cocked hat. Harrison will have to find something else for the old man to do, or, in the language of the able compositor, he will have to "carry the banner."

The New York Sun did it. That paper reproduced this morning his speeches on the Chinese question, in which he compares Chinese immigration to pestilential diseases, and speaks of the Chinaman as a "seething, warring, blood-curdling curse," and, indeed, says them many other such compliments.

All this was telegraphed today to the Chinese emperor. Of course this puts Blair in the category of personal nongrata to the court of the emperor of China, and it is a practical certainty that he would not be received at Pekin. Indeed the unanimous opinion here is that Mr. Blair will never sail for China in a ministerial capacity unless he should go as a missionary.

THE LARD BILL KILLED.

The compound lard bill is dead. An effort was made to get it up in the senate today, but it failed; likewise an effort to attach the Paddock pure food bill to the agricultural bill was voted down. Senator Vance created much laughter tonight in the senate by announcing:

"The lard bill is dead; it is grease, but living grease no more."

HOAR'S INFLUENCE GONE.

The election of Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, as president pro tem. of the senate, to succeed Ingalls, is considered by everybody as a direct repudiation by the republican senators of Hoar's fight for the force bill. Hoar made a very earnest canvass for the office, but he received barely a handful of votes. The old granny's influence in the senate has departed forever. E. W. B.

RUSHING MATTERS THROUGH.

The House Amendment to the Shipping Bill Agreed to by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The senate met at 9:30 o'clock.

Frye called up the house amendment to the tonnage subsidy bill, and moved to non concur in the amendment, and that the conference asked by the house be granted.

Mr. Reagan expressed the wish that the house amendment be concurred in, rather than that the danger of a more objectionable bill from the conference committee be incurred. The subsidizing of the ships (he held) was not going to increase commerce. The only way to increase either imports or exports was to remove the shackles off the tariff.

The bill was, simply and nakedly, a gift to the shipowners of the country.

Mr. Morrill moved to concur in the house amendment.

Mr. Vest expressed himself opposed to all manner of subsidies, and stated his objection to them. It was the application of gag law in the most offensive form. The senate was not to be permitted to vote on the proposition. It had never been before the senate. And still it was to be referred to a conference committee that would make a report which would have to be accepted or rejected without amendment. He made the point of order that it was incompetent to commit the bill to a conference committee.

THE POINT OVERRULED.

The vice president overruled the point of order. An appeal was taken from his ruling; and the appeal was, on motion of Mr. Frye, laid on the table without division.

The question being on Mr. Morrill's motion to caucus, Messrs. Cockrell, Harris and Reagan stated their intention to vote against it, and Mr. Vest stated his intention to vote for it because otherwise it was certain that the conference committee would make a worse bill.

SENATOR VEST'S AMENDMENT.

Mr. Vest moved to amend by inserting a provision repealing the law which prevents the purchase and use of foreign ships. Disagreed to—yeas, 21; nays, 43.

Mr. Vest offered another amendment, which was, he said, the bill introduced by Dawes in 1890—suspending for ten years the laws against free ships for foreign trade. Disagreed to—yeas, 21; nays, 40. The votes on both Mr. Vest's amendments were strict party votes, except that Mr. Payne voted with the republicans in the negative.

Mr. McPherson offered an amendment requiring contracts for carrying the mail to have the approval of congress. Disagreed to—yeas, 20; nays, 45.

Mr. McPherson offered an amendment confining the operation of the bill to Central and South America and Mexico. Disagreed to—yeas, 21; nays, 44.

Mr. McPherson offered an amendment reducing the rate of subsidy from $4 a mile to $2 for first-class ships and from $2 to $1 for second-class. Disagreed to—yeas, 22; nays, 41.

Mr. Morgan offered an amendment allowing foreign-built ships to be used for three years in carrying mails. Disagreed to—yeas, 21; nays, 40.

Finally the question was taken on Mr. Morrill's motion to concur in the house amendment, the postal subsidy, and it was agreed to—yeas, 37; nays, 33.

The bill now goes to the president.

ELECTION OF A PRESIDENT PRO TEMPORE.

Mr. Sherman offered a resolution electing Senator Manderson, of Nebraska, as president pro tempore to hold office during the pleasure of the senate, and Mr. Gorman offered a resolution tendering the thanks of the senate to Mr. Ingalls for "the eminently courteous, dignified, able and absolutely impartial manner in which he has presided over its deliberations, and performed the duties of president pro tempore."

Both resolutions were agreed to, and the oath of office was administered by the vice president to Mr. Manderson, who was escorted to the desk by Mr. Ingalls.

The credentials of John B. Gordon as senator from Georgia (replacing Mr. Brown) were presented and placed on file.

The house bill relating to the treaty of reciprocity with the Hawaiian islands was passed. Also the house joint resolution appropriating $1,000,000 for the improvement of the Mississippi river, to be immediately available.

THE POSTOFFICE BILL.

The postoffice appropriation bill was then taken up, and Mr. Frye (in place of the amendment which he had offered on Saturday night) offered one appropriating $1,400,000 for the transportation of foreign mails.

On motion of Mr. Carlisle, the amount was reduced to $1,250,000. The amendment was adopted and the bill passed.

THE AGRICULTURAL APPROPRIATIONS.

The senate then, 2 p. m., proceeded to the consideration of the agricultural appropriation bill.

Mr. Carlisle made the point of order against the committee's amendment allowing sorghum sugar manufacturers the use of distilled spirits free of tax. The point was that it was general legislation on an appropriation bill. The question was discussed at much length and was finally submitted to the senate by the vice president, and the amendment was ruled to be in order—yeas, 29; nays, 23.

The amendment was then agreed to without division. Messrs. Cockrell, Coke and Gorman voted with the republicans in the affirmative, and Messrs. Edmunds, Evarts, Hawley, Hiscock, Morrill, Platt, Sherman and Wilson with the democrats in the negative.

Mr. Paddock moved to amend by inserting the "pure food bill."

Mr. Reagan made the point of order that the amendment was general legislation on a very important subject not connected with the appropriations for the agricultural department. The vice president sustained the point of order. From that ruling Mr. Paddock appealed, and Mr. Edmunds moved to lay the appeal on the table. The latter motion was agreed to—yeas, 27; nays, 26. So the amendment was excluded.

The bill was then passed, and the senate proceeded, at 4:40 o'clock, to the consideration of the general deficiency bill.

Consideration of the bill was temporarily suspended, and a resolution authorizing the committee on rules to sit during the recess was reported and agreed to with an amendment, offered by Mr. Hoar, instructing the committee to consider and report what changes, if any, ought to be made in the observance of the senate in regard to paying honor to its deceased members.

A message from the president vetoing a private relief bill was presented, read and referred to the committee on claims.

THE DISTRICT BILL AGREED TO.

The conference report on the District of Columbia appropriation bill was presented, read and agreed to.

The senate then at 6 p. m. took a recess until 8 o'clock p. m.

THE EVENING SESSION.

The consideration of the deficiency bill was proceeded with. Two items—to pay to the widows of Chief Justice Waite and Justice Miller one year's salary, $10,000 each—provoked much discussion, but they were agreed to—yeas, 43; nays, 10.

The next subject that provoked discussion was the proposition of the house to give a month's extra pay to officers and employes of the house.

Mr. Plumb spoke of the unconscionable extravagance of the two houses and said that while the pay of senators amounted to $400,000 a year, the pay of those who waited on them amounted to $600,000.

The House item was struck out of the bill—yeas, 31; nays, 21.

WHAT THE HOUSE DID.

The Senate Amendments to the Indian Appropriation Bill Non-Concurred In.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—On motion of Mr. Perkins, the senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bill were non-concurred in and the bill sent to the conference.

Mr. Hitt, of Illinois, presented for reading the following message from the government of Brazil:

"The senate and chamber of deputies of the United States of Brazil, met together as a constituent assembly, have resolved to express, by means of this message, in the name of the people of Brazil to the people of the United States of America, the feelings of gratitude inspired in their breasts by the friendly terms of the highly honorable message of congratulation voted and adopted by the congress of the United States; to affirm once again, by the present means, the sentiments of union and fraternity which bind the people of Brazil to the American nation; the earnest desire to maintain and honor the institution of a republican form of government in Brazil, endeavoring thereby to secure the happiness and prosperity of the Brazilian family and the peace and prosperity of all nations.

On motion of Mr. Payson, the conference report on the bill to repeal the timber culture law, was agreed to.

THE EVENING SESSION.

Mr. Hatch, of Missouri, was fortunate enough to catch the speaker's eye, and he moved to suspend the rules and pass, with amendments, the senate bill to provide for the inspection of live cattle, hogs and carcasses, and the products thereof which are subjects of interstate commerce.

The motion to suspend the rules and pass the bill was agreed to—yeas, 161; nays, 70.

The Debt Statement.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The debt statement issued today shows an increase in debt during February of $2,994,950.58; total interest bearing debt outstanding, $615,501,580; total debt of all kinds, $1,543,109,858.98; cash in treasury, $693,520,063.40; debt less available credits, $849,589,795.58. Gold certificates outstanding, $4,172,274,809; silver certificates outstanding, $367,168,474; currency, $12,530,000; treasury notes of 1890, (bullion purchase) $33,150,700. Legal tender notes outstanding, $346,681,016; national banknotes outstanding, $47,165,815.

WAYS OF THE WICKED.

RAUB'S NUMEROUS FORGERIES IN KANSAS CITY.

SEVERAL OF HIS TRANSACTIONS NOTED.

As an Officer of a Loan and Building Association He Forged Notes and Stock—Criminal News.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., March 2.—[Special.]—Max Raub, the late secretary of the Jackson County Mutual Loan and Building Association, is held in the county jail on the charge of forgery. Leon Block, counselor for the above named association, said that the forgeries just discovered were probably made to cover up previous misappropriations of funds The examination of the books also seem to point to that fact. Mr. Raub admits that the $8,000 that he has appropriated were squandered in "bucket shops." The officers of the association suspected that all was not right about two weeks ago, and an examination of the books followed, and subsequently the shortage was discovered, but the very men whom he had duped thought it best to have the matter straightened up quietly, on account of the man's family connection, as it was said that his brother, Fred Raub, of Cincinnati, would help to make good the deficiencies, and so save his brother from criminal prosecution, but being unable to cover up the forgeries, he returned to his home, and so the prosecution followed.

The most serious charges made against Raub are those of M. Lyons, who says he obtained $1,500 by means of forging a note, purported to have been made to Raub by Luke F. Wilson, assistant cashier of the National Bank of Commerce, and also by means of a forged note of thirty shares of stock of the Jackson County Loan and Building Association of $200 each, par value.

Two warrants were sworn out by I. E. Bernheimer, one charging Raub with forging a promissory note for $750, purporting to be signed by I. Abram, a most estimable gentleman, who for years has been secretary of the Grand Lodge B'nai Brith; the other charging him with forging the name of Charles Runk to a note for $600.

Two other warrants were issued by N. Lorie, charging Raub with forging two notes of $200 and $250, purported to have been signed by Samuel Eppstein and Emil Haller, respectively. He also forged the name of F. T. Hadloud, the former president, to several notes. Raub's plan of action was a novel, yet a most clumsy one. He issued shares of stock in the building and loan association to fictitious parties, and then transferred them to himself. These shares purported to be signed by F. T. Hadloud, a druggist, and former president of the association, who left Kansas City most mysteriously about a year ago, leaving his wife and children, and by Max Raub, the secretary. He then proceeded to obtain money from various firms in the city and deposited the money as collateral security.

It is asserted by the officers of the association that Raub forged paper to the amount of $8,000 to $10,000, and perhaps more. Raub was, until lately, secretary of the "Progress Club," a prominent Hebrew social organization of this city, which numbers among its members some of the most influential citizens. He occupied that position chiefly through the influence of some of his friends from Cincinniti, his former home, who are also members of said club. He handed in his resignation both as member and secretary of the club. The former was accepted, but not the latter, until the shortage, which only amounts to about $750, is made up, which is secured by his bondsmen, who are ready to make up his deficiency. His preliminary examination was postponed from February 21st to March 10th.

BEATEN AND SHOT.

Pressley's Persistence Will Probably Result in His Death.

AMERICUS, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—The first of last fall J. L. Pressley made repeated efforts to enter the house of Mrs. Giles, a respectable widow in this county. On one occasion he got into the house, crept under the bed, and as a young daughter of Mrs. Giles entered there he struck at her.

Pressley was put out, and a peace warrant was taken out. The man gave bail to keep the peace, which he did until Sunday night last, when he again tried to get into the house.

Messrs. Peace and Newton Bailey, sons of Mrs. Giles, having grown tired of his outrageous conduct, attacked him with clubs, beating him severely. They then shot him, and leaving him for dead, notified friends of the man to remove the body. Pressley is still alive, but the report is he cannot recover.

The Bailey boys came to Americus tonight and gave themselves up, and asked the protection of the court.

SHOT FROM AMBUSH.

A Brunswick Merchant Lying at the Point of Death.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—Sunday night, at 11 o'clock, J. W. Lewis, a storekeeper at Pelicanville, one of Brunswick's suburbs, was shot by some person from ambush.

He was walking along the road, from the store to his home, when he saw the flash of a pistol. Then he fell unconscious. Finally he recovered enough to go to his home.

Drs. Branham and Burford examined the wound and found it very serious. The man is vomiting blood.

Suspicion points to several parties but no arrests have been made yet. Lewis came to Brunswick three months ago from Hazlehurst and is considered a good, law-abiding citizen. Everything possible is being done to bring the right party to justice.

CASHIER STEPHENSON ARRESTED.

Charged With the Embezzlement of Funds of His Railroad.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 2.—[Special.]—Wellington Stephenson, cashier at the freight office of the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad, was arrested tonight, charged with embezzlement by a system of false entries. He has been carrying on his stealings for some time. He has secured a large amount of money, but the exact sum is not yet known. When arrested he had $1,600, which he offered to turn over to the company if they would not prosecute him.

Stephenson is a young man under twenty-five years of age, and heretofore stood above suspicion. He has lately been living a fast life and his downfall is attributed to card playing. Officers of the road say the defalcation runs up into thousands. Stephenson's bail was fixed at $3,500, which he has not given. He came to Birmingham from Tennessee.

MRS. MARTIN'S TRIAL

For the Murder of Her Brother-in-Law in Birmingham.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., March 2.—[Special.]—The trial of Mrs. Julia A. Martin, for the killing of her brother-in-law, Edward T. Martin, was begun in the criminal court today and will occupy some time, able counsel having been retained on both sides. The murdered man was one of the wealthiest citizens of this city. He had brought about a separation between his brother and the latter's wife, who was an adventuress before her marriage. Mrs. Martin met her brother-in-law on the street here last October and shot him in the back after he had passed her.

He Was with Boston Corbett.

CHARLOTTE, N. C., March 2.—[Special.]—William Sprowles, a native of Ireland, aged forty-five years, died at his home this evening in this city. He came to this country before the war, and at the beginning of the struggle between the states he enlisted in the federal army, and was one of the crowd who shot at John Wilkes Booth when he was surrounded in the barn, where he had taken refuge. He was detailed on duty at the hanging of Mrs. Surratt in Washington.

VICTORIA IS GRATEFUL

For the Kind Treatment Her Daughter Received.

PARIS, March 2.—At the conclusion of a ball last night which followed the meeting of M. de Roulede's friends at which the latter presided, M. de Roulede recited a military poem ending with the words:

"Sonnez la charge. Nous les vaincrons." "Charge" was then sounded on military bugles amid a scene of the wildest enthusiasm. M. Laisant during the course of the evening made a violent speech, concluding with crying, "Down with the allies of Germany."

The Paris Figaro today announces that Queen Victoria, being so pleased by the account given her by Empress Frederick of the respectand courtesy which the latter was shown during her visit to Paris, has promised to return the compliment and stop two days in Paris when she passes through this city soon, en route to the south of France.

CAPRIVI WILL RESIGN.

LONDON, March 2.—The Exchange Telegraph Company's Berlin correspondent telegraphs that he has information derived from the highest sources to the effect that a feeling of general uneasiness prevails in regard to Emperor William's utterances. The same correspondent adds that Chancellor von Caprivi has signified to the emperor his desire to resign immediately upon the termination of the autumn maneuvers. The chancellor, it is understood, does not approve of the imperial ideas and plans connected with recent events. It is feared that the emperor will determine upon a total reversal of his friendly attitude towards France.

Unveiling the Wesley Monument.

LONDON, March 2.—Today being the one hundredth anniversary of the death of John Wesley, the great theologian and founder of Methodism, the statue erected in his honor was unveiled in the presence of a large concourse of people in front of the City Road chapel, headquarters of the Wesleyans. Rev. Frederick William Farrar, archdeacon of Westminster, took part in the ceremonies attending the unveiling of the statue, and afterward, in company with Sir Robert N. Fowler, one of the members of parliament for London city addressed the meeting in the City Road chapel.

There Was Fun at Ballinsloe.

DUBLIN, March 2.—David Sheehy, member of parliament from South Galway, and John Roch, member for East Galway, both McCarthyites, attempted yesterday to hold a meeting at Ballinsloe. The Parnellites, however, were in the majority, and by hooting and yelling compelled their opponents to renounce their intention of passing resolutions in favor of McCarthy. The McCarthyites afterwards succeeded in holding a meeting in a private room, while the Parnellites continued their first meeting and passed resolutions calling upon Sheehy and Roch to resign their seats in parliament.

Crispi Expects to Return.

ROME, March 2.—At the vatican it is asserted that Signor Crispi, late prime minister of Italy, expects to return to power, and that he has approached the Holy See with the view to persuade the papal authorities not to accord concessions to the ministry of Marquis di Rudini, as the latter's sabinet cannot last. Signor Crispi is said to have insisted that the pope ought not to allow Catholics to support the government at the election, and promised that if he returns to power he will make concessions to the vatican.

British Breadstuffs.

LONDON, March 2.—The Mark Lane Express, in its weekly review of the British grain trade, says: There is a good inquiry for English wheats at an average rise of 6 pence. Foreign wheats are held for 1 shilling advance on whites and 6 pence on reds. A strong continental demand assisted the rise here. Flours are firm. Corn is firm. Oats are 3 pence better. Rye is 6 pence dearer. Beans and peas are steady. At today's market increased offerings of inferior wheats kept average of prices down, but the best sorts of English advanced another 6 pence. In foreign wheats California is 1 pence dearer, and others 6 pence dearer. Flours were steady. Corn gained 3 pence. Oats, beans and peas were firm.

A Tin-Plate Plant.

JOLIET, Ill., March 2.—A contract has just been executed between several Joliet property owners and Lewis Brothers, of Pittsburg, and Wales and England, by which South Joliet has secured $100,000, to occupy twenty acres and furnish a floor space of over 200,000 square feet. Lewis Brothers are members of a family who have been manufacturing tin plate for many generations in England.

The Illinois Chestnut.

SPRINGFIELD, Ill., March 2.—One vote was taken by the skeleton of the joint assembly today, resulting: Palmer, 7; Streeter, 5; Oglesby, 1.

THEY DROPPED A LEAD LINE.

Governor Tillman and the Phosphate Commissioners of Phosphate Property.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 2.—[Special.]—The war between the state and the Coosaw Phosphate Company was inaugurated today when the phosphate commissioners, who went down to Beaufort yesterday, embarked in a tug chartered by the state, and with Governor Tillman on board as commander in chief of the army and navy of South Carolina, went down to Coosaw and took possession of the territory to which the Coosaw company claims exclusive right. Possession was taken by each member of the commission dropping a lead line overboard and sounding the bottom.

The Coosaw company has shut down its machinery and is now idle, with its 1,000 or more employes. It is understood that in case any person or company attempts to move rock in their territory the company will apply to the United States court for an injunction, as there now is a navigable stream and under jurisdiction of the United States. It is understood that its going to be a war of freeze out. The Coosaw Company will not mine any rock itself, and the United States court will be invoked to prevent anybody else from mining phosphates in the disputed territory. The Coosaw Company last year shipped 107,000 tons of rock to Europe, and if the litigation is prolonged, much rock will be withdrawn from the market. The land phosphate miners are jubilant, and already talk of raising the price of land rock to $9 a ton. The litigation also is expected to boom the recently discovered Florida phosphates. No process has yet been issued by the United States court here.

TOO MUCH WHISKY.

Mail Carriers Who Are in the Jug Trade Also.

GREENVILLE, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—The local mail route to Lutherville has been discontinued, at the request of the citizens of the town, because the carrier every mail day carried a number of jugs of whisky which were left with laborers and other parties all along the line. At Sandy creek every mail day the receivers of the jugs would meet, drink, carouse and gamble, so the story goes, and be unfit for work the next day. This disorganized labor to such an extent that the good people decided that it would be better to be deprived of mail facilities than endure the whisky nuisance longer. Hence they ask for a discontinuance of the mail route.

It is said that for similar reasons the postal authorities will be asked to abolish the route to Midway.

The Sun's Cotton Review.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Futures opened at three points decline, closing quiet and steady at a decline of seven to ten points from Saturday's closing prices. The bulls found the support completely knocked from under them, and they let go with both hands. Down went prices, reaching figures that were not only the lowest of the season, but the lowest for many years. There was one feature that has never before been witnessed since the dealings in cotton on the present basis were begun, namely: August sold below October. In whatever doubt the new crop may be involved, there is, however, now a minimum estimate of the total yield. There was not only a good deal of unloading by the longs, but fresh short interest was made with much freedom. The bears attacked values with more spirit than they have done in a long time. Spot cotton was 1-16c lower.

AN ILLUSTRATED ARGUMENT.

"The Indignity of Disfranchisement."

A Leading Topic of Discussion at the Recent Woman's Suffrage Convention.



"THE INDIGNITY OF DISFRANCHISEMENT." "THE DIGNITY OF ENFRANCHISEMENT."

FOUR TEST CASES

Before the United States Supreme Court—One on the McKinley Bill.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Four motions were made in the United States supreme court today to advance cases, intended to test the validity and constitutionality of the customs administrative and McKinley tariff laws. The first of these motions comes here on an appeal from the circuit court of the United States for the southern district of New York, sustaining the decision of the board of general appraisers in assessing duties on an importation of laces by Boyd, Sutton & Co. The council for the importers contend that the McKinley tariff act is unconstitutional; first, because the bill signed by the president was not the bill that passed both houses of congress, a section having been omitted in its engrossment; second, that it contains provisions for bounties to sugar producers in this country which, under the constitution, congress had no power to enact; and third, that section three of the act assumes to delegate to the president power to impose taxes upon imports, which power is vested exclusively in congress and cannot be delegated. The motions to advance are based principally upon the great importance of the question involved and interests of trade and commerce, and of the government in having the question speedily settled.

Attorney General Miller stated that the government was willing to have the cases advanced, but that it desired to have the cases made up so as to fairly present the issues involved, which one of the cases at least did not do in his opinion. At his suggestion, the matter went over for a week, in order that the government might examine the cases.

TO CANVASS THE SOUTH.

The Women Appoint a Committee to Visit Southern Capitals.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—The business committee of the National American Woman's Suffrage Association met today and appointed a number of committees. The members of the congressional committees are: Susan B. Anthony, chairman; Harriet Taylor Upton, and Mrs. Jean Brooks Greenleaf. The committee on southern work, formed for the purpose of holding conventions in capitals of southern states, consists of Rachael Foster Avery, chairman; Mrs. Jane H. Spofford, and Miss Alice Stone Blackwell. A fund for the southern campaign has already been started by a contribution from Mrs. Rachael Foster Avery of $1,000.

THE WHITE SQUADRON DRILL.

Many Prominent Public Men Will Be Present—Commences Thursday.

PENSACOLA, Fla., March 2.—[Special.]—Nothing definite can be learned as yet of the programme of the naval squadron. The Yorktown and Delphin are anchored in the bay. The Boston and Atlanta have not arrived yet, but are hourly expected.

Admiral Walker gives official notice that his fleet will be in the harbor open for inspection Thursday, Friday and Saturday.

Senator Cameron, of the senate naval committee, with Senators Gray and Butler, and possibly McPherson and Blackburn and Congressman Herbert will be present to visit the fleet. The secretary of the navy is expected and has promised to give his answer tomorrow. The fleet will certainly remain until Monday night, and Saturday and Monday may be designated as big days.

It is understood here that the Louisville and Nashville and possibly the Atlanta and West Point roads will sell reduced rate tickets to Pensacola during the drill from Atlanta.

The Gila Changed Its Course.

YUMA, Ariz., March 2.—The river has fallen to almost the level of the water before the last flood. News from the valleys say that everything is under water and much destruction to property resulted. Gila river changed its course in several places. At Gila City the railroad track was covered for miles by water ten feet deep. The statement is made that the stories of great loss of life here are untrue. One man is, so far, known to have been drowned. The death of others in the valley reported, but not yet confirmed.

SYMPTOMS OF POISONING.

Nashville Is Excited Over a Remarkable Series of Deaths.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., March 2.—[Special.]—Police and detectives are engaged in making a close investigation into the mysterious death of the little negro boy Ed Saunders.

Interest in the case was intensified today by the death of his grandmother, Bettie Saunders, and half brother, Ben Reeves. Evidences of poisoning have existed from the first, and a chemical analysis is now being made of the child's stomach. All the parties who were taken sick Saturday had been drinking sassafras tea made from water taken from a rain barrell.

The symptoms are of arsenic poisoning, but no clue to the poisoner has been obtained. The negroes of the neighborhood are greatly excited over the affair.

ILL TREATMENT OF ITALIANS.

The Italian Cause at Charleston Making Inquiries.

CHARLESTON, S. C., March 2—[Special.]—It is learned from the Italian consul here that Signor G. P. Diva, the Italian Consul General at New York, has written to Governor Tillman requesting him to investigate the charges made by Galano Marello of cruelty to the Italian laborers in the phosphate mines near this place. These charges were just pubished in The New York Sun and republished here. Signor Castellano, the consul here, states that he has received numerous complaints this winter about the treatment of the Italians at the mines. The mine owners deny the Marello statement entirely, and say they pay the men $1.50 a day and furnish them medical attendance and medicine free. There are nearly 1,600 Italians employed in the various phosphate mines near here. They are hired in New York by padrones, who furnish them to the mines under contract. They come here in the fall and return north in the spring. There can be no doubt that their treatment by somebody is very rough.

The Boys Will "Soldier."

SEATTLE, Wash., March 2.—Seattle Typographical Union has decided to abolish piece work on all daily papers and establish an eight-hour working day, with a minimum scale of $4 per day. Hereafter work will begin on morning papers at 7:30 o'clock p. m. The action of the union has been adopted by the proprietors.

JOHN H. HALL DYING.

The Great Capitalist Is Not Expected to Survive the Day.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—John H. Hall, the great New York railroad capitalist, is dying at the Mitchell house in this city.

It will be remembered that Mr. Hall came south with the Inman-Gould party, but that he was unable to attend the reception at Mr. Hugh Inman's residence, in Atlanta, on account of sickness. He came as far south as Thomasville, where he left the party, and has since been staying at the Mitchell house.

He is barely alive, and his physicians and the watchers at his bedside look for his death at any moment. There is no hope that he will live through the night.

Hr. Hall's malady is a liver complaint, which has long been considered incurable.

His sister, Miss Hall, of New York, arrived at noon today on a special train. On the last 100 miles of the run the special made the unusual fast time of ninety-six miles in 108 minutes with four stops.

Mr. Hall is one of New York's most prominent capitalists, and has a residence near Jay Gould's, at Tarrytown, N. Y., where the two have spent much of their time. He is a director in the Richmond Terminal Company, and president of the Georgia Central Company, the corporation that has controlled much of the stock of the Central Railroad and Banking Company. He has a reputation as a shrewd, sagacious business man, and his advice on momentous questions has been sought on numberless occasions.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

The Oyster Bill Passes the Senate—Business in the House.

RALEIGH, N. C., March 2.—[Special.]—The senate today passed on a final reading the oyster bill just as it came from the house. Efforts were made to get in an amendment allowing dredging in water over ten feet deep, but the feeling against dredging is overwhelming. The senate passed it on its third reading. The house bill incorporating the Norfolk, Wilmington and Charleston railway bill, making it a misdemeanor to receive over the legal rate of interest, was tabled in the senate.

The bill introduced in the house to charter the Farmers' railway through Franklin, Warren and Nash; and the Danville, Granite City and Western railway bill passed its final reading, incorporating the Asheville, Cranberry and Pulaski City railway. The bill providing for the orphans' court was tabled.

Bills were passed in the house repealing the act which prohibits the sale of merchantable oysters in the shell outside of the state; requiring waterworks companies to further thoroughly filter water, and to require dentists from other states to be examined before they can practice in North Carolina.

Work on the Southern Interstate Exposition building begins next Monday.

THE MISSISSIPPIANS REJOICE

On Account of the Passage of the Emergency Levee Bill.

GREENVILLE, Miss., March 2.—[Special.]—The news of the passage of the emergency levee bill in the United States senate today, was received here this evening with a feeling of much relief, in view of the impending high water, and will have a stimulating influence on the local levee board in the entire Mississippi valley below Memphis whose treasuries have been exhausted in repairing the ravages done by the floods of last year. Its effect will be felt by the planters and the laborers, and will encourage and give confidence to the latter class that will be of incalculable benefit to them in keeping their homes and preparing for another crop.

Purchased a Half Interest.

MONTGOMERY, Ala., March 2.—[Special.]—D. P. West, proprietor of the Exchange hotel, purchased today a half interest in the Windsor hotel building, paying $50,000. The other half is owned by capitalists living in Dunkirk, N. Y.

KILLED AT WEST END.

Jeff Saunders, a White Man, Ran Over by a Passenger Train.

Jeff Saunders, a white man, was killed by a West Point passenger train yesterday afternoon.

The tragedy occurred between West End and McPherson barracks.

Saunders had evidently been drinking. A bottle containing whisky was found in his coat pocket.

An inquested was held by the coroner and a verdict relieving the railroad company from blame was returned.

The accident came about in this way.

Saunders lived near Monroe station, in Clayton county.

He was walking along the railroad track toward East Point when the outgoing passenger train came up behind him. The engineer blew his whistle several times but Saunders paid no attention to it. He was walking along with his head bowed down on his chest.

The engineer thought he would step aside at every moment until the engine was so close to him that it could not be stopped before the man had been struck by the pilot.

The engine and tender passed entirely over Saunders. He was picked up from between the front and rear trucks of the mail car.

His head was severed from the body, and he was otherwise mangled.

Saunders' body was brought to Atlanta and delivered to Undertaker Patterson. It was some time before the dead man could be identified.

Saunders was about thirty years of age. He was married, but had been separated from his wife for quite a while.

He was generally considered of unsound mind, and had once been in the asylum.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Judge Head, at Jasper, Ala., has set aside the verdict rendered by the jury against the Kansas City, Memphis and Birmingham railroad for $44,500, for killing R. E. Sanders in a collision. A new trial has been ordered.

Quiet reglons at Iquique. Banks have been reopened and business is being resumed.

Brunswick, Ga.'s exports for February were valued at $13,530,700.

Dan Porter, murderer of Edwin D. Smith, broke jail at Quincy, Ill., and escaped.

News comes from Hong Kong that the American ship Vigilant, at that port from New York, lost six of her crew while on her outward passage.

Manuel Pulitz, one of the Sicilians charged with the murder of Chief Hennessey in New Orleans, it is said, has made a confession of the bloody deed

THE MILITARY MUDDLE.

THE INDIGNATION GROWS AS THE MATTER IS DISCUSSED.

The Governor Interested for Fair Play—A Card from Captain Forbes—A Talk With Captain J. J. Seay.

The military advisory board sensation was all the talk yesterday.

And there were many expressions of disapprobation of what a majority of the board had done

So pronounced is this sentiment that the governor has been moved to take action.

His influence will be against the consummation of such an agreement, and in the interest of fair play.

Protests are to be submitted from every other applicant for the site. They say they were not treated fairly, and they demand a reconsideration.

There were important developments yesterday. Serious charges, of a personal character, were made openly, as well as more general criticisms upon the board's method of disposing of the matter.

The Board's Side.

"I am satisfied," said a gentleman yesterday—and he knew what he was talking about—"that if the board had their decision to make now, they would never dispose of the case as they did.

"While that is true, that there is plenty of room for kicking against their decision, it must be remembered that they are all gentlemen of integrity and honor, and were working honestly for the good of the state. They did not deliberately discriminate in favor of Macon; and no undue advantage of any sort was taken. I cannot state just now what was done in the meeting—further than THE CONSTITUTION stated this morning—but will illustrate the situation.

"In view of the fact that the encampment is to be a permanent affair—not merely for a year or two, or for a few years—it was agreed, first, that the site should be selected for its natural advantages, regardless of the money offer. The idea was that this being a perpetual contract, it would be short-sighted policy to sacrifice natural advantages for money, which would soon be expended.

"It was also agreed—before any site had been selected—that when the location had been chosen for its natural advantages the offer of the site should then be tendered conditional upon that place making its money offer equal to the best money offer made.

"Remember, I am not stating what was actually done, but merely illustrating.

"Now, the site having been selected, the offer was made, conditionally, to Macon.

"This was not discriminating against any other place; for it was expressly understood that this offer was to be made, no matter which place should be selected.

"From this illustration it can be seen how the offer could be made, as it was, and yet Macon given no advantage—at least, not intentionally.

"But, of course, that plan really takes all competition out of the matter, and gave only Macon a chance. It did no good for other places to bid, for they never had any chance.

"What I want to say is that the board has not intentionally done any wrong. They have not disposed of the matter wisely nor well, but when all the facts are published these gentlemen will be readily and completely exonerated of any intentional discrimination or injustice."

The Kick Begins.

The first official protest was from Rome. At a meeting held there yesterday three of the bidders were represented, and after discussing the matter, the following notice was agreed upon and sent to the adjutant general by telegraph:

ROME, Ga., March 2.—Colonel John McIntosh Kell, Adjutant General State of Georgia, Atlanta: Rome, Chickamauga and Tallulah will protest against the method by which the military encampment has been given to Macon. Please hold up decision until protest can be filed.

This was signed by Captain John J. Seay, president of the board of trade of Rome and a member of the house finance committee in the legislature, and Mr. Sam Parrott, representing the Chickamauga Land Company.

All Invited to Kick.

Invitations were then wired to the other places that had submitted bids to be send representatives to Atlanta for a meeting here today.

Rome's delegation, including Mayor A. W. Walton, Captain Seay, Editor A. I. Branham, of The Tribune, and others, arrived yesterday evening.

Three other bidders were represented, informally, by delegations last night at the Kimball.

They are to hold a meeting this forenoon, and the formal protest will be drawn and presented.

Captain Seay Talks.

"It should be stated, in fairness to all parties," said Captain Seay, last night, "that we are not attacking the board, nor are we kicking against Macon.

"What we protest against is the method adopted by the board.

Their proposition to Macon allows that city to make a supplemental bid.

"All the bids were submitted with the understanding that nothing of this sort would be allowed.

"Now, the site should be decided definitely and unconditionally upon the bids already submitted. That's what the board said it would do.

"But if this is not done, and the board thinks it can get better terms for the asking, then let all the places bid again. Throw down the fences and give us all an equal chance.

"We protest, then, simply against the method adopted. It was unfair. Select a site from the bids already before the board, or give us all the same chance to supplement our bids. That's what we ask for, and I believe we'll get it."

The Governor Interested.

The governor sent for Adjutant General Kell yesterday afternoon, but that officer had just left for home.

The governor, it is understood, wanted an informal consultation upon the subject of the encampment location.

Later the governor was found at his office, and by a mere coincidence he was found engaged in studying the law about the advisory board.

He was asked what he intended doing, if anything, about the advisory board sensation.

"I have nothing to do with it," he said, "in an official way. The law authorizes me generally to consult and advise with the board in matters of this sort, but I have really no authority in the matter. I cannot say anything now for publication."

"Will—"

"No," said the governor, "not a word for publication."

"It is understood from others that talked to the governor, however, that in conversation not intended for publication, he was outspoken in his disapprobation of what the board had done.

Governor Northen was one of the leading advocates of the big military appropriation. He urged the need of a large and well-disciplined militia, and the corresponding necessity for a liberal appropriation.

The aid he extended the advocates of the bill was valuable, and everybody recognized it.

Feeling as he does, a deep interest in the welfare of the militia, he is naturally apprehensive that the action of the board was unfortunate, and would hurt the encampment.

He cannot be quoted, however, as he insisted that he could act only as a private citizen, in the way of consulting and advising, and that he was not sufficiently well acquainted with the facts to warrant his saying anything for publication yet.

They Called on the Governor.

Colonel Tom Lyons and Captain Seay called upon the governor last night.

Nothing was given out as to the nature or result of the conference.

It can only be surmised that the encampment matter came up for a prominent share of the discussion.

Colonel Lyons, as well as Captain Seay, will take part today in framing a solemn protest against the action of the board, and what they said to the governor, and what the governor said to them, may be brought out at that meeting.

Captain Forbes's Card.

Below is given a card from Captain Geo. B. Forbes, member of the board.

EDITOR CONSTITUTION: All criticisms of men in public position are proper, but one should be sure he had the facts correctly stated. In my position as a member of the advisory board, I am barred by an order of the board from giving out certain information, even what you have secured from some other member of the board, who certainly must have forgotten what he agreed to; right or wrong, this was done and I propose to stand by it, and in this article give no new information, but simply answer inaccuracies and try to place the board right before the public.

1. I desire to state that the bid of Macon was not allowed to be amended before the site was selected, but after the site was selected, conditions were added, which, if Macon agrees to it, will be the place of the encampment. If she does not accept them, the board will have to call for new bids. I was ready to increase the bid of LaGrange double her original bid, but the board would not entertain it. I claim that if the board selected a site and wanted to improve, increase or otherwise place conditions, they had the right to do so, because they were looking to the good of the service. What the conditions are, I feel I cannot now divulge, as I stated to your Mr. Glenn Waters, Saturday night, the only information I could give him was that "Macon was selected upon conditions."

I propose to say no more in this article. While I was opposed to the action of the board in this respect, I will abide by it. I was in favor of publishing all the bids and what the "mysterious conditions" were, as I do not like to do anything in the dark or keep matters of public interest from the public.

As regards the action of the two members of the board from Macon and their work on the inside, I refute as a slander upon the board and an injustice to two of the most earnest men for the good of the military in the state. It is uncalled for and unwarranted. As regards my own position, as it seems I am the only man on the board criticised personally, I simply wish to say, I did what I thought was right. Why I should be selected I can readily understand, and when the proper time comes the public will know. From what member of the board you received your information I do not ask and do not care, but will say, if I were the man I would offer my resignation as such at once and quit. Respectfully,

GEORGE B. FORBES,

Macon Is Jubilant.

MACON, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—Macon's original bid for the permanent military encampment was $5,000 cash and twenty-five acres of land. The conditions imposed by the advisory board on Macon in order to obtain the encampment are $10,000 cash and seventy-five acres of land. Macon will readily meet the requirements and be the place for the permanent encampment.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road starts the ball rollling by subscribing $1,000 to the encampment fund. This action is greatly appreciated by the Macon people. Mr I. B. English, the well-known cotton warehouse man, telegraphed to Vice President Fink, asking him if the East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railway wouldn't give a subscription, and Mr. Fink telegraphed back today saying his company would subscribe $1,000.

The article in today's CONSTITUTION under the caption, "A Great Big Kick," over the military advisory board's action on the encampment, in which interviews and expressions are given from several persons, has excited considerable comment here, as being unjust to the military advisory board.

The Evening News today furnishes some valuable information about an important resolution that was passed by the board at its meeting Saturday night, and gives the exact ballots. It notices the inaccuracies contained in the statements of certain parties published in THE CONSTITUTION, and makes corrections as follows:

1. Captain Seay, of Rome, should keep his shirt on and not be so indignant, for his city did not receive a vote on any ballot. Rome wasn't in it. It is stated in THE CONSTITUTION's article that, in addition to a site, Rome offered a building worth $12,000. But the article didn't state that one of the requirements of the bid was that the state should pay Rome $5,000 for the building.

2. Neither Captain Gilbert nor Captain Clark filed any written protest.

3. There was no discussion against locating the encampment at a city, and there was no general understanding that the board was opposed to locating the encampment in or near any of the big cities of the state. It was not this "understanding" which prevented Augusta and Atlanta from making bids. But, on the contrary, Augusta said she did not wish the encampment, and Atlanta simply waivered its claims in behalf of some of her rich citizens who have large investments at Salt Springs. Salt Springs was a bidder and didn't get a vote. Captain Forbes, of Atlanta, voted for LaGrange, his old home, on the first three ballots, and then voted for Macon on the fourth, fifth and sixth ballots. Captain Gilbert didn't say at the meeting of the board that if a city was selected his company should not go into camp. Captain Gilbert well knows that if his company declines to enter the encampment, it will be disbanded and retired from the service.

4. The vote was as follows: First ballot: Chickamauga, 3, to-wit: Gilbert, Clark and Kell. Macon, 2, to-wit: Wiley and Sims. Griffin, 2, to-wit: Mercer and Garrard. LaGrange, 2, to-wit: Forbes and Jones. Second ballot was the same as the first, excepting that Kell went from Chickamauga to Griffin, which gave Griffin three votes. The third ballot was the same as the second. The fourth ballot was: Chickamauga, 2; Macon, 3; Griffin, 3; LaGrange, 1. On this ballot Forbes, of Atlanta, went from LaGrange to Macon. On the fifth ballot LaGrange, according to the rule adopted, was dropped, because she had received the lowest vote. The fifth ballot: Chickamauga, 2; Macon, 4; Griffin, 3. Jones, of Washington, went to Macon on this ballot, which made her vote 4. On the sixth ballot Chickamauga was dropped, according to the rule, and Gilbert, of Columbus, and Clark, of Augusta, who had been voting for Chickamauga, refused to vote for either Macon or Griffin. The sixth and last ballot resulted: Macon 4, towit: Wiley, Sims, Forbes and Jones. Griffin 3, towit: Garrard and Mercer, of Savannah, and Kell, of Sunnyside, which is practically Griffin. So Macon won on the sixth ballot, fair and square, despite the howling of the howlers. There was nothing said about compromising or conceding.

5. Macon is required to give $10,000 cash and seventy-five acres of land.

6. Macon has been granted no privilege that has not been accorded to all bidders. The action of the board in allowing her to supplement her bid, imposing a condition on her, was based on the following resolution which was passed before any ballots were taken or any site selected:

"Resolved, That no site be selected that is not desirable from a military standpoint, irrespective of the bids made, and that no city be allowed to amend their bids, but when a site has been selected the advisory board must name its terms as to acreage and cash consideration, and allow the accepted site to either accept or decline the proposition."

Macon accepts the proposition on conditions of the board.

7. The encampment was not promised north Georgia by the legislature. The writer of this is a member of the finance and appropriation committee, and the military committee of the house of representatives, and he has no knowledge of such a promise being given on the part of the committees. He and other representatives made speeches in the house favoring the encampment and not one single word was said that promised or obligated the encampment to any particular section, as far as he is aware.

Comment from Griffin.

GRIFFIN, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—THE CONSTITUTION's article giving the details of the action of the advisory board were generally commented on—unfavorably—today.

Like the other cities making bids, our citizens feel that great injustice has been done them by allowing Macon to supplement its original bid without giving competitors an equal showing. An effort by Griffin was made to increase her bid, during the visit of the board, by increasing the area of ground offered, but from the notice THE CONSTITUTION gives of the bids, this privilege was denied us. Griffin wished to raise her land bid from twenty-five to 140 acres of land. And, too, our money bid was $3,300 cash, instead of $2,750, as published this morning. THE CONSTITUTION interviewed quite a number of citizens as to their feelings in regard to the board's actions, and the universal reply was that of condemnation.

Adjutant Kell was in the city today, and from him it was learned that Griffin's lowest vote was three, her highest four. Further, that the matter of Macon getting it was by no means assured. Griffin's hopes are lower now than they were Saturday, but by no means has hope been entirely abandoned.

Putnam County Fair.

EATONTON, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—The Putnam County Fair Association is beginning already to make some preparations for the fair to be held in Eatonton this fall. The board of directors met at the courthouse on Tuesday and elected new officers for the year. The Georgia Trotting Horse Breeders Association will hold their first races at Eatonton, in October, at the fourth annual fair.

Convenient Railroad Schedule.

EATONTON, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—The Middle Georgia and Atlanta railroad is making convenient schedules under the management of Judge Leverette. Connections are made at Machen with trains to Augusta, Atlanta, Macon and Savannah, and travel has increased rapidly since these connections are being made.

His House Destroyed.

EATONTON, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—Jake Crawford, colored, living on the plantation of E. G. Hudson, near Eatonton, had his house and entire contents consumed by fire on Friday night last. The family barely escaped with their lives.

THE DAY IN AUGUSTA.

THE ELECTRIC CITY ALSO ELECTS A POLICE COMMISSIONER.

Several Important Acts of the Council—The Reunion of Hampton's Brigade—A Big Real Estate Boom.

AUGUSTA, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—At the regular meeting of the city council tonight the deadlock in the election of police commissioner, that has been on since the last day of December, was broken. It was a victory for the reformers, who elected their candidate, Dr. James M. Hull. Mr. S. A. Hemphill, who was a candidate for re-election, withdrew from the race before the first ballot was taken tonight, and Dr. Hull was unanimously elected.

The selection is most acceptable to the people, for no better man could be found for the position.

The council authorized the issue or $105,000 4½ per cent city of Augusta bonds for payment or redemption of bonds that will fall due in May, 1891, that were issued for the completion of the enlargement of the canal.

The bonds will run twenty years, and will be non-taxable with interest payable semi-annually.

A resolution was adopted instructing the city attorney to notify the railroads that, unless they begin on the required repairs of Washington street within thirty days, the city will be forced to enforce its rights in courts.

A resolution was adopted requiring the city treasurer to pay all city employes all money due them by the city monthly, and that no deductions be made therefrom, except for cash advanced by the treasurer.

The matter of paving streets with vitrified brick is taking shape. A number of citizens owning the requisite one-third frontage of several squares on Broad and Green streets petitioned the council to have those streets paved, they agreeing to pay one-half of the cost, the city paying the other half. The council referred the petitions to the streets and drains committee to report an ordinance in conformity with the petition. An ordinance was introduced restricting the mayor's pardoning power. It requires the mayor to make a monthly report to the council of pardons, of fines remitted in each case, name of such party he pardons and the cause for using executive clemency. The chief of police is required to commit each prisoner, only to be released from imprisonment by order of the mayor, he giving the reason for commuting the sentence.

A Woman Badly Burned.

The fire department was called out by an alarm at 5 o'clock this afternoon. Sallie Moore, a negro woman living in Stinson's alley, got drunk. In making a fire her dress got caught in a blaze, and an alarm was sounded. The fire was put out by pouring several buckets of water upon the negress before the department arrived, but not before Sallie was painfully burned about the body and had her clothes torn from her.

A Big Real Estate Deal.

A big real estate deal was consummated in Augusta this afternoon. A syndicate composed of Messrs. Patrick Walsh, W. A. Latimer, Clarence Clark, Albert Gardner, W. T. Wheeless, William G. Rogers, Z. W. Carwile, Jr., purchased Fairmount, a valuable tract of land of 100 acres, five miles from Augusta, on the line of the Georgia railroad, which promises to be one of Augusta's most desirable suburbs. The price paid for Fairmount is not given out. The syndicate will form a company, make application for a charter in a few days to develop Fairmount. They will improve it by building a number of handsome suburban houses.

Hampton's Brigade.

The confederate survivors met tonight and a committee of arrangements for the reunion of Hampton's brigade in Augusta on Memorial Day was appointed and will go to work at once. The survivors decided to invite every survivor of Hampton's brigade to unite in the reunion as their guests. It was also determined to invite General Wheeler, General Fitzhugh Lee, General Joe Johnston and other confederate officers; also Mrs. General Jackson, Mrs. Jefferson Davis and Miss Winnie Davis, to be present and join in the celebration of the great occasion. It looks as though the review, together with Memorial Day, will be a great and eventful day in Augusta this year.

News received from New York tonight is to the effect that the Augusta and West Florida railroad will be built. Every necessary arrangement for the completion of the road is reported consummated, and work will be recommenced next week.

An Accidental Shooting.

Mr. F. O. Headen, of Gainesville, Ga., night Southern Express messenger, who runs between Augusta and Atlanta, on the Georgia road, was accidentally shot at 10:30 o'clock tonight by Mr. Tom Butler, assistant night clerk in the Southern Express office.

Headen had gotten everything ready to leave the office to catch his train except a way bill, which Mr. Butler had in the press, taking a copy. While the duplicate was being taken, Butler playfully reached over the counter, caught Headen back of the neck and drew him towards him. Headen in fun told Butler to turn loose. Butler grabbed his self-acting pistol in the desk near by, threw open the chamber and thought he threw all five cartridges out, but one remained in the cylinder, and Butler closed the barrel and snapped the pistol, which accidentally went off. The bullet entered Headen's upper lip, lodged underneath in the fleshy parts behind the right lower jaw. The doctors consider Headen seriously but not necessarily dangerously wounded. Butler is greatly distressed over the accident and deeply regrets it.

IN A RECEIVER'S HAND.

The Macon Street Railway Will Be Sold at Public Sale.

MACON, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—The Macon Street railway has at last been brought into the courts. It is a remarkable coincidence that George F. Work, the owner of the Macon Street railway, should have been found guilty of rehypothecation of securities and put in jail, at Philadelphia, just one day before the debt fell due on which action for the appointment of a receiver of his road was taken. Work's trial in Philadelphia ended on last Friday and on the following day a claim of $67,000 held against him by the Thomson-Houston Electric Company fell due and was unpaid.

Today the Thomson-Houston Company through its attorneys, Bacon & Rutherford, presented a petition to Judge Miller, of Bibb superior court, asking for the appointment of a receiver for the railway. Judge Miller appointed as temporary receiver, Major E. E Winters, who has been general manager of the road some time. The hearing on the bill will be held March 13th. Mr. Claud Estes will file the answer of the railway company. The road will, doubtless, be sold at receiver's sale at an early day.

CHEERING WORDS FROM SPARKS.

He Has Sold $1,000,000 of the Bonds of the Georgia Southern.

MACON, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—A dispatch was received today from President W. B. Sparks, that he has sold $1,000,000 of Georgia Southern bonds, and he directed Treasurer Jewett to draw on him for $100,000 to meet any present needs at Macon.

Macon Gas Light Company.

MACON, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—At a meeting this afternoon of the Macon Gas Light and Water Company, A. E. Boardman was elected president; W. A. Jeter, vice president; J. W. Wilcox, superintendent; directors, A. E. Boardman, W. A Jeter, John Baxter, L. Henry and A. D. Schofiled

Gossip.

MACON, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—Mr. S. F. Bowen and family, of Macon, have moved to Brunswick to live.

Miss Minnie Hatch has returned home after a pleasant visit to Chicago.

Postmaster R. D. Locke and his sister. Mrs. Lewis, and niece, Miss Baskin, have returned from Florida.

Mr. R. E. Armstrong, a well-known cotton planter, of Vicksburg, is in the city.

Miss Charlton, of Savannah, is visiting friends in Macon.

Messrs. Sam C. Hoge, George Beggs, James B. Hall and William McKay, Jr., have been elected elders in the First Presbyterian church.

In the court of ordinary today the will of the late Judge John S. Schofield was probated in solemn form. A. D. and John S. Schofield are executors. Temporary letters of administration were granted to T. J. Coarsey on the estate of Ann Coarsey. R. D. Clancey applied for letters of administration on the estate of R. I. Little.

In the superior court today the case of Isaiah Jackson vs. East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia railroad was dismissed.

BLOW OPEN THE SAFE

And Only Secured One Dollar in Cash.

ALBANY, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—A safe in the office of Cruger & Pace, in this city, was blown open this morning about 2 o'clock by cracksmen and rifled of its contents, consisting of land deeds and some other important papers and $1.05 in cash.

Another safe in the office was also drilled into, but was not exploded. The thieves also broke the locks of every desk and cabinet drawer in the building in their search for cash. The explosive used was giant powder, a pound of which was left in the building, together with a chisel, an auger brace and a piece of fuse used in exploding the safe. The sound of the explosion was deadened by covering the safe with heavy buggy robes saturated with water. The explosion was only heard by the night watch, who, being somewhat deaf and some distance from the disturbance, paid little attention to it.

There is no clue to the perpetrators of the deed other than those mentioned, but a detective has been placed in charge of the case, and possibly the bold offenders may be run down.

THE SNYDER CASE.

A Texan Trial in Which Georgians Will Be Interested.

ROME, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—Saturday morning Captain C. Rowell, one of the most prominent attorneys of the Rome bar and brother-in-law to Mrs. George H. Snyder, deceased, who was shot by her husband, left for San Marcus, Tex. Captain Rowell goes to attend the trial of George H. Snyder. The circuit court convenes on the first Monday in March.

Messrs. Brown & Kone, counsel for the prosecution at San Marcus, informed Captain Rowell that Snyder would plead insanity. From the evidence that will be adduced the attorneys for the prosecution say the plea of the defendant will not stand.

Captain Rowell was accompanied by George and Clifford Snyder, the two younger sons of Snyder. They will be witnesses in the case. The prosecution will be vigorous.

WITH A BLACKGUM CLUB.

Thomas Wilson Killed Minstrel Keel—A Tragedy in Glynn County.

BRUNSWICK, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—This morning at 9 o'clock a mule ridden by a negro man in heavy chains was seen passing through the streets of Brunswick. Beside the mule walked a negro constable from the twenty-seventh district. The man on the mule was another Glynn county murderer. Yesterday at the home of J. B. Passwell, near Fancy Bluff, this man, named Thomas Wilson, killed Munstrat Keel with a black gum club. The men were intimate friends and roommates. They were talking when Keel called Wilson a coward. Wilson disputed the assertion. Keel entered his room near by for an ax, so Wilson says, and attempted to cut him in the head. Before he did this, however, Wilson got in his work with the pole. He was arrested and brought here.

A Colored Jack the Ripper.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—Early this morning, Rena Kitchen's neck was cut from ear to ear by her jealous husband. The parties are negroes. The man lived at Drayton, S. C. His wife came to this city through fear of him, as he had threatened to kill her, and boasted of having cut another wife's throat. Kitchen escaped. He is believed to be at Bert Yorea's who murdered his wife here in November, 1889 and who is credited with having, prior to that, disposed of another woman in the same way.

Shooting Scrape in Savannah.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—In a shooting scrape tonight on Barnard street, growing out of a drunken quarrel, Fred Coates, a white man, was shot in the left arm, and Robert Jones, colored, in the leg. A. Hermes, a spectator, received a flesh wound in the body, and several other persons had narrow escapes from the flying bullets.

A Macon and Atlantic Mortgage.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—The Macon and Atlantic Railway Company filed a mortgage in the Chatham superior court clerk's office today for $4,000,000 in favor of the New York Security and Trust Company. The mortgage is to secure the payment of the 5 per cent gold bonds of the road bought by the security company.

Terrell County Alliance Warehouse.

DAWSON, Ga. March 2.—[Special.]—At a meeting today of the directors of the Terrell County Alliance warehouse and store, E. T. Kennedy was elected president, instead of John McCarthy, deceased.

The Fruit Is All Right.

SAVANNAH, Ga., March 2.—[Special.]—Senator P. W. Williams, of Ellabell, stated today that the fruit crop of Bryan county does not appear to have been killed by the cold snap of last week.

Coughs and Hoarseness—The irritation which induces coughing immediately relieved by use of "*Brown's Bronchial Troches.*" Sold only in boxes.

PURE.....SOLUBLE.....CHEAP.

Rich. Digestible. Stimulating. Nourishing.

Having a peculiarly delicious flavor—a food and drink combined—at a half cent a cup and *fit for a prince.*

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"BEST & GOES FARTHEST."

☞ VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA ("once tried, always used") was invented and patented and is made in Holland. It is acknowledged by the most eminent doctors and analysts that by the special treatment VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA has undergone, the solubility of the flesh-forming constituents is increased fifty per cent., while the whole of the fibres are softened and rendered more palatable and digestible. "Largest sale in the world." Ask for VAN HOUTEN'S and take no other. 57

Purify Your Blood

When spring approaches, it is very important that the blood should be purified, as at this season impurities which have been accumulating for months or even years, are liable to manifest themselves and seriously affect the health. Hood's Sarsaparilla is undoubtedly the best blood purifier. It expels every taint, drives out scrofulous humors, and gives to the blood the quality and tone essential to good health.

"For five years I was sick every spring, but last year began in February to take

Hood's Sarsaparilla

I used five bottles and have not seen a sick day since." G. W. SLOAN, Milton, Mass.

"Hood's Sarsaparilla purified my blood, gave me strength, and overcame the headache and dizziness, so that I am able to work again. I recommend Hood's Sarsaparilla to others whose blood is thin or impure, and who feel worn out or run down." LUTHER NASON, Lowell, Mass.

"I take Hood's Sarsaparilla every year as a spring tonic, with most satisfactory results." C. PARMELEE, 349 Bridge street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

"I think Hood's Sarsaparilla is just the medicine for women, or anyone who has bad blood." JENNIE E. SMITH, East Broad Top, Pa.

It is true economy to buy Hood's Sarsaparilla for "100 Doses One Dollar" is original with and true only of this popular medicine. If you wish to prove this, buy a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla and measure its contents. You will find it to hold 100 teaspoonfuls. Now read the directions and you will find that the average dose for persons of different ages is less than a teaspoonful. This is certainly conclusive evidence of the peculiar strength and economy of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Give it a trial this spring.

Purifies the Blood

"My little boy, for whom I procured Hood's Sarsaparilla, was so badly afflicted with scrofula that the while top of his head was one complete mass of matter. I doctored with him 2 years and found no relief, and then I heard of Hood's Sarsaparilla. I gave him one bottle, and there was a most wonderful improvement. I then got one bottle more and that cured him completely. I would not be without Hood's Sarsaparilla in the house. I give it to my children for a spring medicine." MRS. D. LEROY, 1641 Hogan street, St. Louis, Mo.

N. B. If you decide to take Hood's Sarsaparilla do not be induced to buy any other.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

Sold by all druggists. $1; six for $5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 Murray Street, N. Y.



Said a critical tramp, "I would say
Crusts of bread often come in my way,
But they're tough now no more
Where the Wire Gauze Door
Gives the air in the oven full play."

IF YOU WANT THE BEST

Buy the CHARTER OAK,

With Wire Gauze Oven Doors.

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36 and 38 Peachtree Street

ATLANTA, GA.

WANTED 1,000 PEOPLE TO TAKE FREE TREATMENT



Carbolic SMOKE BALL REMEDY CURES La Grippe, Catarrh, Bronchitis, COLDS.

Carbolic SMOKE BALL REMEDY CURES Asthma Neuralgia Deafness CROUP.

"See, grandma, this is the much-talked of 'Carbolic Smoke Ball.' It cured me of cold and croup. It cured mamma of neuralgia, and now I know it will relieve your poor head. Will you try it?"

HEADACHE FOR THREE MONTHS

I have been using the Carbolic Smoke Ball treatment for cold and catarrh, and I find it has done me much good. I had a severe headache for three months, and tried several physicians and could get no relief. I am glad to say I have not had a touch of headache for two weeks. I think the Smoke Ball a great remedy. E. B. STANLEY, Supt. Money Dept. Postoffice.

ONE WEEK'S FREE TREATMENT.

PRICE OF TREATMENT, $1.50. Office—41, 42, 43 Traders' Bank (take elevator), 10 Decatur street. Our 16-page pamphlet sent free on application. The remedy can also be had at Jacobs' Pharmacy.

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Stocks, Bonds and Loans

14 West Alabama Street.



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Hits the nail on the head—one of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. They do the right thing in the right way. They cleanse and regulate the liver, stomach and bowels—thoroughly and effectively, but mildly and gently. They persuade, rather than force. One tiny, sugar-coated Pellet's a gentle laxative; three to four act as a cathartic. They're the smallest, but the best. There's less to take, but there's more good in it, when it's taken. They're the original Little Liver Pill, and they've never been equaled. Sick Headache, Bilious Headache, Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, and all derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels, are prevented, relieved, and cured.

They're the *cheapest* pill you can buy, because they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction, or your money is returned.

OPIUM Morphine Habit cured in 10 to 20 days. Never still cured. DR. J. STEPHENS, Lebanon, O.

KIRK'S AMERICAN FAMILY SOAP

BEST FOR GENERAL HOUSEHOLD USE.

feb11—d3m n r m

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Liniment is a universal panacea and its merits are known in almost every household in Atlanta.

Minard's has won its way by sterling merit, endorsed by a quarter of a century of sale and use from the shores of Newfoundland to the Gulf of Mexico. It has no equal in the cure of Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Lumbago, Facache, Cramps, Swelling of the Joints, Stiffness of the Limbs, and all similar complaints. It is

THE KING OF PAIN

and is equally efficient for man or beast. All dealers. 25 cents.

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LAIRD AND GRAMLING

THE ATLANTA NEW POLICE COMMISSIONERS.

The Election a Tame One—The Whisky Question Discussed at Length—A Purchasing Agent Created.

Mr. William Laird
And Mr. W. S. Gramling.

Atlanta's new police commissioners they are. Their election was the quietest, tamest piece of work the council has done in years.

There was no fun in it.

Neither was there any opposition to it.

It was just 3 o'clock when Mayor Pro Tem. Middlebrooks called the general council to order.

Every member was present except Mr. Hendrix, Mr. Kinyon and Mr. Murphy.

Mr. Hendrix's absence was anticipated and understood.

Mr. Kinyon's vacant chair caused many a nervous glance towards the first ward corner.

Mr. Murphy's absence could not be understood.

Both gentlemen, however, were in their chairs before the election was taken up.

Then, too, the chamber was well filled with spectators.

Mr. Green T. Dood was present, so were Mr. Frank Small, Mr. F. M. Richardson, Rev. Mr. McCreary, Mr. W. J. Albert, Mr. Anthony Murphey, Mr. Frank Lester, Mr. Henry Kuhrt, Mr. Amos Baker.

And, by actual count, fourteen policemen.

Mayor Hemphill entered the chamber after some work had been disposed of, and Mr. Woodward arose, saying:

"I notice the mayor has arrived so I move that the rules be suspended and that we proceed with the election of two police commissioners."

Instantly the anxious audience became all attention.

The motion prevailed and Mayor Pro Tem. Middlebrooks vacated the chair, taking his place in the aldermanic board.

Mayor Hemphill dropped his gavel, remarking:

"Gentlemen, how will you proceed with this election?"

"I move we elect them both at the same time," said Mr. Woodward. "In that way we will get through quicker."

A broad smile was generally indulged in by those in the secret.

The motion prevailed, and the mayor asked for nominations.

For a moment, the silence was so intense that a pin dropped upon the brussels carpet would have made a noise.

Slowly but gracefully Mr. McBride uncoiled himself and said.

"I nominate as police commissioner from the second ward Mr. Willam Laird."

Then he sat down.

Instantly Mr. Murphey was upon his feet.

"I nominate from the fourth ward" said he, "Mr. W. S. Gramling."

Mr. Murphy was quite red in the face as he spoke.

It was his maiden speech.

The mayor waited for other nominations. The silence was oppressive.

"Let the clerk call the roll," said the mayor, breaking that silence.

"Mr. Hutchison," said the clerk.

"Laird and Gramling," was the reply.

And the reply was the same from every member until the clerk reached Mr. Hulsey.

That gentleman broke away from the caucus by saying:

"Gramling and Laird,"

The change was refreshing, and it produced a hearty laugh.

"The roll call shows," said Mayor Hemphill, as the clerk handed up the sheet, "that Mr. Laird and Mr. Gramling have received sixteen votes and Mr. Gramling and Mr. Laird one vote. They have both been unanimously elected police commissioners."

Instantly the crowd went away, Mayor Hemphill retired from the chair, and the body got down to work.

At Hard Work.

A big batch of petitions were presented, read and referred to the appropriate committees.

The Atlanta Gas Light Company asked to be relieved of $3,000 taxes against them because of an old contract the company has with the city.

The apportionments unexpended were shown by the finance committee to be $1,278,412.40, and the warrants drawn since last session to be $16,051.13.

Dr. Turner, chairman of the bridge committee, stated that the repairs on Broad street bridge were nearly completed.

Building New Houses.

Building permits were asked by: Fischer Bros., 158 Whitehall; D. E. Williams, Marietta; Ike Cohen, 60 Decatur, and C. W. Morris, 71 South Butler, and the petitions went to the fire department committee.

Building permits were granted to McHenry and Graff, Loyd street; J. H. Van Stavoren, 91 Decatur street; G. W. Whitfield & Co., 113 Whitehall street; E. B. Mayo, 51 Garnett street; Piedmont Manufacturing and Packing Company, 446 Decatur street; H. L. Howell, Edgewood and Boulevard; George Muse & Co., 38 Whitehall street, and Austin & Boylston, corner Hunter and Butler streets.

The Liquor Question Up.

The police committee, Mr. King, chairman, reported favorably on the application of C. P. Johnson for wholesale liquor license at 27 East Alabama street.

Favorably on petition of G. D. Hamilton for beer license at 298 Decatur street.

"I desire," said Mr. Reinhardt, "to have that petition recommitted. Hamilton's place is too far out."

"We investigated the matter carefully," said Mr. King, "and found no objections."

"Who owns that building?" asked Mr. Hulsey.

"Mr. Faith," answered Mr. King.

"I desire to say," said Mr. Hulsey, "just what I have said before. If there is a place on Decatur street where a barroom would not be objectionable, it is that place."

The paper was recommitted.

"This," said Mr. King, "is the petition of W. J. Wallace to transfer his liquor license at 52 Peachtree to his brother, and we make a favorable report."

"I'm opposed to that," said Mr. Reinhardt. "That dive is in the Powell building and it is a disgrace to any locality."

"If there's a bar in Atlanta," said Mr. Rice, "that should be abolished, it's that one. Negroes, and drunken ones, too, are swarming in and out of there all the time."

"I think I should be opposed to granting that license, if it was a new one, too," said Mr. King, "but this is a transfer from Mr Wallace to hi brother. The license was granted for the year, and the license fee has been paid to the last of this quarter."

"I think Mr. King is right," said Mr. Hulsey. "It seems to be only a question as to which brother runs it, as one of them now has a license."

"I tell you," said Mr. Reinhardt, "that that saloon is a disgrace."

"I think Mr. Hulsey is right," said Mr. Woodward, "and I agree with him."

"I pass there quite often," said Mr. Turner, "and it always presents an ugly appearance to me with its swarm of drunken negroes."

"But may we not make a good trade when we let the brothers change?" said Mr. Reinhardt. "May we not be getting a better man, one who will run a more decent place?"

"Tinker with the devil and you'll get burnt," said Mr. Reinhardt.

Mr. Hutchison asked when the license had been paid to.

The clerk said to the end of the present quarter.

"Then I move," said Mr. Hutchison, "that we leave it as it is until the end of the quarter and then cancel the license."

Mr. Woodward asked the city attorney if that could be done.

Mr. Goodwin answered that it could.

"I move further," said Mr. Hutchison, "that the clerk is now instructed not to receive any money from Mr. Wallace for the next quarter."

Mr. Hulsey opposed the motion.

Mr. Rice condemned the saloon in the severest manner.

On Mr. Hutchison's motion to amend the ayes and nays were asked for, and the call resulted:

Ayes—Hutchison, Reinhardt, Shropshire, Rice, Kenyon, Tye, Sawtell, Murphy, Turner, King, Holbrook—11.

Nays—Woodward, Hulsey, Broyles, Lambert—5.

Mr. King then offered to amend the action by including E. E. Smith's saloon, the next door.

"I'm opposed to that," said Mr. Woodward. "One man comes here with a petition to transfer his license. You not only refuse to do that, but make him shut up. You go still further and shut up the man next door."

Mr. Hulsey was with Mr. Woodward.

"I am for the amended report," said Mr. Shropshire," and I would like to see them both wiped out."

Mr. McBride opposed the amendment and wanted to have a careful investigation.

"Let us," he said, "be temperate in our temperance."

"Yes, we'll wait on this investigation," said Mr. Reinhardt, "until the man comes in and pays his license to July."

"If the clerk should accept it," said Mr. Woodward, "after this discussion, he ought to be fired out of his office in two minutes."

Mr. Turner favored a reference.

On the amended motion to refuse a license to both after the present quarter, Mr. Reinhardt again asked for the ayes and nays.

The roll call gave the same result—11 ayes to 5 nays—and the votes were the same as on the other ballot.

That Purchasing Agent.

"I have an ordinance I desire read," said Mr. Rice.

The ordinance was:

Section 1. Be it ordained by the mayor and general council of the city of Atlanta, that the office of purchasing agent for the city is hereby created.

Sec. 2. The purchasing agent shall be appointed by the mayor, subject to confirmation by the general council, and removable at any time in the discretion of the mayor. He shall receive for his services a salary of $1,500 per annum, payable in monthly installments. He shall give bond in the sum of $5,000, to be approved by the mayor, conditioned for the faithful performance of his duties.

Sec. 3. The duties of said purchasing agent shall be to purchase for and distribute to the various departments of the city government, under such safeguards and regulations as are provided in this ordinance, or which may be hereafter enacted, all live stock, fuel, forage, books, stationery, printing, and all supplies of every nature and character whatever that may be needed by the city government in the several departments thereof, except for public improvements let out to contractors. He is hereby empowered to draw orders on contractors for supplying the departments, with whatever supplies may be needed by them, only on requisitions made by the heads of departments and approved by the committees of council having supervision of same, and in no case to exceed the amount appropriated for any department for the current year to which they relate.

Sec. 4. As far as practicable, contracts for all supplies required for the use of the several departments of the city shall be made for the entire year for which they may be required, and bids for the same shall be advertised for by the purchasing agent to cover that length of time. These bids shall be sealed and directed to the general council, and shall be opened and read by the clerk of council at an open session of that body, and contracts shall be awarded to the best bidders for the same in its discretion.

Sec. 5. In cases where supplies are needed for the city in any of its departments, where it is to the interest of the city, or when the necessity of the case demands that contracts for such supplies as live stock, fuel, forage, meats, or any other classes of supplies or merchandise be made for a shorter period of time than one year, sealed bids for such supplies shall be made to the mayor, finance committee and city comptroller, who are hereby appointed and constitute a board of contracts and supplies for such purpose, and said board is hereby authorized to award contracts for such supplies to the best bidders for the same in their discretion.

Sec. 6. All ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

The paper created something of a sensation.

"I'm opposed to that," said Mr. Woodward. "I think the committees can always make contracts for their own department. I'm for buying by the wholesale, but opposed to purchasing a year's supplies, and the agent."

Mr. Rice spoke at length urging the adoption of the ordinance and saying that it would save the city thousands of dollars every year.

"I believe," said Mr. Shropshire, "that it will save the city from $8,000 to $10,000 a year."

Mr. Rice moved to make the salary $1,200.

"If we adopt that ordinance," said Mr. Hulsey "we must select a first-class man, a man who knows his work, and you can't get one for that. I suggest $1,500."

"I am under no obligations to any one," said Mr. Shropshire, "but I must say again that I think this ordinance an important one. I have no man in my mind particularly, but I do know of one whose judgment makes him desirable. He is a man who can buy intelligently anything from a knitting needle to a steam engine. I refer to Captain W. J. Garrett."

Mr. Shropshire then paid Mr. Garrett a high compliment as a gentleman of integrity and ability.

Mr. Woodward came to his feet, carefully looking around him as he got up.

"Now," said he, after a pause. "I'm more opposed to that thing than ever. It has been published that Captain Garrett got out of the police commission race for just this thing. He was promised an office that did not then exist, and we are here now trying to make that office so we can give it to him. The city can't make any money by this office. Stealage will be more than the saving. If it is made, it will be against my vote. I don't want to cast any slurs or reflect on any one, but the people will say, since that article in THE CONSTITUTION this morning, that this is a put up job, and I shall vote against it."

"Do you say it is a put up job?" asked Mr. Rice warmly, interrupting Mr. Woodward.

"No, I don't say so," was the reply, "but you take the morning's paper and read that story and see what we are doing. We are just tracking that article right along."

"I am satisfied," said Mr. Shropshire, "that the people won't believe, for one moment, that such men as Hon. W. A. Hemphill and others here will lend themselves to any scheme such as has been suggested by the papers. I did go to Mr. Hendrix's house yesterday afternoon, but I went to see Mr. Hendrix, who we all know is sick. Mr. Woodward seems to think there was a caucus—"

"The paper, not me, says so," said Mr. Woodward, quickly.

"That's nothing," said Mr. Shropshire, "it's too little to think about."

Mr. Turner favored the ordinance, and showed by figures that $1,500 alone would be saved to the city in coal by the waterworks department.

Mr. Rice spoke again for the ordinance.

"I was not in that Sunday caucus," said Mr. King, smiling, "if there was one, which I doubt. Now, if there is one thing in which Mayor Hemphill's reputation is greater than another, it is as a financier. All people concede that he is an eminent one. I can truthfully say the same of Mr. Rice and Mr. Shopshire. Mayor Hemphill's reputation is too dear to him to recommend this office without making a careful investigation before doing so. He certainly knows what he is doing and I am for the ordinance."

"I would like to amend that ordinance," said Mr. Hulsey. "If the ordinance were intended only for Mayor Hemphill's term, I wouldn't offer it. But we don't know who will succeed him, so I would suggest that the agent be appointed by the mayor and confirmed by the council."

Mr. Rice presented this amendment making it section 3.

Sec. 3. The purchasing agent, first appointed and confirmed, shall serve till the 1st of March, 1893, and all subsequent terms shall be for two years each, commencing on the expiration of each term, unless sooner removed by the mayor. The purchasing agent shall be appointed by the mayor, subject to confirmation by a two-thirds yea and nay vote of the general council present and acting upon it, and subject to removal by the mayor.

Mr. McBride declared that he thought the ordinance very imperfect, and wanted to send it to the ordinance committee to make it a perfect paper.

"My principal objection to the paper as it now is," said Mr. Hulsey, "is because I think the mayor ought to have the power of removal."

"I think it would be a good idea," said Mr. Woodward, "to have the officer elected by council."

Mr. Hulsey's suggestion as to the removal was adopted.

Mr. Woodward here presented an ordinance prohibiting the increase of any officer's salary during the term for which he was elected.

Then he showed where the salary of an officer had been increased during his term.

Mr. Hutchison moved to refer Mr. Woodward's ordinance, and it was [illegible] Rice ordinance.

Mr. McBride again asked to [illegible] Rice ordinance.

The motion to refer was lost.

"I would like to amend," said Mr. Sawtell, "by making it a two-third aye and nay vote."

And in that way that feature was inserted.

The ordinance was then read the second time.

Then Mr. Hulsey presented this amendment:

In case of the death, resignation or removal of the said purchasing agent it shall be the duty of the mayor to fill such vacancy by appointment of some suitable person of such unexpired term, subject to confirmation by the general council as in cases of appointment at the commencement of the term of such office.

"I desire to amend Mr. Sawtell's amendment," said Mr. Hutchison, "by making it a two-thirds vote of the members present."

It was accepted.

"I can't see the reason," said Mr. Sawtell, "why the agent should be made to advertise for bids, as specified therein. He can go through the markets and get the benefit of the rise and fall in the market. I should like to hear that read again."

The section—5—was again read.

"That word 'practicable' in there changes it some," said Mr. Sawtell.

The ordinance as amended was adopted.

Judge Anderson's Pay.

Mr. Hulsey introduced an ordinance making good the increase in Assistant City Attorney Anderson's salary.

"That increase was made by the finance committee" said he "without Judge Andersons consent. It was done because the members thought he was entitled to it. He has been one of the city's most faithful and efficient officers. Then, too, the office is not a chartered one."

The ordinance was adopted.

The Street Commissioners.

Mr. Broyles introduced an ordinance giving the engineer full and complete control of the execution of all permanent street improvements, sewer and drain work in the city, and requiring him to give his entire time to the interest of the city and demanding that he shall engage in no other calling in business. One just like it and defining the duties of the street commissioners was presented, too. He shall have charge of all works under head of street, ordinary sidewalks, curbing bridges and culverts.

Mr. Hendrix's Illness.

Mr. Shropshire presented a resolution expressing the sympathies of the general council to Mr. Hendrix, on account of his illness, and wishing him a speedy restoration to health.

It was adopted by a rising vote.

Ticket Speculators.

Mr. Broyles introduced an ordinance requiring a license of $500 per annum from speculators in tickets to theatrical performances.

For all bronchial troubles, whether acute or chronic, use Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup; 25 cents.

I've used the Salvation Oil, it costs only 25 cents, and beats all others.

Fits, spasms, St. Vitus dance, hysteria, headache, neuralgia and nervous prostration cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Free samples at druggists, by mail 10c. MILES MED. CO., ELKHART, IND.

An Attractive Combined POCKET ALMANAC and MEMORANDUM BOOK advertising BROWN'S IRON BITTERS the best Tonic, given away at Drug and general stores. Apply at once,

The Finest Boy Known.

With pleasure do we inform you that on January 28th were we blessed with the advent of a fine boy, weighing 10¾ pounds—perfect, healthy and fine-looking. We had no need of a physician. All well and doing well. General verdict: He is the finest boy known, is growing fast, good-natured and fully developed. Thanks for assistance obtained through the use of "Mothers Friend." We are well and favorably impressed with the merits of the remedy, believing all ladies who use it will be benefited.

May success attend you in your endeavors to send assistance to suffering women during the trials incident to child-bearing.

WM. G. COOK,
Bijou Hills, S. D., Feb. 16, 1891.
To Bradfield Regulator Company, Atlanta, Ga.

Parlor Lawn Tennis.

A new game that will interest old and young. The cups and balls are made of celluloid in the most perfect imitation of tortoise shell, Lapis Lazuli amber and a beautiful mottled red. The game cannot fail to please. John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. tf

Don't Accept This

as a fact, but investigate my treatment of stricture, gleet, catarrh, hay fever and leucorrhœa, and all diseases of the mucus membrane. A painless and easy method. An absolute cure guaranteed by the use of my Square Remedies. Call at Dr. Flagg's office, room 42, old capitol, he will convince you. Testimonials on file, or write P. O. box 104, Atlanta, Ga. 3t

A Challenge Never Accepted.

"Stricture has never been cured by any known means," says Sir Henry Thompson, the most noted genito-urina surgeon of Europe. Dr. Flagg cures stricture without pain (no instrument) by a simple, easy, self-treatment of his famous Square Remedies, and challenges the world to produce a case he cannot cure. See him. He will convince you. Hundreds of testimonials at my office, room 42, old capitol, or address for particulars P. O. Box 104, Atlanta, Ga. —sun mon tue

Please Remember That

We employ a practical optician of long experience, and if your eyes need attention we are prepared to give you a perfect fit at a very reasonable price. We sell only the best quality and guarantee perfect satisfaction. Maier & Berkele, opticians and jewelers, 93 Whitehall street. mar1-d7t

We employ a large force of skilled workmen and do the most difficult watch and jewelry repairing at reasonable prices. Resetting diamonds a specialty; new and original designs. Maier & Berkele, manufacturing jewelers, 93 Whitehall street. mar1-d7t

A Rich Discovery—Better than a Gold Mine,

Is Dr. Flagg's Square Remedies for the cure of stricture and gleet, catarrh and leucorrhœa. Simple, easy, no pain, self-treatment. Call or write Dr. A. D. Flagg, room 42, old capitol, Atlanta. —sun mon tue

BALLARD HOUSE.

A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare. jan23-dly

A Victim of Your Own Neglect

Do not neglect that cold, that slight discharge from the nostrils. You have catarrh; get cured in time. Destroy this enemy before you become its victim. Take a treatment of "Square Remedies" under Dr. Flagg; he can cure you, no guess work. I cure all cases undertaken. All diseases of the mucus membrane treated and cured, such as catarrh, hay fever, leucorrhœa, stricture and gleet. Room 42, old capitol, P. O. box 104, Atlanta, Ga. sun-mon-tu

GEORGE M. FUNSTEN

In Memoriam.

FEBRUARY 17, 1891—Friends, relatives and loved ones gathered together to bow their heads in prayer and pay tribute to one whose path through life has been faithful and true to the furthering of the "Master's cause" in this sin-laden world of ours.

Laboring for "Him" in his vineyard, what marvelous results are recorded from the hands of one of our noblest and most zealous workers, and who but a little over one short week ago led our Sunday afternoon meeting.

How many hearts who loved him and watched him in his glorious work and who heard his earnest words and read the noble love shining, like diamonds, in his eyes, and who, grasping his hand, listened to his cheering words—who among that little band gathered together the second Sunday in February in the hall of the Young Men's Christian Association, thought that the seal of death was upon that noble man?

Oh, noble heart, so full of love and tenderness for those he knew, how many hearts there are who mourn his loss and miss the light and help he was ever extending to all!

God has not given me power and words to express the love and reverence I felt toward him.

Words cannot express the love for him by not only members of his church, but by his friends and his co-workers in the grand work he was engaged in. Oh, what a wondrous work of love!

Kind, loving, generous and forgiving, he is gone from our midst and shines above a star, brightest of the bright, in God's kingdom.

We loved him, but Thou hast taken him from us. How mysterious are Thy ways! He loved Thee, and it was his pleasure to do Thy will.

Great God, into Thy hands we commend his spirit.

G. C. P.,
A Member of the Y. M. C. A.

SYRUP of FIGS



ONE ENJOYS

both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

NOTHING SUCCEEDS LIKE SUCCESS.

WM. RADAM'S MICROBE KILLER

MOST TRULY AND CORRECTLY CALLED

The Greatest Medicine in the World.

A WONDERFUL TONIC

AND BLOOD PURIFIER.

ALMOST MIRACULOUS CURES

Of hopeless and apparently incurable diseases are constantly being made. It is *expected* to perform the impossible, by curing cases given up by physicians, and it

DOES NOT DISAPPOINT EXPECTATIONS.

More people are being cured by Microbe Killer than by all other medicines combined. We request a thorough investigation. History of the Microbe Killer free by

W. F. Parkhurst, Sole Agent. 43 Sou street, near Atlanta, an

OUR BUYER —IS IN— MARKET —AND— EACH DAY NOVELTIES —ARE— ARRIVING SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS —ARE— OFFERED IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

American Notion Co., 28 Whitehall Street.

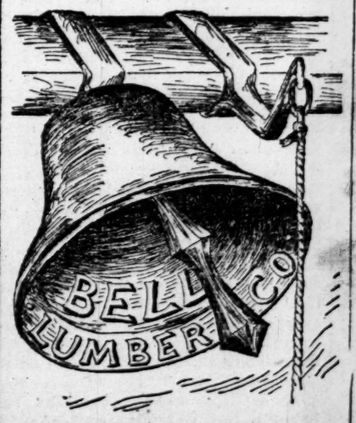
KID GLOVES, CORSETS, WAISTS, HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR A SPECIALTY.

sun tues thurs

BELL LUMBER CO.,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

LUMBER DEALERS.



SASH, DOORS, BLINDS, MANTELS, MOULDING, TURNED AND ORNAMENTAL WORK A SPECIALTY.

AMPLE SUPPLY OF HEAVY FRAMING STUFF And all grades of Lumber: Shingles, Laths, Builders' Hardware, Paints, Etc.

Office and Salesroom, Nos. 25 and 27 Ivy street Office and Factory, Corner Rhodes and Elliot. mcorp 5-d1tfeb 1

COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES —OF THE— SOUTHERN MEDICAL COLLEGE. (MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.)

The annual exercises of this institution will be held at DeGive's opera house, on Wednesday, March 4th, at 2:30 o'clock p. m.

The annual address will be delivered by Mr. Charles A. Read, and the valedictory by Dr. J. MacDiarmid, of Georgia.

In order to meet the wishes of many who find it inconvenient to attend at night, the exercises have been changed to the afternoon, lasting from 2:30 to 5 o'clock.

A cordial invitation is extended to the public to be present.

Music by Wurm's orchestra.

WM. PERRY NICOLSON,
tu wed Dean of the Faculty.

HELP WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A good Job printer. Address The Times, Carrollton, Ga.

TEAMS WANTED—$3.00 per day. Apply to Bass & Layton, contractors on the work near Colored Baptist Seminary, or at J. D. Baker's store, West Hunter st., West End, Atlanta, Ga.

WANTED—Two operators on Remington typewriters. Apply to R. G. Dunn & Co.

WANTED—An educated young man, with good reference, to manage an office. Salary $1,000 per year, and interest in business. $500 cash required. Good financial references furnished applicants. Call or address, Room 27, Office building, Birmingham, Ala. 3t

WANTED—50 white railroad teamsters, $16 per month and board. Apply on the works near Lawrenceville, Ga. T. F. Ryan, Contractor. feb3 1m a tue thur sat

$3 00 TO $600 PER MONTH SALARY—Live superintendents wanted in every locality. You are the man we want to control men and business for one of the best investment companies in existence. No goods to peddle. Write now. People's N. E. Investment Co. J. W. Brittan, Secretary, 74 Tremont street, Boston, Mass. feb 7 d5m tues thur sat

WANTED—Experienced clothing salesman with good references. None but first-class need apply. J. D. Bucky, Jacksonville, Fla. sun mon tues

WANTED—Competent machinist and manager to take interest in manufacturing business. Address Box 696, Anniston, Ala. mch1-7t

BIDS for building the Baptist church, Brick, at Cedartown, Ga., will be received up to March 1st 1891. Plans and specifications can be seen by applying to the undersigned. Right to reject any and all bids reserved. J. K. Barton, J. L. Gross, Special Committee, Cedartown, Ga. feb18 to mar15

WANTED—Young men to earn better wages, learning day or evening, bricklaying, printing, paperhanging, engineering, airbrush, carpentry, plastering, painting, telegraphy, electricity, draughting, cutting wood-engraving. Write for catalogue. Prepare for the world's fair. Polytechnic Institute, cor. Madison street and Fifth ave., Chicago, Ill. feb15—1m

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

WANTED—Something to do, by a young man who is familiar with office work of all descriptions; salary of small importance. Address H. S., care Constitution office.

WANTED—By a graduate of the Atlanta Medical College a position as prescriptionist. References given. Address S., No. 35 Courtland street. mon

WANTED—SITUATION—A young man of business experience wants a position as bookkeeper—assistant or clerk in some good wholesale or commission house in Atlanta. Is willing to work for a reasonable salary where good, faithful, competent services are appreciated. Address, "W," care Constitution. mar 1 d

WANTED—Rooms, Houses, Etc.

WANTED—Two connecting rooms, with board, for small family of four, no small children, in small boarding house in good location; pleasant surroundings. Address Eureka, care Constitution.

WANTED—Those who have rooms to rent, with or in suites, to list them at the Room Exchange Agency, 3½ W. Alabama street. Call on us and we will bear terms. We will do you good service. G. Drews, Prop'r. tues, thurs

BOARD WANTED.

BOARDERS WANTED—A few nice young men can get good board at 68 East Hunter street.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—By a lady of experience, a situation as housekeeper in a private family or hotel. Address Miss B., lock box 17, Bennettsville, S. C. feb27—d3t

WANTED—One carload of genuine German millet seed; cash delivered in Atlanta. Address Wynn, S. B. A., Farmers' Alliance Exchange. feb27-d3t

WANTED—Parties who are looking for rooms call at the Room Renting Agency, 3½ Alabama street, up one flight, and examine our list. We are prepared to suit you in respect to price, location and other qualities that belong to desirable rooms. tues, thurs, sun.

WANTED—Large-size director's table. Must be in good condition. Address P. O. Box 17. tu

WANTED—Real Estate.

WANTED—A good renting place, to buy for cash or $2,000. Name the place by street number, and lowest price, all cash. Cash Buyer, care Constitution office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LEND at lowest rates on city lands in adjoining counties; long or short time, or by installment, to suit borrower. Money ready; no delay. S. Barnett, 35½ South Broad street. feb28-6m

MONEY TO LOAN on improved real estate in Atlanta and suburbs. Long or short time; large or small amounts, or installments; no delay. Jno. W. Brandon, 38½ South Broad street. de

MONEY TO LOAN in large or small amounts, payable monthly. Real estate security in Atlanta or suburbs. No delay. Come and see us. Mutual Loan and Mechanics' Banking and Loan Company, Logan, Jr., cashier, 13 North Broad street. n

C. P. N. BARKER negotiates real estate loans at low rates. Room 32, Traders' bank building.

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

HATS at No. 2 Whitehall street, below cost for 30 days longer. J. H. and A. L. James.

LADIES' COLUMN.

FEATHERS cleaned, curled and dyed; kid gloves cleaned and dyed. Phillips, 9 Marietta street.

LOST.

LOST—Bunch of keys, about eight in number, from No. 22 Kimball house, Decatur street. Reward.

BUSINESS CHANCES.

WANTED—To invest in good paying retail business, west or south side preferred. Communications kept confidential. Address, Prize, Constitution.

AUCTION SALES.

MARLBOROUGH AT AUCTION—Wednesday inst., at 9 a. m., northwest corner of Broad and Marietta sts., will be sold without reserve one lot that pertains to a first-class restaurant, consisting part of one double Dupree range with hot water, 23 in. broiler and full set cooking utensils, fixtures (new), tables and all the table ware, one cash register, one fine oyster counter, curtains, and sundry, canned goods, with many other articles.

FOR RENT—Houses, Cottages.

FOR RENT—The four-story brick building merly occupied by the Topaz Cinchona Co., fronting on W. & A. R. R. 150 feet, more or less, and on Marietta street car line; suitable for manufacturing purposes. Apply to the Boyd & Baxter manufacturing factory.

Rooms.

FOR RENT—Elegant large office; newly painted; gas and water; good location for any business. M. Wiseberg, 21½ Peachtree street, room 6.

LARGE, pleasant, splendidly-located, ground floor office to rent in P. & G. T. Dodd building.

Furnished Rooms.

FOR RENT—One furnished front room, also one unfurnished. 60 Luckie st.

MACHINERY FOR SALE.

SULZER-VOGT MACHINE CO.—Ice Machines, refrigerating plants, Absorption. Main, Pryor, Washington streets, Louisville, Ky. feb25-1m

FOR first-class boilers, Atlas and Erie engines, bars, injectors, etc., try G. E. Lombard, Augusta, Ga. feb7-2m s

ENGINES and boilers for sale at a great reduction. Very large lot of Frick Company and Erie City engines and boilers, Sturtevant fans, blowers, etc. Malsby & Avery, 61 South Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga. feb 28 3m

GAS AND STEAM ENGINES and printing outfits:
1 4 h. p. Otto gas engine.
1 Cottrell & Babcock drum cylinder 31x46 in.
1 R. Hoe & Co. drum cylinder, 31x46 in.
1 Campbell country, complete, 9-column folio.
1 7x11 Gordon.
1 8x12 Globe.
1 8x12 Baltimore jobber, with throw-off.
1 8x12 Baltimore jobber.
2 7x11 Universal.
1 13x19 Universal.
1 32-inch Acme paper cutter.
1 32-inch lever Peerless cutter.
All kinds of printing material and type for sale. Printers' rollers casted every day.
Printing machinery repaired and set up in any part of the country. Thos. F. Scheidinger's Printers' Exchange and Supply Depot, 36 and 38 Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

THE CONSTITUTION.

PUBLISHED DAILY, SUNDAY AND WEEKLY.

The Daily, per year..... $ 6.00
The Sunday (20 to 36 Pages)..... 2.00
The Daily and Sunday, per year..... 8.00
The Weekly, per year (12 Pages)..... 1.00

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Will be delivered to any address in the city by carriers every morning at 67 cents per calendar month.

The price of a postage stamp a day pays for all the news of the world.

12 CENTS PER WEEK
— FOR —
THE DAILY CONSTITUTION,
16 CENTS PER WEEK
— FOR THE —
DAILY AND SUNDAY CONSTITUTION.

Delivered to any Address by Carrier in the City of Atlanta.

— SEND IN YOUR NAME AT ONCE. —

ATLANTA, GA., MARCH 3, 1891

An Unwarranted Raise of Rates.

The rate on coal has been advanced by the railroads and the dealers are accordingly raising prices. Applying to all classes of coal, this appears to us to be an arbitrary advance, and we do not think that it is warranted.

We have waited to see what the railroad commission would do in this matter, and what would be the course of certain newspapers which have always been ready to raise a hue and cry against the railroads for imaginary evils on the slightest provocation, and many times without cause, before addressing ourselves to the matter.

THE CONSTITUTION has maintained steadily that independent railroads do not necessarily mean low freight rates—that it was just as easy for competing lines to come to an understanding and pool rates as it was to consolidate lines, and that the remedy for discrimination and unjustly high rates was in a well regulated railroad commission, with firmness and ability to control the question of rates on freight and passenger fares. Such a commission Georgia has. We also hold that, if the power of an interstate commerce commission were extended so as to make its authority over interstate affairs approximately the same as the Georgia commission has over state rates, the public would be fully and absolutely protected from unjust discrimination.

We have now, and have had since the beginning of this year, three separate and distinct lines, under separate management and with different owners, just as distinct and competitive as three systems can possibly be, running from Georgia to the coal fields. The Terminal system, the Louisville and Nashville system and the Marietta and North Georgia railroad tap all the coal fields that furnish this section. Up to the 1st of January the Terminal system furnished Atlanta, and indeed all of Georgia, with coal. Two months of competition show an advance in rates of nearly 20 per cent on coal, and it is reported that other lines of freight will be advanced very soon. Thus the first fruits of competition, which is not competition, do not appear to be very healthy.

THE CONSTITUTION has defended the railroads from unjust attacks, and we are ever ready to do so. We believe that a man's property in a railroad should receive the same protection from our lawmakers and courts as any other property, and the fact that a business is conducted under a corporate name does not warrant public prejudice against the rights of those interested in it, nor is there any reason why the stockholders of corporations should be swindled by shysters and railroad wreckers.

We have also ever been ready to protest against any unjust discrimination against the people, and to advocate any measure that we believe to be for the protection of the public against discrimination. When the railroads charge what we believe is not proper we are just as ready to criticise and call the attention of the commission to any shortcoming, as we are to condemn those who fatten on unjust warfare against property invested in railroads.

The Georgia commission can prevent any oppressive rate from being levied for coal or any other product. It has gotten, or can get, data to show whether other states are getting better rates from the same coal fields that supply Georgia. We believe that the recently announced rates are too high, and that other states are not charged as much. For this reason we object to the advance, and call the attention of our commission to the matter.

We have manifested every interest in the development of railroad property in this state, and no paper has been more pronounced than THE CONSTITUTION in defending them from adverse legislation and unjust attacks. We have at the same time advocated such railroad legislation as we thought to be right, and which had the effect of properly regulating their relations with the public, and of calling upon them for their share of the taxes of the state, just as other property is taxed.

It is useless to say that our railroad commission has no power to control the railroads outside of our state, for even on this line it can communicate with the interstate commerce commission and if relief cannot be effected through the interstate commission, and the state commission is satisfied that the rates are too high, it can so reduce the rates inside the state as to prevent unjust discrimination.

The commission has arbitrary rights—more it is urged by some, than ought to be given to any commission. It was so organized to protect our people in just such particulars. We, therefore, call its attention to the new coal rate, and ask that it either approve or disapprove of it. If it disapproves, it should take steps to remedy the evil complained of.

On this line, the state and federal control of railroads is the only safety to our people. The power should be judiciously handled, but no railroad should have the right to arbitrarily advance rates or make them discriminating; nor can such be done, if the state and federal commissions do their duty.

Hill Can Take Care of Himself.

The solicitude of the republican newspapers as to what Governor Hill will do on the 4th of March is one of the most touching signs of the times.

On that day congress will adjourn, and with it Senator Evarts will disappear. Governor Hill has been elected to fill the vacancy thus created, but as he has ten months yet to serve as chief executive of New York, he may not see proper to assume the role of senator until that time shall have expired. And then again he may. This is what gives the organs so much concern.

Ever since his entrance into public life, Governor Hill has demonstrated his ability to take care of himself. This he will probably continue to do, so the organs might as well save their ink.

A National Disgrace.

The appointment of the notorious negro, Hill, to the postmastership of as large a city as Vicksburg, is not only an insult to the people of Mississippi, but a national disgrace.

It is hard to understand the motive behind this appointment, especially when we have before us the statement of the people of Vicksburg that there were several white republicans who were applicants for the position, and that any one of them would have been acceptable to the people. But for reasons of his own President Harrison set them aside and conferred the honor upon a negro who is said to be one of the worst characters in the state.

The appointment carries no excuse with it, and adds another blot to the black republican record—if that be possible. The people of the whole state of Mississippi are justly incensed and have been loud in their expressions of indignation. The state is outraged by this appointment, and the president is condemned. It is the gravest mistake he has ever made, and one that he should hasten to correct.

The Canadian Election.

Thursday the Dominion of Canada will hold her general election, and the result will be of great moment to the United States.

The ostensible issue before the people is that of reciprocity in trade; a wiping out of the only line which limits the intercourse of the people living north and south of it. The real issue may be said to be annexation, for beneath it is the fact that people of kindred origin are tired of the fictitious lines which keep them apart.

The Canadian liberals, composed for the most part of farmers, are led by Sir Richard Cartwright. Hon. Erastus Wiman, who lives in New York, is their real leader, and occupies the position of unofficial representative in the United States. The liberal party is pledged to free trade with the United States, and for that reason has cultivated friendly relations with the politicians of this country. The passage of the McKinley bill sharpened the relations between the two countries, and made it more apparent to the Canadians that they were to be shut out from their best customers as the price of loyalty to England. The discussion of reciprocity became animated, and when it was known that the liberals, through Wiman, were in actual negotiation with Secretary Blaine, the politics of the dominion took on a lurid hue.

The government party, known as conservatives, antagonized the liberals, charging them with the terrible crime of treason. Sir John A. Macdonald, the premier, dissolved parliament, and had the election ordered for the 5th of March, although it only lacked three months of the date when parliament would have expired by limitation. But these three months of discussion meant certain victory for the liberals, and therefore Sir John took snap judgment on his opponents, and threw them at once into the midst of a general election.

The issue cannot be better stated than in the language of Mr. Wiman, at a recent banquet in Providence, R. I.:

The liberals have inscribed upon their banners the great principle of unrestricted reciprocity with the United States. The effect of the adoption of this principle by a friendly government would be to create a trade relation between the two halves of the continent similar to that which now exists between the states of the union. The development which has taken place in the new states, both south and north, is but an illustration of what would take place in the vast regions included within the British possessions.

If the barrier between the two countries were broken down by the success of the liberal party, an area would be opened up far greater than Africa, far more important than all the southern nationalities put together for American enterprise, resulting in an extension of trade, enlarged markets, and an abundant supply of free raw material. The issue as between the tories and the liberals is clear and distinct, and on its decision rests to a greater extent than ever before involved in any outside contest, the future interests of the United States on the continent of North America.

The developments of the campaign have been startling, and more than rival the heated presidential campaigns in the United States. The conservatives secured a number of private letters, written by liberal leaders, making overtures to American politicians. The publication of these letters seemed at first to damn the liberals, and they lost ground perceptibly. The tables were turned, however, when the liberals unearthed the fact that in early life Sir John Macdonald had been himself an annexationist. When Sir Richard Cartwright put the government on the defensive by boldly charging that the postal authorities had rifled the mail bags in order to secure the letters referred to, and declared that envelopes addressed to well-known liberals were regularly broken open, and the contents made known to the government.

Now that the campaign is over, both parties are confident, claiming large majorities, but the best independent opinion, from a source favorable to the conservatives, is that Sir John will carry the day, but by such a narrow margin as to mean defeat. The result in the provinces is thus summed up.

Name of province.	Conservative.	Liberal.
Ontario	47	45
Quebec	29	36
Nova Scotia	13	8
New Brunswick	10	6
Prince Edwards Island	1	5
British Columbia	6	0
Manitoba	2	3
Northwest Territories	4	0
Total	112	103

Unless the government secures a majority of at least thirty, the new parliament may not last through one session. The local jealousies between the provinces are so great that it requires a big majority to enable the government to set the disgruntled aside.

The Country We Live In.

The citizen who walks dry-shod upon the Piedmont escarpment has much for which to be thankful.

At this very moment hundreds of dead bodies are floating upon the floods in the devastated Gila valley. The poor people who went asleep in security awoke to find themselves swept by the flood which had rushed down upon them; and those whose industry had accumulated wealth saw it carried off by the angry waters. Even while this story of desolation is being told, the Mississippi, which courses through the most fertile valley of the continent, is playing such mad pranks that people for 1,000 miles live in dread.

In Dakota, rich in soil, the blizzard sends the mercury so far below zero that all trace of it is lost, and out of the unconsciousness of numbness comes the death of frost. To the east the tornado makes summer a terror, while to the north and west the elements combine to the confusion of the pioneer. In the New England states life has only been rendered possible from the industries of handicraft, the census returns showing that the sterile farms are being constantly abandoned.

Amid all these disasters of field and flood, of scant return for labor, and of pestilence, the happy inhabitant of the Piedmont country reads of disaster elsewhere through THE CONSTITUTION, but is secure from all. No flood carries his cabin off in the stillness of night, awaking him by the terrified screams of wife and children. No blizzard bites his ears, and freezes to death the infant at its mother's breast. No tornado sweeps across his fields, rooting up trees, tearing away houses or destroying life. No pestilence compels him to abandon home for refuge elsewhere. An increased population proves that out of his fields he gains support, while the thickening smoke stacks, whichever way he looks, shows that the craftsman is becoming the companion of the tiller of the soil. Favoring skies, temperate climate, freedom from pestilence, more than make up for the alluvial riches of the Mississippi or the blandishments of the Gila, while the metals embedded in our mountain sides must build up wealth in the valleys between.

Happy man the Piedmont tiller, happy land, so bright and fair!

THE TROUBLE between France and Germany brings Bismarck to the front again. It is practically a vindication of his policy. The emperor will not court-martial him for that, however.

THE PEOPLE of the west will soon have an opportunity to study the race problem at home. The south very cheerfully transfers it to that section.

POULTERER HAYS, of Ohio, has been heard from. He has written an obituary on the late General Sherman, and announced that the war is over.

ONE OF the virtues of the sockless statesman, Mr. Jeremiah Simpson, is his independence. He is said to be "as independent as a wood-sawyer," and has the courage of his convictions. He says that he will devote all his time and energy to the work of reforming the administration and the obliteration of all sectional lines. He may be sockless, but a man like that will never blow out the gas.

THE NEW YORK VOICE, prohibition organ, says that within ten years one of two things will happen. Either there will not be a prohibitory state in the union, or else there will be no republican party. This is a great opportunity for the r. p. to reform.

AN EXCHANGE deplores the fact that the post-office department has debarred Koch's lymph from the mails, as it might have put new life into the postal service.

A REPUBLICAN contemporary says that Governor Hill is exercising authority over two states. Thus are his power and usefulness enlarging.

BOSTON NEWSPAPERS refuse to believe that Sullivan was whipped by a Georgia train-hand. They hold that he was merely "subjected to a slight chastisement while he was in a somnolent state." But this means "whipped" in Georgia.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

ARTHUR W. DOWE, of San Francisco, is the latest man with a scheme for saving the world. With several companions he has organized "The Commonwealth of Jesus," whose main object is the abandonment of "the world, the flesh, and the devil." Mr. Dowe has prepared provides for a governing council of twelve men and women, who shall establish and superintend the practical features of the co-operative society's working, as well as regulate the religious, moral, social, educational, and domestic life of the society. The commonwealth shall be the sole employer of the time and labor of the members, and the sole provider of the necessities and comforts of life. All, no matter what their talents or services may be, shall be paid equally in checks receivable for goods. The council shall adjust all differences and hear all complaints, and members must bind themselves not to appeal to any civil court.

THE CENTER of population keeps shifting about. It is now located in Indiana, and will become noticeable by an increased vote against Harrison in 1892.

TWELVE MEMBERS retire from the United States senate tomorrow for good. They are Brown, of Georgia; Ingalls, of Kansas; Evarts, of New York; Spooner, of Wisconsin; Farwell, of Illinois; Eustis, of Louisiana; Blair, of New Hampshire; Payne, of Ohio; Hampton, of South Carolina; McConnell, Pierce and Moody, short term senators from three of the new states. With the exception of Brown, Hampton and Ingalls, they will not be missed.

THE BARING family, whose recent banking misfortune has brought it into notice, holds three peerages. Several members of the family, having grown aristocratic, took out their shares and retired from business. One of these, the son of the bishop of Durham, has thrown his portion back into the family pile. This addition of a million sterling will enable the family to keep its financial standing.

THE DEATH of King Kalakau is likely to result in revolution in Hawaii. The influences which kept people and politicians quiet during his life are now dissolving, and it is freely stated that upon the expiration of the period of mourning, there will be startling developments in the nation of lepers.

THE LATE General Sherman left no will, and but very little property. A year ago The Century Company offered him $50,000 for the use of his private papers. This he declined to accept, but it is expected that the family will now accept the offer, if it should be again made. The two sons will surrender their claims in favor of their sisters.

A WISP OF STRAW.

O, the newspaper bore! O, the newspaper bore!
He is with us both early and late;
He is blind to the notice of "Please shut the door"—
He scatters the papers all over the floor
And puts out the fire in the grate.

He thinks that the editor's time is his own,
That he owns half the office—or more;
Exchanges were made for his reading alone,
He praises this article—that makes him groan—
O, the bore! O, the newspaper bore!

Men die, but he dies not—his health is the best;
He is awful contented, though poor;
Of all men despised, he still feels that he's blest;
At the editor's funeral he passes his jest—
O, the bore! O, the newspaper bore!

The Tribune-of-Rome is determined to have good teachers and good schools in Georgia. The editor says:

The Tribune has in its possession a "choice extract," it being the production of a county school commissioner who thinks the public schools of Georgia are "the best in the world." Says this optimistic educational authority:

"Dear Sir—You ort to travel. Down whey I live, the pub. schools are conduct so as to give the greatest satisfactioness to al—I have saw your writings which they do not do jestice to the hard work county school coms—You ort not too kick befour you are stobbed."

The Tribune knows a president of a county board of education—he is a white man—who cannot write consecutively two graminatical sentences. He has held office a long time, and the outlook is that he will continue to hold it as long as he lives.

Colonel Ben F. Perry, editor of The Cherokee Advance, and a probable candidate for the state senate later on, was in the city yesterday.

The Americus Times of Sunday was a highly creditable paper. It consisted of twenty bright and brimming pages, profusely illustrated and was a credit to the city where it is published and to state journalism.

Foreman—Poor old Jones is dead.
Editor—Yes, he never would advertise.
Foreman—What's that got to do with it?
Editor—All men are dead who don't advertise.

Editor Furlow, of The Madisonian, was in the city yesterday.

Editor Clarke, of The Lee County News, denies that the house fell on him when he delivered an address. The applause of the audience caused the roof to cave in, but the four walls are still standing.

A Georgia editor announces that he has invented an improved shotgun, and adds: "All subscribers who are in arrears must pay up at once. This is imperative." We doubt if he has a delinquent on his books at this writing.

The editor of The Carrollton Times was in the city yesterday. He was in search of an electric motor for his new fast press. The increased circulation of The Daily Times is getting away with him.

GENERAL GEORGIA NEWS.

—The difficulties between the school board and the town council of Sparta have been adjusted, and the schools will be provided with sufficient funds to keep them going.

—There are heavy deposits of iron ore in Hancock county, and the citizens are talking of forming a company to develop this new industry.

—It is said that a number of Georgia farmers who held their cotton for better prices have been forced to sell at a sacrifice. Others are holding on and are able to wait for better times.

—The Crawford Herald says that liquor is freely sold in that town to boys. "Blind tigers' are in full blast, in defiance of the law.

—Sparta Ishmaelite: Cotton continues to come in, and there are hundreds of bales stacked up under sheds and ginhouses all through the county. Taking the country over, the present cotton crop is the biggest on record, going, according to the present indications, beyond 8,000,000 bales. So it will take only a small cotton crop to supply the demand next year. A crop even approximating in the number of bales the present one will undoubtedly reduce the price to 8 cents, or even lower.

—Mr. Bland, of Thomasville, has the skull of a Georgia alligator which measured fourteen feet and eight inches. The row of teeth in the upper jaw was thirty-two inches long, with forty-one teeth. His head was exactly two feet long. He could easily have swallowed a man.

—Postmaster Rike, of Thomasville, thinks that the receipts of the office this year will place it among the second-class postoffices. The receipts must foot up $8,000 in order to gain a position in the second class.

WALKS AND TALKS.

Mr. Jack Spalding completed a big real estate deal yesterday for Mr. Pat Calhoun.

Mr. Calhoun purchased, of Mr. Jack Smith, the property which everybody knows as the "Jack Smith Place," out on Peachtree street at Wilson avenue. The property has a frontage of 427 feet on Peachtree, and the tract contains six acres. It has a frontage on the extension of Wilson avenue of 750 feet. The property brought $53,500.

There is probably now not a piece of property on Peachtree as far out as Wilson avenue—and considerably farther, too—that can be bought under $100 a front foot. Property owners out that way say that with electric lines and a double track on Peachtree an advance of fully 30 per cent on those figures may be looked for.

It is understood that a northern company has offered $100,000 for the First Baptist church property on Walton and Forsyth streets.

A handsome man of middle age, heavy set, with gray hair and heavy gray moustache stood in the Kimball house corridor for about an hour, and it seemed as if every other man who passed him knew him.

"How is the senatorial race in Florida?" was the question everybody asked.

The handsome gentleman smiled. That smile was the only reply anybody could get from him, and yet he is one man who could tell most about that senatorial fight—if he would.

He was Colonel W. D. Chipley, the great democratic leader of Florida, who is one of the principal figures of the senatorial complications in that state because of his bitter opposition to Senator Call.

Colonel Chipley passed through Atlanta on his way to Washington, where he goes to meet the members of the naval committees of the senate and house, whom he is to escort to Pensacola. All efforts to inveigle him into a talk on politics failed, but he had a great deal to say about the wonderful travel to Florida, and particularly about the resources of that state.

"You'll hear from me when the time comes," was the colonel's significant remark as he boarded the 6 o'clock train for Washington.

Dr. Frederick Hunter, of Washington, whose son is one of the brightest of the many bright boys at the Technological school, said of the proposed preparatory department of study: "My greatest objection to that would be that it doesn't go far enough. I am in favor of education first, last and all the time, and this particular kind of education especially. The trustees of the school certainly deserve great praise for all they have done, and the school deserves the heartiest support from the people of Georgia. What I mean by not going far enough is this: I would like to see the state of Georgia furnish not only free tuition, but free board to the sons of all needy confederate soldiers. There are very many boys in Georgia whose fathers, brave and gallant soldiers as ever bore a gun, are unable to send them to school. The state could not make a better investment than to take those boys, give them a good practical education such as the Technological school affords, and thus make splendid, useful citizens of them."

Several Atlanta citizens complain of the theft of flowers from the graves out at Oakland cemetery. They say that a number of cases of this kind of desecration of the graves in that cemetery have come to their notice.

The law firm of Abbott & Smith has dissolved. Colonel Abbott will take his son, Charlie, in partnership, and the firm of Abbott & Son will hereafter be known as one of Atlanta's leading legal firms.

HILL AND YANCEY.

The Difficulty Between Them in the Confederate States Senate.

EDITOR CONSTITUTION: Every now and then there appears in the newspapers a sensational and incorrect article in reference to the difficulty between that distinguished Alabamian, William L. Yancey and my father while in the senate of the Confederate States. In Sunday's CONSTITUTION this article made its periodical appearance. In "The Life, Speeches and Writings of Senator Hill," now in press, I have given the facts of this difficulty as gathered from my father and other senators who witnessed the affair, and the public may have the true version. I ask you to publish the account from advance sheets of the book:

"While in the confederate senate, Mr. Hill had a personal difficulty with William L. Yancey, senator from Alabama. I allude to this matter for the purpose of correcting many of the exaggerated, false and sensational reports that have been published about it. It has been even stated that an injury which Mr. Yancey received in this difficulty subsequently caused his death. This statement is absolutely without truth. The facts connected with the unfortunate occurrance, as gathered from Mr. Hill, are as follows: An exciting debate had been in progress for several days, in which Mr. Yancey was making severe attacks on the administration, and Mr. Hill was defending it. Mr. Yancey, in the course of one of his speeches, asserted that a statement made by Mr. Hill was false, and known to be false when spoken. As soon as the words were uttered Mr. Hill threw an inkstand at the speaker, striking him on the cheek bone. The wound produced was not at all serious, and after a few minutes Mr. Yancey resumed his speech, making no further allusion to Mr. Hill. The matter was adjusted by friends of both senators and no other reference was ever made to the occurrance by either senator".

The following version of the affair is taken from The Montgomery Bulletin, Mr. Yancey's home paper:

"The facts in a nutshell are these, as we learned them subsequent to the removal of secrecy from senators who witnessed the whole affair: In the midst of a warm debate in open session, Mr. Hill animadverted upon the record of Mr. Yancey. At the conclusion of Mr. Hill's speech, Mr. Yancey rose to reply, and during his speech, said that what the senator from Georgia had said in regard to his record was false, and that the senator knew it was false when he made the statement. Whereupon Mr. Hill threw a glass inkstand from aslant the position of Mr. Yancey, striking him on the cheek bone, which made a sharp cut, producing considerable flow of blood, but causing no serious injury. The senate went into secret session, took the matter in hand and settled it. Long afterwards, Mr. Yancey died at his residence near this city, from an affection of the kidneys which he had suffered for years."

The brother of William L. Yancey, Hon. B. C. Yancey, of Athens, and his son, the gallant and generous G. H. Yancey, were Mr. Hill's warm personal friends and most earnest supporters up to the date of his death. During his last illness the latter gentleman, in a meeting of the ninth district democratic committee, presented the following resolution:

"Colonel G. H. Yancey, of Clarke, offered the following resolution: Resolved, That we tender to our distinguished and peerless senator, the Hon. Benjamin H. Hill, our profound sympathy in his affliction. His great services to the country command our warmest admiration, his fidelity to duty our highest respect, his matchless eloquence our unbounded praise, and his Christian fortitude in bearing without a murmur the great suffering that has been sent upon him, touches our very hearts. If it be consistent with the will of the divine ruler of us all, we pray that God will spare his life to a devoted people, but if he must die, may God in his mercy close his eyes to earth in peace and open them to a blissful immortality in heaven."

It is hardly probable that the son would have presented such tender and sympathetic resolutions about the man who had caused the death of his father. There is, therefore, no foundation for the sensational accounts that have been published concerning this matter. Both Mr. Yancey and Mr. Hill were men of undoubted courage, high spirited and impetuous, and deeply regretted the unfortunate affair.

B. H. HILL, JR.

For Chief of Police.

EDITOR CONSTITUTION—The city election for chief of police is not far off, and before the slate is made up as to who the new chief will be, we think it would not be amiss to review the past and see what the present chief has been. Arthur B. Connolly has been connected with the department since 1875 until 1881, and since which time he has been chief. When he was first elected chief the force was then like many other departments, very small. There were then about fifty men, and today there are about 126. No charges of any character have ever been brought against him; has not even had a reprimand. The city has increased nearly 30,000 in population. Thousands of dollars have passed through his hands. During his term of office, gambling has been broken up. He has handled the large crowds of people to the various expositions in a successful manner. He enforced the city laws before, during and since prohibition. Has never been known to indulge in drinking in any manner, or guilty of any other charge. He has always been on friendly terms with all classes, and has successfully kept free from politics as any one could possibly do in such an office. It is a pleasure to publish the worth of such a man, and we think that as he has, during his term of office, with all the increasing duties in various ways, worked earnestly for the same salary, $1,500 per year, it would not be too much for his friends to ask, as the salary will likely be increased, that Chief Connolly be retained. Other city officials have good salaries and get increases, and why not he? We think the faithful servant of the public should receive the reward in the way of salary which comes from the taxpayers that Chief Connolly has served. He has protected our homes, property and lives and guided his large force remarkably well considering the fact he has always been ruled by the board of police commissioners, while he ruled the police force. The man allowed full control of his men always succeeds better and gives better results. Chief Joyner has a large force, and has demonstrated this plan to be a successful one, and Chief Connolly could do the same.

CITIZEN.

He Is for Free Silver.

From The Fort Gaines, Ga., Chronicle.

We are not politician enough to understand the rudiments of the free silver bill, but if it will increase the supply, we say by all means let her roll. The last balance sheet of our cash book showed that we possessed the princely surplus of 43 cents. We say, more silver!

PEOPLE YOU KNOW.

ORCHARD.—The New York Sun, in commenting on the recent chess tournament in Atlanta, refers to the champion, Mr. I. E. Orchard, as "the ablest chess player in the south." The Sun presents a fine picture of Mr. Orchard, and predicts for him an international reputation.

PAGE.—"In my opinion," says Thomas Nelson Page, "dialect stories are much overdone. Of late many dialect stories have appeared and more or less surfeited the public. Sometimes they are very readable, especially when they are true to nature. I never try to get away from the real talk of the colored man when writing a story where he has to be quoted. The original Virginia darky is a good model to follow. He is, as a rule, if he is old, full of pleasing reminiscences, and is always contrasting the present with the past, much to the disparagement of the former. I think it will not be long before the old type of Virginia darky will disappear. A younger generation is coming on, and they have nothing to make them especially original. It is melodious to the ear to hear an old darky talk. He drops all of his g's and deals chiefly with vowels. He never utters a guttural word. His sentences flow like a phonetic vocabulary sliding down a river of vowels."

SAFELY IN JAIL.

THE POLICE HAVE THE NEGRO WHO CUT MISS M'CLURE.

They Say the Evidence Against Him Is Very Strong—The Lady Identifies Him—Excitement Over His Arrest.

Sheriff Morrow and his deputies kept close guard at the jail last night.

The negro who cut Miss Margaret McClure's throat, a week ago, is in their keeping.

And the sheriff was prepared to defend him if public excitement should crystallize into a mob.

Charles Taylor is the brutal negro's name.

He was arrested yesterday morning, and has been identified by Miss McClure, and Mr. James Donehoo also, who pursued him after the bloody assault.

All the officers are very well satisfied that there is no mistake about Taylor being the black villain for whose capture everybody has been anxious since the heinous crime was committed.

Officers Mike White, Mercer, Steerman and Beavers are the men who effected the capture.

That the negro was in custody was not generally known yesterday until late. But when the news spread it went like wild-fire, and violent expressions were freely made.

There was ground for Sheriff Morrow's determined precaution.

Word was received at the jail yesterday that an attempt would be made last night to take the negro out and give him summary justice.

But the night passed quietly, and nothing of the kind was attempted.

The evidence against the negro is strong.

SPOTTING THE NEGRO.

Miss McClure's throat was cut on last Tuesday evening.

No clue was found, however, until yesterday, when Officer Mercer was put on trail of Charles Taylor by Mr. G. B. Stewart, a saloon keeper on Peters street.

Mr. Stewart said Taylor filled the description of the negro who made the assault, as he was described by the lady and others who saw him.

He said that Taylor had been in his place frequently before the cutting, but never even appearing on Peters street since it occurred.

Last Tuesday evening was the last time he was in Stewart's place. Then he wore a long coat and derby hat, though he had been accustomed to wearing a short coat and a soft felt hat.

WHERE HE WAS CAUGHT.

Officer Mercer located Taylor at work on the new electric plant which is going up near the Gate City Planing mill.

His whereabouts were reported to Chief Connolly. Sergeant White and officers Steerman, Beavers and Mercer were sent out to make the capture.

The building where he was at work was surrounded, and the bird trapped.

He was dressed in a suit of old clothes not like those described by Miss McClure.

From the electric plant Taylor was taken to his room on Humphries street, and then he was made to change his clothes for a suit with long coat and derby hat which was found in his trunk.

After this the officers took him by Miss McClure's residence on Love street, on his way to the station house.

MISS M'CLURE IDENTIFIES HIM.

When Taylor was taken into Miss McClure's room, the lady was sitting propped up in bed. The instant she saw him she started slightly. After looking at him closely Miss McClure told Sergeant White and the other officers that she was positive he was the negro, but she did not exactly recognize the coat he had on.

After he had been landed in the station house officer Beavers was sent to search his room.

There he found a dark-colored overcoat which had marks on it that looked like blood stains.

This coat very much resembles the long coat which Miss McClure says the negro had on when he attacked her.

A long light coat was also found. This was brought to the station house with the black one.

Mr. James Donehoo, who saw the negro plainly just after the assault, said Taylor is the man after he had seen him yesterday.

IN THE STATION HOUSE.

Taylor was brought to the station house immediately after identification by Miss McClure.

Sergeant White had telephoned his capture to the station house. From there the news got out in the vicinity of the station, and when the patrol wagon drove up a crowd was on hand, eager to catch sight of the negro.

Taylor was under a strong guard of policemen, and without delay was hustled out of the wagon, through the crowd and inside the station house.

He was quickly unshackled, and before the crowd had had time to more than get a glimpse of him he was safely behind the bars of the dungeon.

REMOVED TO THE JAIL.

Soon after the crowd dispersed Chief Connolly decided that the jail was the safest place for Taylor.

At an opportune moment he detailed a sufficient guard, and with as little commotion as possible hurried the negro off to Fulton county jail.

The sheriff and jailor had been notified, and were in readiness to receive the negro when he arrived.

From the patrol wagon he was taken through the office and into the prison, where a cell was waiting to receive him.

As an extra precaution, the negro was shackled to the floor.

Nobody but the officers knew of the removal of Taylor to the jail, and the transfer was made without any sort of excitement.

AN UGLY-LOOKING NEGRO.

Taylor is a repulsive-looking negro. He is about thirty years old, of a dark color and ugly features.

He is six feet tall and weighs about 180 pounds. He has a shade of mustache.

To a CONSTITUTION reporter Taylor denied all knowledge or connection with the villainous crime charged against him.

He said he had not been on Love street in three month, and that he had been told by some of his friends on Peters street that the police wanted him, but he knew he was innocent of anything and didn't believe it.

When asked where he was last Tuesday evening, he said he was on Humphries street, where he boards.

ANOTHER NEGRO IDENTIFIED HIM.

It will be remembered that an hour or so before the assault upon Miss McClure was made, a negro, answering the description of the man who did the cutting, stopped and asked Andrew Coursey, another negro, where Love street was, Coursey at that time being in that vicinity.

Coursey saw Taylor yesterday, and gave it as his opinion to the police that he is the man who asked him where Love street was last Tuesday night, just before the lady was assaulted.

ALL QUIET AT THE JAIL.

At a late hour last night the jail was called up by telephone. Everything there was quiet, and the officers said they did not anticipate any trouble.

THE WEATHER REPORT.

WASHINGTON, March 2.—Forecast for Tuesday: Rain; warmer; easterly winds.

LOCAL OBSERVATIONS.

ATLANTA, Ga., March 2.—7 a. m.—Barometer, 30.30; thermometer, 38; dew point, 36; wind, east; velocity, 10; rainfall, .01; cloudy.

7 p. m.—Barometer, 30.14; thermometer, 39; dew point, 35; wind, southeast; velocity, 13; rainfall, .53; light rain.

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THEY LIKE IT!

THE CONSTITUTION'S ENTERPRISE EVERYWHERE COMMENDED

Old and Young, Rich and Poor Alike—They Predict a Big Increase in the Subscription List.

The editorial in Sunday's CONSTITUTION announcing the big reduction in its subscription price, has created a sensation all over the city and state. The general opinion among the people is that THE CONSTITUTION'S move will prove beneficial to the people, and especially to the many worthy and deserving, but needy ones, who have felt heretofore that they could not afford to pay the price asked. They can now read the daily and Sunday paper for $8 a year, all the while knowing that it is the cheapest and best paper in the south.

A large number of people talked to CONSTITUTION reporters yesterday and with one accord they expressed themselves as well pleased with the prospect of reading the news of the day at such a reasonable figure.

Here is what some of them said:

MR. JOHN PATE: "I think it a first-rate idea, and THE CONSTITUTION showed a commendable spirit of enterprise, considering the fact that the reduction was not forced upon it by competition."

DR. WILLIS WESTMORELAND: While the change doesn't effect me at all, I think THE CONSTITUTION deserves great credit for its action. I have been paying 5 cents a day to the newsboys for the paper and shall continue to buy it in that way, as they are little business men who deserve support."

MAJOR FRANK MILLER: "What do I think of it? Why, it is just the move that will suit all classes of people, from the highest to the lowest, and hundreds will now subscribe for the paper who felt before that the price was above their reach."

A DR. MCINTOSH, of Marietta: "THE CONSTITUTION has always been a popular paper in my town and now it will be more eagerly sought after than ever."

MR. H. S. HARALSON: "I have always been a subscriber of the paper and have more than got my money's worth; but, of course, you couldn't expect me to complain because a few dollars is knocked off the price of it."

M. L. LANIER, of West Point, Ga.: "If the city folks are so much pleased with the reduction, our people in the smaller towns are even more so. I am just suited by the change."

MR. H. N. STARNER: "The reduction in price will prove popular with everybody. I, for one, look upon THE CONSTITUTION'S action as a good stroke of enterprise, and think the paper will be more popular than ever."

MR. A. WOLF: "Atlanta's old standby will be more popular than ever with the masses now."

MR. SAM HOWELL: "There is no doubt the move will prove popular. The paper is read freely now, but now everybody will want it."

MR. E. A. WERNER: "Of course I am suited with the change in price. It is a good paper and just the kind of a newspaper a growing and thriving town like this requires."

MR. JAMES T. DUNLAP: "That is a funny question to ask. Did you ever see a civilized human being who was not pleased on getting a good article at a cheap price? But joking aside, THE CONSTITUTION will benefit by the change, and will be more popular than ever before."

MR. A. G. JACKSON: "Everybody is pleased with the action of THE CONSTITUTION, which now proposes to furnish them with all the news of the city and country in general at a much cheaper rate than formerly."

MR. E. G. MOORE: "THE CONSTITUTION is a great paper, and evidently in a prosperous condition, or it could not have afforded to reduce its subscription price. Its proprietors may look for a large increase in its list of subscribers, that is certain."

MR. JOHN SMITH, the carriage man: "The paper was worth every cent of the old price, but I suppose a reduction was good business policy."

MR. ROBERT MILLER, of the Atlanta Real Estate Exchange: "I think it was a good move. It will enable those who could not take the paper before to take it now. But the paper was worth more than the old price, even."

MR. D. COLLINS: "It was a good idea. I believe the circulation will be so increased that there will be no money lost."

MR. L. WILSON: "I am glad to see the reduction, and I believe the paper will be benefited by it."

MR. TAYLOR: "THE CONSTITUTION shows its progressiveness and its prosperity by the reduced subscription price."

CAPTAIN CLIFFORD ANDERSON: "The new rate is in keeping with the times."

MR. SAMUEL W. GOODE: There was no need of a reduction. The paper grew better all the time, and was certainly worth the money. From a business standpoint, however, the reduced price, I believe, will be successful."

MR. ALBERT L. BECK: "I think THE CONSTITUTION will be more popular than ever."

CAPTAIN JOHN LOYD: "The circulation will be greatly increased by it, I believe. The paper will now be in reach of many who could not afford it before."

MR. W. H. PATTERSON: "It is on the right line. Many more people will take the paper."

MR. ANDEW STEWART: "I think it is a good move, still, it was cheap enough before. I never objected to the price, for I certainly got my money's worth."

CAPTAIN J. W. MORROW: "Sorry they didn't do it ten years ago. I would have been better off. But I can't do without my CONSTITUTION. I think it a splendid thing."

MR. C. T. LADSON: "It is an admirable move, in keeping with THE CONSTITUTION'S past history and is an earnest of its prosperous future. It is cosmopolitan and progressive."

MR. W. T. MAYERS: "It shows a liberal spirit on the part of a management noted for its liberality."

W. C. LEIGH: "I was perfectly willing to pay the price before, but I think this shows a metropolitan spirit, more in keeping with THE CONSTITUTION."

"THE CONSTITUTION will lose nothing by the reduction," remarked Mr. THOMAS B. FELDER, JR., of the law firm of Hines & Felder, "and the people will get our best paper at less cost."

JUDGE FAIN, of Calhoun, said: "THE CONSTITUTION is the grandest paper in the south, and I am glad to know of the great prosperity which makes such reduction possible."

MR. H. M. PATTERSON: "I think that it will meet with the approval of the public, and that it will increase the circulation of this great and progressive journal. A large class of people who were heretofore taken only the Sunday edition, because they felt that they could ill afford to take the daily, will now take both; and the movement will be productive of many benefits all around."

JUDGE W. L. CALHOUN: "It is a good move. It will double its circulation."

COLONEL B. F. ABBOTT: "It is the greatest move imaginable. I have always contended that anything that would benefit the masses like that was an act of benevolence, and it is a good thing for a great paper like THE CONSTITUTION to inaugurate such a movement, when it can afford to print and put 200,000 copies for $6 so much better than 100,000 copies for $10 a year."

MR. T. M. BELL, of Gainesville, said: "THE CONSTITUTION has hit the key note."

"THE CONSTITUTION was certainly worth its old subscription price," said ex-Councilman M. F. AHORNS, "but I am glad that its sphere of usefulness will be enlarged."

MR. B. F. PERRY, of The Cherokee Advance, said: "The reduction is in keeping with the progressive spirit of THE CONSTITUTION, and should bring a large increase of circulation."

"THE CONSTITUTION is the greatest paper in the south," said Mr. V. T. STEPHENS, of Hampton, Stephens & Co., "and I am glad to see it placed within the reach of all."

SOME SOCIETY NOTES.

On Sunday Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Gann celebrated the seventh birthday of their charming little daughter, Ruby, at their home. Quite a number of guests were present, and little Miss Ruby was the recipient of several handsome presents from friends. Among the guests were Mr. W. R. Harris, Mrs. J. B. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Harris, Miss Della Aiken, Mrs. M. B. Dausby, of Lithonia.

Mrs. Edward H. Baker of Tompkinsville, Fla., is visiting her mother, Mrs. T. G. Crusselle, 362 West Peachtree street.

The young ladies of the third grade of the Girls' high school, under the escort of Major Slaton, spent an hour in THE CONSTITUTION building yesterday, where they were initiated into the mysteries of the manufacture of a newspaper. Two-thirds of the visitors had never seen a printing press before. After witnessing the work in the different departments of THE CONSTITUTION building, they were shown through the Western Union telegraph office.

AT THE THEATER.

A sterling actor is Mr. McKee Rankin, and a play is and, in many respects, interesting play is "The Canuck."

The character of the old French-Canadian farmer is something entirely new to the stage. In the north, but, it is new to us in the south, but the quaint old man, with his unique patois, is none the less welcome because we have never met him before. In his simplicity, his honest methods, his home-like wit, he is altogether delightful; and in Mr. Rankin's hands we find all of these traits exquisitely handled.

The audience last night was a large one. The play was given a hearty reception, and Mr. Rankin was himself the recipient of much applause. He was called before the curtain at the conclusion of every act.

The other roles were in excellent hands. Mr. Cowles, who tokes the part of the old Vermont farmer, furnishes an excellent foil to Mr. Rankin.

Mr. Hodges, as Tom Stebbins; Mr. Arper, as the New York sport, and Mr. Hawley, as a farm hand, all acted creditably.

Miss Mabel Bert, in the dual role of Archarge and Angelique Bisquette, was charming. Miss Mower gave an excellent bit of acting as Farmer Stebbin's wife, and Miss Atwood deserves mention.

The company as a whole is a good one. The play belongs to the same class as "The Old Homestead" and others of that ilk, and is sure to be popular.

The same company and the same play at matinee today and tonight.

"The Fat Men's Club."

The Norfolk Landmark said of this funny play: "The 'Fat Men's Club.' This is the title of a musical comedy given at the Academy of Music last night, by J. C. Stewart and his company, before a large audience. First and foremost, of course, comes J. C. Stewart, whose mammoth size does not prevent his being the life of the play. His comicalities kept the audience in a roar, and his efforts at fun-making were ably seconded by the company, which is far above the usual farce aggregation, especially in the way of specialties."

STABBED TO DEATH.

The Body of a Dead Tramp Found in Cedar Creek.

Murder most foul.

The body of an unknown tramp was found in Cedar creek, just above its junction with the Chattahoochee river, in Coweta county early Sunday morning.

A tenant named Walker on the farm of the Hon. J. P. Jones, ex-representative from the Coweta district, took a lot of cattle down to the creek to give them water, and there discovered the remains lying in the water near the bank.

The body was allowed to lie there until 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when it was taken out and a coroner's jury summond.

The remains were attired in a cheap and much-worn suit of clothes, and from their appearance had evidently been in the water about ten days.

The man had been stabbed under the right arm and the skull was crushed in by a blow on the temple, made evidently by a blunt instrument.

The nature of the wounds disproved any suicide theory that could have been advanced, and the coroner's jury, after a thorough examination of the remains and a careful consideration of the facts brought out, decided that the man had been murdered by a party or parties unknown.

A Mr. Osmore, a farmer living in Coweta county, near the point in question, testified before the jury that the dead man had eaten dinner at his house a week ago last Tuesday. While there he dropped some remarks that led his host to think he had come from Australia.

Beyond this nothing further concerning him could be ascertained, as there was nothing upon his person that tended to reveal his identity.

Absolutely no clue can be obtained to the perpetrators of the dastardly deed. No theory can be advanced as to what motives inspired the murderers, as he was but a tramp, and could have had no money or valuables about him.

The body was buried at the Coweta county poor farm yesterday morning.

BOLD FOOTPADS.

Mr. Porter Woodson and Mr. Joe Jones Assaulted.

A bold attempt at highway robbery was committed between 12 and 1 o'clock this morning.

Mr. Porter Woodson and Mr. Joe Jones, both gentlemen connected with the Merchants' bank, were the victims of the assault.

Neither was hurt and the footpads did not secure any booty.

Last night Messrs. Woodson and Jones remained at the bank until late, working on their books.

When they came out, both started down Alabama street, towards Pryor, on their way to Durand's restaurant to get a lunch.

Before they had gone fifty feet, two men sprang out of a stairway leading over Arnold, Carlton & McCord's store and attacked them.

Messrs. Woodson and Jones succeeded in throwing off their assailants, who ran off up Alabama street toward the railroad.

Officer Baldwin heard the noise of the encounter and gave pursuit, but they escaped.

An hour later Jack Sailors and a young man named Smith, from Campbell county, were arrested by Officers Long and Baldwin.

They will be held for investigation.

THEY FEARED A LYNCHING.

John Jackson, Who Killed Ben Brown, Under Arrest.

The governor yesterday received this telegram, referring to the negro, John Jackson, who killed Ben Brown, of Rochelle, Wilcox county, Georgia, on the 21st of February:

MCRAE, Ga.—Governor W. J. Northen: Arrested John Jackson, of Rochelle, murderer. Lynching threatened. Advise disposition quick.
JESSE PAULK.

The governor replied:

March 2d—Jesse Paulk, McRae, Ga.: Call on sheriff to protect prisoner, who can summon to his aid every arms-bearing man in this county. Have wired him also. W. J. NORTHEN.

This message was sent to the sheriff of Telfair county.

March 2d.—F. M. Allagood, McRae, Ga.: Am advised that lynching of Jonn Jackson, a prisoner at McRae, is threatened. Protect him with all the power the law gives you, summon to your aid a sufficient force to preserve order and protect life and save your county from the disgrace of a public murder. W. J. NORTHEN.

FUNERAL OF MR. WYNNE.

The body of Mr. Charles E. Wynne will be interred in Oakland today.

Mr. Wynne died at Gadsden, Ala., Sunday morning at 4 o'clock. He was a young man, twenty-seven years of age, a son of Mr. W. B. Wynne, a former resident of Atlanta.

Mr. Charles E. Wynne was formerly in the directory business with Mr. Weatherby, but three years ago went to Chattanooga and from there to Gadsden.

He married Miss Julia Janes, youngest daughter of Professor Janes, of this city, seven years ago, and is a brother-in-law of Mr. G. N. Meade.

The remains were taken to the residence of Mr. C. H. Swift on their arrival yesterday evening, and the funeral services will be conducted at the residence, No. 423 South Pryor street, at 10 o'clock this morning. The body will be interred in Oakland.

A Sad Death.

Mrs. Joe Bagwell, whose death occurred yesterday morning, leaves a family of four children besides a heart-broken husband to mourn her loss. The funeral will occur today.

To Be Sent to Griffin.

The body of Dr. T. A. Warren will be sent to Griffin at 7:10 o'clock this morning for burial.

Death of Mrs. Morris.

Mrs. B. H. Morris died at her home, No. 12 Martin street, Sunday night at 11:30 o'clock, after a long illness. She will be buried at Rutledge this morning at 10:30 o'clock.

A Great Lodge.

Last night in the Hillyer building, corner Alabama and Broad streets, a new lodge of the order of the Golden Choice was instituted by Mr. William Mickelberry. It has a charter list of over 200 members, being the largest order ever organized in this state. It was named in honor of the late Henry W. Grady. The following officers were elected and duly installed: J. A. LeSeur, past commander; H. M. Patterson, commander; K. H. Kieferstein, assistant commander; W. J. Alberts, vice commander; W. J. Shockly, secretary; J. L. McWhorter, collector; J. C. Allen, treasurer; J. D. Dodd, guide; W. H. Dunnaway, guardian; Price E. Murray, medical examiner.

The Royal Arcanum.

This well-known institution is always first to pay. Witness the following:

Received of Amos Fox, treasurer Atlanta council No. 160 Royal Arcanum, $3,000 in full of benefit certificate No. 162,502, being in full of all demands against the supreme council of the Royal Arcanum. Accept my thanks for the prompt manner in which the money was paid to me without any expense whatever. PAULINE MAY,
Widow of the late Mayor May.

THE ATLANTA MEDICAL

THIRTY-THIRD ANNUAL COMMENCEMENT EXERCISES YESTERDAY.

Presentation of Diplomas and Conferring Degrees With the Usual Attendant Ceremonies.

There were eighty one full-fledged physicians made yesterday.

Or, in other words, as physicians, like poets, are born and not made, the education of that number of young men who have been attending the old Atlanta Medical, was completed yesterday.

There was never a finer looking body of young men graduating from this time-honored institution than the class of 1891.

The attendance for the year was very large, from 150 to 200 students, and those who passed the final examination and received their diplomas were all first-class young gentlemen, filled with the honorable and laudable desire to rise to the highest possible rank in the profession which they have chosen.

The Graduating Exercises.

DeGive's opera house was filled with a very large audience yesterday afternoon, when the closing exercises began. The faculty, in full force, occupied seats on the stage.

After a fervent prayer by Rev. W. D. Anderson, D. D., of the First Methodist church, Dr. W. S. Kendrick, proctor, then read the annual report of the faculty, as follows:

Board of Trustees Atlanta Medical College—Mr. President: The session coming to a close has been the most successful one in the history of the school, both as to the number in attendance and the financial standing of the institution.

There were present during the term 163. Of these Georgia furnished 120, Alabama 15, South Carolina 9, North Carolina 5, Texas 7, Florida 2, New York 1, New Mexico 1, Louisiana 1, Mississippi 1, Cuba 1. Of these, seventy-nine have passed a satisfactory examination and ask for the degree of doctor of medicine and two additional for the ad eundem degree.

As a rule they are sober, industrious and intelligent, and bid fair to do honor to the institution that gives them professional birth.

Dr. J. A. Weaver, first honor; Dr. B. S. Burton, second honor; Dr. L. B. Bouchelle, Jr., third honor.

Honorable Mention—Dr. J. F. Stewart, Dr. Frank Park, Dr. H. S. Bruce, Dr. R. E. Smith, Dr. F. W. Coill.

This report showed a most gratifying state of affairs, and showed that the Atlanta Medical College, one of the oldest and best medical colleges in the south, has made a splendid record during the past term, and the outlook for its future prosperity is most promising.

Conferring Degrees.

To Hon. N. J. Hammond, the distinguished president of the board of trustees, befell the pleasant duty of conferring the degrees and delivering the diplomas.

As is customary, the ceremonial was carried on in Latin, and never were there exercises conducted with more satisfactory or happier effect. The eighty-one graduates who listened to the exercises will not soon forget their impressiveness.

Orator of the Day.

After music Professor Charles H. Lane was introduced as orator, and proceeded to address the graduating class and the audience.

His address was in his happiest vein, and was one of the most entertaining and interesting speeches ever made to such an audience.

From time to time he was interrupted by appreciative plaudits, with frequent bursts of merriment, as he related some incident or anecdote of more than ordinary interest.

The Valedictory.

Dr. Frank Park followed with the valedictory, which was very beautifully rendered, and filled with wholesome advice and encouragement to those who are about to launch upon the untried realm of professional life and work. Dr. Park possesses a rare combination of professional aptitude and oratorical ability, and his speech made a hit with his hearers.

This concluded the exercises, except the delivery of prizes and honorable mention.

Delivering the Medals.

Rev. Dr. W. D. Anderson delivered the three handsome gold medals to those who won the banner, in a most appropriate address.

They were Dr. J. A. Weaver, first honor; Dr. B. S. Burton, second, and Dr. L. B. Bouchelle, Jr.

Dr. W. S. Kendrick, proctor then read out the list of those who were entitled to honorable mention.

They were Dr. F. F. Stewart, Dr. Frank Pass, Dr. H. C. Bruce, Dr. Ralph E. Smith, (a son of Bill Arp) and Dr. T. W. Doyle.

As the different names were read out there were frequent acclamations from their many friends in the audiance.

An Appropriate Presentation.

After the conclusion of the regular exercises there was a very pleasant little presentation episode.

Dr. W. R. Slack, of LaGrange, with a short presentation speech, in which he referred to the courtesies, kindness and the instructive lectures of Dr. Clarence Johnson, presented to the latter a handsome gold-headed cane, appropriately inscribed, as a small token of the ability and kindness of the recipient from the class of 1891.

Dr. Johnson's reply was in keeping with the address of the spokesman of the class, and he took occasion to thank them for their kindly remembrance, and to wish them God-speed in their professional life and work.

The exercises closed with prayer by Rev. Dr. W. D. Anderson, the young doctors departing for their various fields of labor followed by the best wishes of many friends.

EVANGELICAL ASSOCIATION.

The Use of Fairs, Festivals and Other Entertainments to Raise Money Discussed.

A meeting of the Evangelical Ministers' Association was held yesterday at 11 o'clock at the lecture room of the First Methodist church.

Dr. Hawthorne, who was elected president at the last meeting, presided, and Rev. T. P. Cleveland, who was re-elected, acted as secretary.

The discussion, at the previous meeting, of the resolution of Dr. W. D. Anderson condemning the use of fairs, festivals and musical and literary entertainments as a means of raising money for church purposes, and the substitute offered by Dr. J. William Jones, condemning the abuse of such entertainments as a means of raising money for church purposes, was continued.

The debate was quite animated. Dr. Hawthorne, Dr. McDonald, Rev. A. R. Holderby, Rev. A. W. Mitchell, Dr. W. D. Anderson, Rev. T. P. Cleveland and Rev. J. R. King participated in the discussion.

There is a great diversity of opinion among the members of the association on this question, and action on the substitute and resolution was postponed until the next meeting.

A delegation of ladies, from the Woman's Christian Temperance Union, composed of Mrs. F. W. Miller, chairman; Mrs. M. L. McLendon, E. C. Witter, Mrs. Dr. Anton and Mrs. D. Dougherty, appeared before the association and presented a paper calling on the members of the association to remember that the 20th of March was not only Easter Sunday but also Temperance Sunday, and requesting that on that day they make temperance the subject of their discussion, and that they ask the superintendents of their various Sunday schools to address the children on total abstinence.

In response to which the following resolution was passed:

"In as much as previous arrancements have been made, for supplying their pupilts on that Sabbath, by some of the pastors' that it be left to the discretion of each pastor to conform to the courteous request."

STABBED IN THE BREAST

And the Blade Only Missed the Heart by Half an Inch.

There was a very serious stabbing on Ivy street yesterday afternoon.

Shell Haynes and Gus Hall were the principals.

Haynes stabbed Hall in the left breast within an inch of his heart, and it was only the prompt work of Dr. N. O. Harris that saved him from dying in the room where the affray occurred.

The cutting grew out of a quarrel over a game of pool in Jack Ryan's poolroom on Ivy street, between Decatur and Edgewood avenue.

At the time the place was crowded with negroes and the row came near being general.

After Haynes had stuck his knife into Hall, Raph Hill, another negro, handed him a pistol and Haynes turned on Alonzo Evans, who was about to take up Hall's quarrel.

The sight of the pistol quelled the crowd, and before the police could arrive Haynes made his escape.

He has not yet been caught.

Hall was taken to his home, back of No. 4 engine house.

Dr. Harris says his wound is very serious, but not necessarily fatal.

When last heard from last night Hall was still alive.

THE SCOTCH-IRISH.

An Interesting Meeting of the Local Society Last Night.

The Scotch-Irish Society held a regular meeting last night at the Central Presbyterian church. The business transacted consisted in the arranging for the annual congress at Louisville on May 14th, and the anniversary celebration on May 20th, in Atlanta.

As the privilege is extended to each society to send one representative for every five members, the following twenty gentlemen were elected as delegates to Louisville:

Messrs. W. Hugh Hunter, W. G. Cooper, G. W. Adair, Hooper Alexander, K. C. Divine, G. B. Forbes, C. L. Anderson, J. McIntosh Kell, A. J. McBride, H. M. Patterson, H. Quigg, F. H. Worke, D. O. Stewart, H. G. Saunders, A. P. Stewart, R. H. Wilson, T. H. P. Bloodworth, Samuel Barnett, George W. Scott and A. E. Calhoun.

A committee, composed of Messrs. H. Alexander, T. Mitchell and Dr. Kendrick, was appointed to procure speakers and make other necessary arraigements for the celebration.

It was proposed to admit ladies to membership, but consideration was postponed until the next meeting.

The society continues in a flourishing condition, and great interest is being manifested in its work.

COTTON WAY DOWN.

The Bottom Seems to Have Fallen Out of August.

When, on the 18th of February, August cotton touched the lowest price ever recorded for that month (8.98) the trade generally thought the bottom had been reached; but the trade was mistaken, as yesterday a still lower figure was recorded, 8.93 being posted on the board.

And it is thought the end is not yet.

The market closed easy on Saturday, August being quoted at 9.03. It was expected that prices would improve slightly on Monday, but Liverpool came easy, with light sales and about 1-64 lower, and the New York market responded correspondingly.

"The New York market will have to receive its strength from abroad," said a well-known cotton man yesterday, "and until trade and prices improve out there, we will have to drag along with always lower prices probable."

The volume of receipts is unprecedented and unlooked for even by the most sanguine high-crop estimate bear, and it seems as if there would never let up in them. For this week last year 62,056 be bales were received at the ports; for two days this week 40,682 bales have been received, with 18,000 bales estimated for today.

AT WEST END.

A Citizens' Meeting and a Meeting of the City Council Last Night.

A meeting of the citizens of West End was held last night for the purpose of considering the general welfare of the city, and especially as to whether it was desirable to issue bonds for permanent street improvements.

On this question the meeting was unanimous, and a resolution was introduced recommending that the mayor and council proceed to negotiate $50,000, of twenty-year 6 per cent bonds to be applied to that purpose.

After the adjournment of the citizens' meeting a meeting of the city council was held at which it was decided that the paving of Gordon street be proceeded with at once.

TREATS IN MUSIC.

CONCERTS WHICH WILL DELIGHT THE SOULS OF MUSIC-LOVERS.

Miss Golden's Concert at the Y. M. C. A. Tomorrow—The Famous Mendlessohn Quintette Club.

Lent brings a dearth of entertainments other than musical, but to the lovers of good music there is much to compensate for any lack of other kinds of entertainment.

Just now there are several rare treats ahead. The first of these is the concert at the Young Men's Christian Association hall this evening, to be given by Miss A. J. Golden, assisted by Mrs. M. M. O'Brien and Mr. Natorp Blumenfeld. These names are, in themselves, a sufficient guarantee of the high character of the entertainment. Miss Golden has few equals as a pianist. Mr. Blumenfeld is an artist of high order of talent. Mrs. O'Brien's pure contralto has been highly praised by the most eminent judges, and her appearance will doubtless prove what show people call a drawing card. Mrs. Mary Madden, whose pupil Miss Golden is, will also assist in the last number, rondo for two pianos, op. 73, Chopin.

An interesting announcement is made in this connection. It is that Mrs. O'Brien, who, both as Miss Flynn, daughter of the late John Flynn, and since her marriage, has been recognized as one of Atlanta's sweetest singers, is to go upon the stage. Her voice is a peculiarly rich and clear contralto, and will doubtless bring its possessor fame either in concert or in opera.

The programme of tonight's concert is:

Sonata, for piano and violin, op. 13, Rubinstein; Moderato con Moto—Moderato—Scherzo—Finale—Miss A. J. Golden and Mr. Natorp Blumenfeld.

Recitative and Cavatina, Ah! quel giorino—Semiramide—Mrs. M. M. O'Brien.

Piano Solos—(a.) Staccato Etude, op. 23, Rubinstein; (b.) Song without words, No. 1, op. 19, Mendlessohn; (c.) Scherzo in B flat minor, op. 20, Chopin—Miss A. J. Golden.

Violin solo—Second and third movements E minor, Mendlessohn. Andante—Allegro molto vivace—Mr. Natorp Blumenfeld.

Songs—(a) "Even as," G. W. Marston; (b) "Thou Art Like Unto a Flower," Rubinstein; (c) Angel's serenade with violin obligato Braga—Mrs M. M. O'Brien; violin, Mr Blumenfeld.

Rondo for two pianos, op. 73, Chopin—Mrs. A. J. Golden and Mrs. Mary Madden.

The Mendlessohn.

Of the instrumental smaller organizations of this country, the Mendlessohn Quintette Club, of Boston, undoubtedly stands first.

There have been quintette clubs and quintette clubs, but the original and leading one—in fact the only one worthy of serious consideration—is that of which the musical patriarch, Mr. Thomas Ryan, is the head.

On Wednesday evening this organization will give one of their delightful concerts at DeGive's. There is much more interest than usual in the visit of the club this year, for it comes under the auspices of an organization of which all Atlanta is proud, the Atlanta Rifles.

The members the Quintette Club are all well known for their proficiency in their especial lines.

Miss Marie Barnard, the prima donna, has been very highly praised by the press everywhere. Mr. Schnitzler, the Messrs. Jennison and Mr. Hennenberg are all artists of the highest order of merit.

A pretty feature of this entertainment will be the presentation of a handsome flag to the Rifles. The company will attend in full uniform and all their friends will doubtless be there.

Mr. Rehm's Concert.

Mr. William C. Rehm, pianist and teacher, will give a grand concert at DeGive's opera house on March 12th, and will be assisted by first-class talent.

Mrs. E. S. Kendrick, soprano, who will appear for the last time in Atlanta, as she will settle in Philadelphia, will be one of those who will appear; as will Mr. William Owens, the new tenor, whose first appearance this will be; Mr. Samuel Burbank, the favorite baritone; Mr. Edward Jung, the amateur violinist, who also makes his first appearance before an Atlanta audience. Mr. Jung is a former pupil of the Cincinnati College of Music, and is a gifted violinist with excellent schooling.

His conceptions are said to be poetic in the extreme, while his technique is of so dashing a style as to arouse an audience, however cold, into the warmth of enthusiasm.

Mr. Alfredo Barili and Mr. John G. Evins will be the pianists. Mr. Barili has not been heard here for a long time; so every one will surely be pleased of the opportunity offered them in hearing him again. Mr Evins is an advanced pupil of Mr. Rehm. It is said that Mr. Rehm will arrange a programme which will undoubtedly prove one of the most interesting Atlanta's music-loving people have yet witnessed.

A PLEASANT TRIP.

Mr. J. M. Robinson Carries a Large Party to Cincinnati.

There was a big trip organized by Mr. John M Robinson, representing Thompson, Stewart & Co., of Cincinnati, yesterday.

Mr. Robinson's headquarters are in Atlanta, and he had sent out invitations to all his customers in the principal cities of the state to join in an excursion to Cincinnati.

A large number of the leading millinery firms accepted the invitation, and a party of between thirty-five and forty was in readiness at 1:45 o'clock, when the train pulled out over the Western and Atlantic and Cincinnati Southern.

A large majority of the party were ladies, and the elegant special Pullman combination hotel car was selected with a view especially for their accommodation. The trip will be a most pleasant one, the party arriving in Cincinnati in time to attend the great spring opening of the millinery houses.

This is the first excursion of the kind ever organized in the state, and its success is due solely to Mr. Robinson's energy and enterprise.

PUBLIC SAFETY
DEMANDS

That only honest and reliable medicines should be placed upon the market. It cannot, therefore, be stated too emphatically, nor repeated too often, that all who are in need of a **genuine Blood-purifier** should be sure and ask for

Ayer's
Sarsaparilla

has been the standard blood-purifier of the world—no other approaching it in popular confidence or universal demand. Its formula is approved by the leading physicians and druggists. Being pure and highly concentrated, it is the most economical of any possible blood medicine. Every purchaser of Sarsaparilla should insist upon having this preparation and see that each bottle bears the well-known name of

J. C. Ayer & Co.,
Lowell, Mass.

In every quarter of the globe **Ayer's Sarsaparilla** is proved to be the best remedy for all diseases of the blood. **Lowell druggists** unite in testifying to the superior excellence of this medicine and to its great popularity in the city of its manufacture.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla
PREPARED BY
DR. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by Druggists. $1, six $5. Worth $5 a bottle.

SICK HEADACHE

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

Positively Cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue, Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER, &c. They regulate the Bowels and prevent Constipation and Piles. The smallest and easiest to take. Only one pill a dose. Purely vegetable. Price 25 cents.

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We'll Make For You A Suit to Order That Will Be of The Best Quality, And Of High Grade Workmanship And What's More Important—Perfect Fitting, At From $22.50 Up.

Trousers to order From $6.50.

See Samples In Our Corner Window.

You'll Like Them.

A. Rosenfeld & Fox:
Arbiters of Men's Fashions,
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MARCH!



March is known as the windy month. It is known also as the month in which people are in need of Clothing, Furnishing Goods or Hats. March right up Whitehall st., until they come to our store, No. 37, where they know they will find everything they want at prices that are right. We are marching right to the front.

FETZER'S CLOTHING STORE

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—U. S. Gov't Report, Aug. 17, 1889.

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE

WHOLESALE BY H. A. BOYNTON AND SHROPSHIRE & DODD, ATLANTA, G

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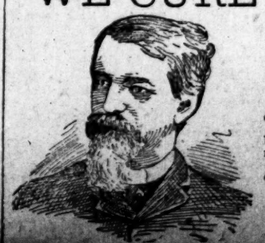
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FUNERAL NOTICE.

WYNNE—The friends and acquaintances of W. B. Wynne, Mrs. C. H. Swift, E. N. Mead and John Wynne are invited to attend the funeral of C. C. Wynne, at C. H. Swift's residence, 423 South Pryor street, at 3 o'clock this afternoon. Interment in Oakland.

MEETING NOTICE.

Atlanta Rifles, Attention.



Regular monthly meeting this evening at 8 o'clock. Every member is urgently requested to be present, as business of importance will be brought before the company.

MACON B. SPENCER, Captain Commanding.
REUBEN C. HAYDEN, First Sergeant.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE

BONDS, STOCKS AND MONEY.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, March 2, 1891.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50@$2.50 ⅌ 1000 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations:

STATE AND CITY BONDS.			
New Ga. 3½s 27 to 30 years	100	102½	
New Ga. 3½s, 35 to 40 years	100	103	
New Ga. 4½s, 1915	115	116½	
Georgia 7s, 1896	112	113	
Savannah 8s	102		
Atlanta 8s, 1902	124		
Atlanta 8s, 1892	101		
Atlanta 7s, 1904	115		
ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.			
Atlanta Nat'l	350		
Atlanta B. Co.	130		
Ger. L'n & B. Co.	105		
Merch. Bank	150		
Bank S. of Ga.	150		
Gate City Nat.	145		
Capitol City	120½	122½	
RAILROAD BONDS.			
Ga. 6s, 1897	103	106½	
Ga. 6s, 1910	112		
Ga. 6s, 1922	114		
Central 7s, 1893	102		
Char. Col. & A.	105½	100	
At. & Florida			
RAILROAD STOCKS.			
Georgia	201	202½	
Southwestern	123	125	
Central	114	116	
Cent. deben	93½	95½	

Atlanta 7s, 1899	110		
Atlanta 6s, L. D.	110		
Atlanta 6s, S. D.	100		
Atlanta 5s, L. D.	103		
Atlanta 4½s	102		104
Augusta 7s, L. D.	115		
Macon 6s	112		
Columbus 6s	100		
Rome graded	101		
Waterworks 6s	103		
Rome 5s	95		96
Lowry B'k Co.	140		150
Atlanta Trust & Banking Co	130		
Am'n Banking & Trust Co.	103		105
South'n Bank'g & Trust Co.	105		
Ga. Pacific, 1st	109		111
Ga. Pacific, 2d	73		75
A. P. & L. 1st 7s	110		80
Mari'ta & N. G.			90
S., A. & M., 1st	88		92
Aug. & Sav	135		
A. & W. P.	108½	109½	
do. deben	96	99	

THE NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The only topics of conversation in stock circles over Sunday were the probability of the immediate passage of the shipping subsidy bill and the immediate prospects of the Chicago, Burlington and Quincy road.

The market opened slightly lower, and, notwithstanding the weakness in Burlington, failed to go lower, but toward noon developed strength, with Pacific Mail and the whole list advanced a slight fraction. In the afternoon there was some strength and activity in new sugar stock, and it scored a rise of nearly 2 per cent, which was well held throughout the day. The high price to which Pacific Mail was pushed, however, induced realizing on the part of the bears, who attacked Louisville and Nashville with success, and the improvement in Pacific Mail was completely wiped out before the close of the market. This carried the general list down, and everything which had been firm to strong within narrow limits during the forenoon was carried down below the opening prices. Stocks outside of leaders, however, failed to make any marked movement, though there was considerable pressure brought upon St. Paul and the Grangers. Burlington continued active, but did not yield much in the afternoon. The market finally closed quiet and heavy, after a slight rally from the lowest figures. The day was the most active for the past two weeks. The sales of listed aggregated 161,000 shares; unlisted, 18,000 shares.

Exchange quiet but steady at 486@489; commercial bills 484½@487.

Money easy 2½@4, closing offered at 4.

Sub-treasury balances: Coin, $151,938,000; currency, $7,990,000.

Governments dull but steady; 4s 121; 4½s 101⅞, ex-dividend.

State bonds dull but steady.

Ala., Class A, 2 to 5	104	N. Y. Central	102⅛
do., Class B, 5s	105	Norfolk & West. pref.	64
do., Class B, 6s	124	Northern Pacific	27½
N. & C. 6s	96¾	do. preferred	71¼
do. 4s	93	Pacific Mail	38½
S. C. con. Brown	103¼	Reading	31¾
Tennessee 6s	100	Rich. & W. P. Ter.	18⅜
Tennessee 5s	71	Rock Island	67⅜
Tenn. settlement	38	St. Paul	55⅞
Virginia 6s	50	do. Preferred	112
Virginia consols	35	Texas Pacific	14⅛
Virginia cons 2-3	105½	Tenn. Coal & Iron	36
Chicago and N. W.	138	Union Pacific	44⅞
do. preferred	137½	N. J. Central	115
Del. and Lack.	139¼	Missouri Pacific	66⅜
Erie	21½	Western Union	80⅝
East Tenn., new	73½	Cotton Oil Trust	22¼
Lake Shore	111¼	Brunswick	80⅝
Louisville & Nash.	73½	Mobile & Ohio	23
Memphis & Char.	38	Silver certificates	68
Mobile & Ohio	38		97⅜
Nash. & Chat.	92		
N. O. Pacific 1st	85		

Private Wire Telegram to Youngblood & Haas.

NEW YORK, March 2.—The leading features of today's market was the sale of about 8,000 shares of Chicago, Burlington and Quincy by a house who has been very prominent in the stock of late. They sold a block of stocks around 79c and covered the same again with a small profit. It is thought that this is mostly short stock. The feeling in Chicago, Bulington and Quincy is still immensely bearish, but we think the time is as come when it will pay to trade in this stock on the bull side. People compare this stock with other 4 per cent ones, and think it ought to sell at the same price, but the physical condition of the former is far superior to most roads, and the past record is also worth something. When it became known that the senate had passed the postal subsidy bill, Pacific Mail shot up to 40⅜ in quick order. It is said by the presidency of this company that the new bill will increase the revenue $500,000 a year at 2½ per cent on the capital stock. They have been doing very well for the past year and will give it a chance.

The market will give it a chance.

The uncertainty of the resignation of the president of the Louisville and Nashville is making people very cautious about trading in that stock. If Europe does not come to the rescue tomorrow the bears promise to make it very interesting for the friends of this property. A story went around late in the day that the force bill has been put up again. The bond market has been very dull all day.

CAHN & CO.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, March 2.

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
March	8.61@8.69	8.56@8.59
April	8.72@	8.66@8.67
May	8.82@	8.75@8.76
June	8.89@	8.84@8.85
July	8.98@	8.91@8.92
August	9.01@	8.94@8.95
September	9.04@	8.95@9.06
October	9.03@	8.99@9.01
November	9.05@	9.01@9.03
December	9.06@	9.05@9.06

Closed quiet and steady; sales 109,000 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS.		STOCK.	
	1891	1890	1891	1890	1891	1890
Saturday	23456	11191	14245	39856	743073	546515
Monday	17226	9258	40167	17638	712387	532420
Tuesday						
Wednesday						
Thursday						
Friday						
Total	40682	20459	54412	57394		

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January		July	8.63
February		August	8.64
March	8.38	September	8.61
April	8.43	October	8.61
May	8.46	November	8.60
June	8.55	December	8.61

Closed steady; sales 35,100 bales.

Local—Market quiet; middling 8⅞c.

The following is our statement of receipts and shipments:

Receipts	27
Receipts previously	124,188
Total	124,215
Stock September 1	330
Grand total	124,545
Shipments	112,961
Shipped previously	
Total	112,961
Stock on hand	11,584

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, March 2.—[Special.]—Manchester buys very slowly in Liverpool, taking only 7,000 bales today, and the arrival, market, under the pressure of cotton offered from America, closes quiet at the lowest prices of the year without support from Manchester. Our market opened easier and declined slowly under the pressure of the heavy receipts to rally slightly at the close, but with no indication that the decline had ceased. The movement is no longer on the scale of an 8,000,000 bales, but of a crop exceeding 8,000,000 bales, and where the short interest covers daily preventing a sharp break the market sags. In truth, the trade are dumbfounded at the movement of the crop; and, though they are not disposed to follow the decline further, there seems to be no feature to encourage buying, even for a reaction as long as Manchester remains out of the market and receipts continue. Comparisons of the receipts with the movement of last year are crushing, the receipts at the ports tomorrow being estimated at 18,000 bales, against 8,000 bales last year, and estimates for the interior towns for the week are 25,000@28,000 bales, against 10,000 bales last year.

By Private Wire to Youngblood & Haas.

NEW YORK, March 2.—Liverpool was easy at a slight decline. The cables, however, read discouraging. Receipts are evidently too much for the absorbing power, and without any speculative inquiry to speak of prices fall off of their own weight. There has really been nothing of any character to the market today, the liberal movement and the absence of buyers resulting in a loss of nearly 10 points from Saturday's closing. There is nothing new in the situation. The crop is a mistake so advise of the above exaggeration of

cotton held back, and there can be no doubt that the movement will continue large for some time to come. The prospects for any activity or any advance are slim.

LEHMAN BROS.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, March 2—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot dull and easier; middling uplands 4⅜; sales 7,000 bales; American 5,100; speculation and export 500; receipts 27,000; American 26,800; uplands low middling clause March and April delivery 4 50-64, 4 51-64; April and May delivery 4 54-64; May and June delivery 4 58-64; June and July delivery 5 1-64; July and August delivery 5 1-64; August and September delivery 5 1-64; futures opened easy.

LIVERPOOL, March 2—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause March delivery 4 50-64, buyers; March and April delivery 4 50-64, buyers; April and May delivery 4 54-64, buyers; May and June delivery 4 58-64, buyers; June and July delivery 4 62-64, sellers; July and August delivery 5, 5 1-64; August and September delivery 5 5 1-64, 5 2-64; September and October delivery 5, buyers; futures closed quiet.

NEW YORK, March 2—Cotton quiet; sales 217 bales; middling uplands 8 1-16; Orleans 9⅜; net receipts 1,088; gross 4,855; stock 135,662.

GALVESTON, March 2 — Cotton quiet; middling 8 15-16; net receipts 2,900 bales; gross 2,900; sales 467; stock 51,426; exports to Great Britain 2,962; coastwise 2,907.

NORFOLK, March 2—Cotton steady; middling 8 13-16; net receipts 1,049 bales; gross 1,902; stock 32,255; sales 407; exports to Great Britain 17; coastwise 1,575.

BALTIMORE, March 2—Cotton nominal; middling 9⅛; net receipts none bales; gross 1,085; sales none; to spinners —; stock 7,091; exports coastwise 200.

BOSTON, March 2 — Cotton dull; middling 9; net receipts 747 bales; gross 3,172; sales none; stock none.

WILMINGTON, March 2—Cotton dull; middling 8¾; net receipts 509 bales; gross 509; sales none; stock 11,077; exports coastwise 152.

PHILADELPHIA, March 2—Cotton quiet; middling 9½; net receipts 32 bales; gross 77; stock 4,887.

SAVANNAH, March 2—Cotton easy; middling 8 7-16; net receipts 4,114 bales; gross 4,114; sales 1396; stock 72,610; exports to continent 3,350; coastwise 1,917.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2—Cotton quiet; middling 8¾; net receipts 2,250 bales; gross 3,120; sales 4,550; stock 303,196; exports to Great Britain 10,626; to continent 19,104; coastwise 1,799.

MOBILE, March 2—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅛; net receipts 1,774 bales; gross 1,374; sales 500; stock 41,883; exports coastwise 1,042.

MEMPHIS, March 2—Cotton quiet and easy; middling 8¾; net receipts 2,062 bales; shipments 3,748; sales 2,200; stock 103,810.

AUGUSTA, March 2—Cotton quiet; middling 8⅞; net receipts 368 bales; shipments 1,609; sales 811; stock 36,352.

CHARLESTON, March 2—Cotton steady; middling 8⅞; net receipts 2,123 bales; gross 2,133; sales 200; stock 38,137.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

Features of the Speculative Movement in Grain and Provisions.

CHICAGO, March 2—Rush selling orders and bearish news from the crops abroad put the price of wheat down at the opening for May to 96⅜c, compared with 96¾@96⅞c at the close of Saturday's session. There was an immediate rebound to 96⅝c, and the bulk of the business thereafter, up to within an hour of the close, was done at and around 96⅝c. The firmness which was apparent within a few minutes of the opening was increased toward the close by the strength of the last foreign dispatches. May delivery was advanced to 97¼c and closed at 97⅛@97¼c.

Of the 250 cars of corn received today not one was of contract grade. The weather was moist over a considerable stretch of country, which is against any increase of contract grain. The market opened at 55⅛c for May, and offerings were so light in response to bids that it soon advanced to 56c. There was a dull spell and somewhat heavier feeling when estimated receipts for tomorrow were reported at 412 cars, but the shorts were the uneasy party in the day's dealing, and it did not require much effort on the part of a few good buyers to run a good many of them in. A sale or two was high as 56⅞c took place.

Oats opened steady, advancing with corn and declining when that cereal weakened. The market was quiet and uninteresting.

The provision market was firm at the commencement of trading, gathering strength as the day progressed. A considerable advance in prices was established for all the leading speculative commodities. Pork made an advance of about 7½c near the close. Lard was advanced from $5.85 for May at the opening to $5.92½, and closed at the latter quotation, compared with $5.85 on Saturday. Ribs gained 7½c.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago today:

	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
WHEAT—			
March	93⅛	94¼	94¼
May	96⅜	97¼	97⅛
July	92⅝	93⅛	93
CORN—			
March	54	54½	54⅜
May	55½	56	55⅞
July	54	54⅝	54⅜
OATS—			
March	47½	48¼	47⅞
May	46⅜	47⅜	47¼
June	43⅜	43⅞	43¾
July	45¾		
PORK—			
March	9 60	9 67½	9 65½
May	9 90	9 97½	9 97½
July	10 25	10 32½	10 32½
LARD—			
March	5 62½	5 67½	5 67½
May	5 85	5 92½	5 92½
July	6 07½	6 15	6 15
SIDES—			
March	4 62½	4 70	4 70
May	4 90	4 95	4 95
July	5 17½	5 22½	5 22½

Private Wire Telegram to Youngblood & Haas.

CHICAGO, March 2.—During the early part of the session the same dull, featureless conditions pervaded the wheat market as prevailed the latter part of last week. We note, however, a slight increase in the buying orders from the winter wheat region, St. Louis being the leader in that line. Cables continue as bullish as ever. There is quite a large reduction of wheat and flour in Liverpool. The stocks are said to be scarcely sufficient for a month's supply, and shipments from India are light, everything pointing to a strong, healthy European demand on the opening of navigation, when we can move our wheat to the seaboard. The receipts of corn were a shade larger than expected, but the market was strong, closing ½c higher than Saturday.

The receipts of oats were fairly good, and prices were well maintained, closing somewhat higher than last week.

Provision traders are not doing much, but we think that some of our largest holders and packers are disposed to cover short sales made against their stock and market tneir product, as the domestic and foreign demand requires it. We noticed in 1889 the average weight of hogs for February was 247 pounds; in 1890, 232 pounds; in 1891, 208 pounds. This shows that, although the numbers were great last month, the actual increase of the hog product was somewhat less than the receipts would indicate.

In all probability the largest stocks of provisions will be published this afternoon. The receipts of hogs in March can hardly be expected to equal the consumptive demand, and a slight reduction in stocks before us we cannot advise any further selling of ribs and lard. We think merchants who have a good retail trade and have room for storing lard and other meats would do well to lay in a reasonable supply at the present low prices.

LAMSON BROS. & CO

The Petroleum Market.

NEW YORK, March 2—The petroleum market continues narrow, and the volume of business is very small. The opening was steady, and prices advanced on a few buying orders from the west, then reacted slightly and closed dull.

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Pennsylvania Oil, spot	75⅜	75⅝	75⅛	75⅛
April option	76⅛	77	76⅛	76⅜
Lima Oil				

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, March 2, 1891.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

NEW YORK, March 2—Flour, southern steady and in fair demand; common to fair extra $3.45@4.00; good to choice $4.00@5.50. Wheat, spot dull; No. 2 red 110⅛ in elevator; options closed easy and unchanged to ⅛c advance; No. 2 red March 109⅛; May 106½; June 105⅜. Corn, spot firmer but quiet; No. 2 65@65¼ in elevator; options firm at ½@¾c but dull; March 65; April 64; May 62¾; July 61⅝. Oats, spot dull; options dull and weaker; March and April 54½; May 53⅝; July 52½; and quiet; state common to choice 22@31.

ST. LOUIS, March 2—Flour quiet; choice $3.40@3.60; patents $4.70@4.80; fancy $3.95@4.05; family $3.10@3.30. Wheat opened ¼@⅜c lower, but prices hardened later, and after a slight decline again advanced and ruled firm to the close, which was ⅜@⅝c higher than Saturday; No. 2 red cash 96¼@97⅜; May 97¼ asked; July 87⅜. Corn opened at an advance of ⅛c over Saturday's close and continued up grade to the close, the last prices being ⅜@¾c higher than Saturday; No. 2 mixed cash 52⅝@53; March 53; July 52¼ bid. Oats quiet but firmer; No. 2 cash 46 bid; May 47¾.

ATLANTA, March 2— Flour — First patent $6.50; second patent $6.00; extra fancy $5.75; fancy $5.50; family $4.75. Corn — No. 2 white 75c; mixed 73c. Oats—No. 2 mixed 60c; white 63; Kansas rust proof 57c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, large bales, 90c; choice timothy, small bales, 95c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 90c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 80c. Meal—Plain 75c; bolted 76c. Wheat bran—Large sacks $1.30; small sacks $1.35. Cotton seed meal—$1.30 ⅌ cwt. Steam feed—$1.35 ⅌ cwt. Grits—Pearl $3.85.

BALTIMORE, March 2—Flour quiet; Howard street and western superfine $3.10@3.30; extra $3.70@4.50; family $4.50@5.00; city mills Rio brands extra $3.15@3.37. Wheat, southern quiet; Fultz 96@106; longberry 100@106; western easy; No. 2 red winter spot and March 101⅞@101¾. Corn, southern quiet; white 62@64; yellow 63@64.

CHICAGO, March 2—Cash quotations were as follows: Flour firm; winter patents $4.50@4.80; spring patents $4.60@4.90; bakers $3.30@3.75. No. 2 spring wheat 94@94½; No. 2 red 96⅞@97¼. No. 2 corn 51. No. 2 oats 46⅞@47.

CINCINNATI, March 2—Flour heavy; family $3.85@4.00; fancy $4.40@4.70. Wheat easier; No. 2 red 93. Corn active and generally lower; No. 2 mixed 56½@57½. Oats in fair demand; No. 2 mixed 48½.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, March 2 — Coffee — Roasted — Arbuckle's 25c ⅌ 100 ℔ cases; Levering's 24½c. Green—Extra choice 23¼c; choice 23c; good 21½; fair 20; common 18@19c. Sugar—Granulated 6¾; off grades 6¼c; powdered 7½c; cut loaf 7¼c; white extra C 6c; yellow extra C 5¾c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 48@50c; prime 35@40c; common 30@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 25@30. Teas—Black 35@55c; green 40@60c. Nutmegs 75 Cloves 25@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Rice 7½@8½c. Pepper 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18c. Mace $1.00. Rice—Choice Singapore pepper 16c. Mace $1.00. Imported Japan 6@7c. good 6¼c; common 5¾@6c. Virginia 75c. Cheese—Full cream, Cheddars 11½c; flats 11¼c; skim 9@10c. White fish, ½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soaps—Tallow, 100 bars, 75 lbs $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars, 80 lbs $2.00@2.25; tallow, 60 bars, 60 lbs $2.25@2.50. Candles—Paraffine 11c; star 10c. Matches—400s $4.00; 300s $3.00@3.75; 200s $2.00@2.75; 600s, 5 gross $3.75. Soda—Kegs, bulk 5c; 1 lb packages 6c; cases, assorted, 1bs 6½@6¾c; ¼ lbs 8¼@8½c. Crackers—XXX soda 6½c; XXX pearl oysters 6c; shell and excelsior 7c; XXX cream 8c; XXX ginger snaps 9c; cornhills 10c. Candy—Assorted stick 8½c; French mixed 12½c. Canned goods—Condensed milk $6.00@8.00; assorted $2.35@4.00; salmon $6.00@7.50; F. W. oysters mackerel $2.35@4.00; salmon $1.60; corn $2.00@2.75; tomatoes $2.50@2.60; L. W. $1.60; corn, $2.00@2.75; tomatoes $1.75@2.50. Ball potash $5.20. Starch—Pearl 4½c; lump 5½c; nickel package $3.50, celluloid $5.00. Pickles, plain or mixed, pints $1.00@1.40; quarts $1.50@1.80. Shot $1.65 ⅌ sack. Powder—Rifle, kegs $6.50; ½ kegs $3.00; ¼ kegs $1.50.

NEW YORK, March 2—Coffee, options closed steady 10@30 points up; March 17.85@17.90; April 17.50@17.60; May 17.30@17.40; July 16.50@16.65; spot Rio active and higher; No. 7 18½@18¾; fair cargoes 19¾. Sugar, raw dull and nominal; fair to good refining 5¼; centrifugal 96-test 5⅞; refined firm and active; C 5 5-16@5⅜; extra C 5¼@5⅜; white do. 5 9-16@5⅝; yellow do. 5 3-16@5 5-16; off A 5⅝@6; mould A 6⅛; standard A 6 11-16; confectioners A 6⅜; cut loaf and crushed 6¾; powdered 6⅝; granulated 6⅜; cubes 6¾. Molasses, foreign nominal; 50-test 18½; New Orleans quiet and steady; open kettle common to extra 30@34; Japan 60@64. Rice steady and quiet; domestic fair to extra 5@5¾; Japan 6@6¼.

NEW ORLEANS, March 2. — Coffee steady; Rio common and prime 18½@19¾. Sugar dull; Louisiana open kettle choice to prime —; strictly prime 4¾; good fair to fully fair 4; good common to fair 3⅞@3⅝; centrifugals, plantation granulated —; off do. —; choice white 5 1-16; gray white —; off white 5; choice yellow clarified 5; prime do. 4¾. Molasses dull; Louisiana open kettle nominal; choice to fancy 33; good prime 23; strictly prime 27@29; good common to good fair 20@33; centrifugals, strictly prime 15@16; good prime 14@15; prime 12@13; fair 11@18; common to good common 8@9. Louisiana syrup 20@25. Rice quiet; Louisiana ordinary to good 4½@5¾.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, March 2—Provisions firm but quiet. Pork $10.11½. Lard, prime steam 5.40. Dry salt meats boxed, shoulders 3.75; long clear 4.85; clear ribs 4.80; short clear 4.90. Bacon, boxed shoulders 4.50; long clear 5.20; clear ribs 5.20; short clear 5.30; hams 9@10½.

NEW YORK, March 2—Pork active and firm; mess old $9.25@10.00; new $10.50@11.25; extra prime $9.00@9.50. Middles dull but firmer; short clear 5.30. Lard stronger but quiet; western steam spot 6.02½; city steam 5.85@5.90; options, March 6.01; April 6.06; May 6.10 bid.

ATLANTA, March 2—Clear rib sides, boxed 5¾c; ice-cured bellies 7c. Sugar-cured hams 10@12c, according to brand and average; California 7c; breakfast bacon 9c. Lard—Pure leaf 8c; leaf 7@7¼c; refined 6c.

CHICAGO, March 2—Cash quotations were as follows: Mess pork $9.65@9.70. Lard 5.67½. Short ribs loose 4.60@4.70. Dry salt shoulders boxed 4.00@4.10; short clear sides boxed 4.85@4.90.

CINCINNATI, March 2—Pork strong at $10.00. Lard steady; current make 5.50. Bulk meats firm; short ribs 4.70@4.80. Bacon in fair demand; short clear 5.75@5.80.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, March 2— Turpentine steady at 37; rosin firm; strained $1.20; good strained $1.25; tar firm at $1.35; crude turpentine firm; hard $1.20; yellow dip $2.10; virgin $2.10.

NEW YORK, March 2—Rosin firm; demand fair; common to good strained $1.50@1.55; turpentine more active and at 40½@41.

CHARLESTON, March 2—Turpentine firm at 36½; rosin firm; good strained $1.30.

SAVANNAH, March 2 — Turpentine firm at 36½; rosin firm at $1.40@1.45.

Country Produce.

ATLANTA, March 2—Eggs 13½@14. Butter—Western creamery 28a30c; choice Tennessee 20a22c; other grades 12½c. Live poultry—Hens 25a28c; young chickens, large 20a25c; small 12a14c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys 14a15c; ducks 14c; chickens 15c. Irish potatoes $4.50 ⅌ bbl. Sweet potatoes 65c ⅌ bushel. Honey—Strained 8a10c; in the comb 10a12c. Onions $6.00 ⅌ bbl. Cabbage 2a3c ⅌ lb. Almeria grapes, 50 lb packages $6.50a7.50.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, March 2.—Apples — Choice $5.50@6.00 ⅌ bbl. Lemons—$3.00@5.00. Oranges—Florida $3.00@3.25. Cocoanuts—5c. Pineapples—$2.50@3.00 ⅌ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.25@2.50. Figs 13c. Raisins—New California $2.75; ½ boxes $1.75; ¼ boxes 90c. Currants — 7c@8c. Leghorn citron—20@25c. Nuts—Almonds 16c; pecans 12@14c; Brazil 15c; filberts 11½c; walnuts 16c. Peanuts—Virginia, fancy hand-picked 6a7c; North Carolina 5a6c.

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE.

The Great Piedmont Air-Line and the Washington Vestibule Train.

The Washington Limited Pullman Vestibule Train, composed of Sleeping, Drawing-room, Library, Smoking and Observation Cars, to Washington in 19 hours, to New York in 26 hours. Elegant dining car service. Two other through trains without change between Atlanta and the National Capital. Through Pullman service to New York city on the night train. Connections assured and service unequaled. Ticket offices in Union Depot and at No. 13 Kimball House.

fed 14-d3m.

WHY

Will You Take the Queen and Crescent Route?

Because it is the best line and gives better accommodations. Through sleepers to Cincinnati on all trains, arriving at Cincinnati in time to make all the connections for the east and northwest. Sleepers on all trains for New Orleans and Shreveport, making connections at New Orleans with all the lines west. For rates and other information write or call on S. C. Ray, passenger agent, 2,017 First avenue, Birmingham, Ala.

Excursion Tickets to Hot Springs, Ark.

The Georgia Pacific division of the Richmond and Danville railroad sell excursion tickets to Hot Springs, Ark., good to return within ninety days, at very low rates. Only line from Atlanta having Pullman sleeping cars to Memphis without change, making double daily connections to the springs. For information, call on or address

A. A. VERNOY,
Passenger Agent.

ALEX S. THWEATT,
General Traveling Agent, 12 and 15 Kimball house. feb26d-7t.

Ask to See the New Game.

Parlor lawn tennis. So simple that a child can play it. So interesting that grown folks will play it. For two, three or four players. For sale by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. tf

Young's Hotspur Relish!

The Finest Table Relish ever invented. Sold only in sealed bottles; by all Grocers. Once tried, always used. At wholesale by TIDWELL & POPE, tlanta, Ga. dec23tm

Cup and Ball Tennis.

A new parlor game, just received. Will please the young and interest the old. For sale by John M. Miller, 31 Marietta street. tf

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—To the Superior Court of said County: The petition of John Stephens, D. G. Wylie, James F. O'Neill, M. C. Stoner, R. N. Hardeman, Paul Faver, D. P. Stewart and R. D. Mann shows that they have associated themselves under the name of "The Atlanta Mining and Stock Exchange," and they desire to be incorporated by said name, and as a corporation to exercise all the rights, powers and privileges hereinafter set forth, or that may be exercised by such a corporation under the laws of the state of Georgia, and your petitioners will ever pray, etc.

O'NEILL & FRAZER,
Petitioners' Attorneys.

Filed in office March 2, 1891.

G. H. TANNER, Clerk.

Georgia, Fulton County.—The above is a true copy of the original petition for charter of "The Atlanta Mining and Stock Exchange" as appears of record in this office.

Witness my hand and the seal of said court, this March 2, 1891.

G. H. TANNER,
Clerk Superior Court.

mch 2 10 17 24 31-1sat

FINANCIAL

Georgia 4½ per cent and Atlanta bonds, Georgia railroad stock, Kennesaw Guano Co. stock. $100,000 to loan. Large loans 7 per cent. New issues of bonds wanted. F. W. Miller & Co., No. 22 S. Pryor st. dec2-d1y fin col

DARWIN G. JONES,
41 Broad St., cor. Alabama St., Atlanta, Ga.
STOCKS, BONDS, LOANS,
INVESTMENT SECURITIES.
Correspondence invited in regard to all kinds of Southern Investments. 8-28-1y

FARM LOANS
8 PER CENT NET TO LENDERS. 25 YEARS EXPERIENCE.
15 Years in Iowa, and 10 Years in Georgia and Alabama.
Three Million Dollars negotiated without loss of a dollar. Loans of $300 to $5,000 on hand, for sale almost any day from October to May. I will be glad to submit copies of applications for loans to investors at any time for consideration, and will consider it a favor to be asked to do so, either by mail or in person. C. P. N. BARKER,
Room 32, Traders' Bank Building, Atlanta.

W. H. PATTERSON,
Dealer in Investment Securities
79 East Alabama Street.
Room 7, Gate City Bank Building.
SOUTHERN INVESTMENTS
Timber Land bought and sold in Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Texas. Investments made for capitalists. Lands examined. Timber estimated and valued. W. H. HOWCOTT, Dealer in Timber Lands, 192 Common Street, New Orleans, La. 9 23 6m.

MONEY! MONEY.
I AM PREPARED TO NEGOTIATE LOANS on improved property in the city of Atlanta, in amounts of $500 and upward, at reasonable interest rates. Being closely connected with the lender, I am in position to deal with the borrower directly, thereby avoiding the heavy brokerage usually charged. Parties desiring to borrow, and having satisfactory security to offer, can depend upon getting money promptly without delay, by calling upon me at 13 East Alabama street, upon getting money promptly without delay, by calling upon me at 13 East Alabama street, upon no cap city-sp D. E. SAYRE.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.
W. BAKER & CO.'S
Breakfast Cocoa



from which the excess of oil has been removed,
Is Absolutely Pure and it is Soluble.
No Chemicals
are used in its preparation. It has *more than three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup.* It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, EASILY DIGESTED, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.
Sold by Grocers everywhere.
W. BAKER & CO., DORCHESTER, MASS.

"Without Question" The Finest



SOLD BY ALL LEADING DEALERS.
BLUTHENTHAL & BICKART,
46-48-50 Marietta St., Atlanta, Ga.
jan 20 d1y

INSTRUCTION.

SOUTHERN SCHOOL OF SHORT-HAND.
Has no superior in the United States. Why go 1,000 miles for what can be found at home? We have graduates in all parts of the United States and Mexico.
TYPEWRITING specially taught by an accomplished teacher. Our system (Graham's) is the most popular in the United States. Demand for competent stenographers increasing. We make no charge for obtaining positions for our pupils.
DAY and NIGHT CLASS. Send for catalogue.
A. C. BRISCOE, Manager.
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MISS ALICE TULLER, Principal Typewriting Department.
18 F. Hunter St., Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 526.

CRICHTON'S
Short-hand School
94 Whitehall St., Atlanta.
If you want to learn shorthand, the first thing to be done is to select a school; one that has some standing; remembering always, that idle boasts are easily made, but teaching shorthand is an art, a science, a business.
Examine carefully into the claims of teachers and select one as carefully as you would a physician.
Our catalogue will be sent free to any address, and if we do not prove that we are capable of meeting your requirements you have lost nothing whatever, nov2—dtf

FOR COMMON SENSE MEN
Men who are lacking in vital force and vigor, or weak, nervous from any cause, send at once for the New Common Sense Home Cure. No nauseating drugs. No electric nonsense. Throw such to the dogs. Sealed information free. Address Albion Pharmacy Co., Box 94, Albion, Mich. jan17—d2m sat sun mon

OSES C. McLAIN, President. ALLEN W. JONES, Vice President. JAMES O. PARK
The Southern Exchange Bank
ATLANTA, GA.
AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, - - - $5,000,000.
Will do a general banking business. The bank has two classes of stock, paid up and installment. Installment stock is that upon which small monthly payments are made on each share. This stock is intended for those who desire to make monthly investments, that pays interest at once, from date of stock. Stock books are now open.

JAMES W. ENGLISH, President; EDWARD S. PRATT, Cashier; W. J. VANDYKE, Vice-President; JOHN K. OTTLEY, Assistant Cashier.
American Trust & Banking Co
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.
Capital, $500,000. Additional Liability, $500,000.
DIRECTORS: James W. English, W. P. Inman, M. C. Kiser, George W. Blabon, Philadelphia; Edwards C. Peters, P. H. Harralson, W. A. Russell, J. R. Gray, R. J. Lowry.
New York correspondent: American Exchange National Bank.
Authorized to do a general banking and exchange business, solicits accounts of banks and business firms and individuals.
This corporation is also especially authorized to act as trustee for corporations and individuals in countersign and register bonds, certificates of stock and other securities.

CAPITAL CITY BANK
OF ATLANTA, GA.
Geo. W. Parrott, President. C. A. Collier, Vice President. Jacob Haas, Cashier.

AMONG THE RAILWAYS.

THE GEORGIA PACIFIC MUST SEEK OTHER TRACKS.

A Tunnel Cave-in on the East Tennessee—Southern Shippers Want a Revision of Rates—Other News.

It is said the Georgia Pacific road will have to quit using the track of the Western and Atlantic road from Simpson street into the union depot.

The Georgia Pacific has heretofore been paying a rental of $200 a month for the privilege of using this track. The officials of the Western and Atlantic say the Georgia Pacific runs on an average 360 trains per month on this track, which at the figure mentioned is at the rate of 55 cents per train for the mile in from Simpson street. A great deal of the Western and Atlantic switching is done on their main line, the track in question, and every day the switch engines have been compelled to suspend work while the Georgia Pacific trains were passing. The Western and Atlantic people say this state of affairs has been particularly disadvantageous to them during the past two months, owing to the very crowded condition of the yards, and that they have suffered loss by it.

Superintendent Ryder, of the Georgia Pacific, went over the ground with Superintendent McCollum, of the Western and Atlantic, recently, and had a chance to see how things stood, but he has made no definite move in the matter as yet. It is thought, however, that the Georgia Pacific will shortly commence to use the East Tennessee's tracks from Simpson street into the Mitchell street depot, when its trains will be switched to the Central's tracks, coming in on the latter to the union depot.

The East Tennessee, Virginia and Georgia road has experienced a little bad luck the past two days. Advices from Chattanooga say the small tunnel on that road just this side of Buswell, a small station between Atlanta and Rome, and about forty-five miles out from here, caved in at 1 o'clock Sunday afternoon. At first about five carloads of earth fell in the tunnel, but at 9 o'clock Sunday night it had reached about fifty carloads, and was still falling. A report from the tunnel late Sunday night says it will be utterly impossible to have the debris cleared away in less than four or five days. The East Tennessee has made arrangements with the Western and Atlantic road to carry all its passengers between Atlanta and Chattanooga until such time as the break can be repaired.

Local officials of the East Tennessee road give an entirely different version of the matter. They say a slight leakage was noticed in the tunnel, which is only about 125 feet long, several days ago, caused by the continuous heavy rains. A thorough examination of the tunnel was made and it was decided to be in an unsafe condition. Rather than run the risk of a cave-in, they say the trains were stopped and a gang of men were set at work with the expectation of having the proper repairs made and trains running again by tonight.

The general offices of the Southern Railway, Steamship and Passenger Associations begin to present their usual busy appearance again, all the officials of the association having returned from the very successful meeting of the rate committees of the two associations at Tampa, Fla.

Committees were present at those meetings representing the melon growers and lumbermen of the south, both asking for better rates on their respective commodities. The melon growers ask for eight mills per ton per mile to the west. The association wishes to develop the melon trade to the far western points, and is perfectly willing to grant the rate, but the roads outside the association and which connect with its lines for western points, think the 1 cent a ton mile rate is all right and will probably stick out. They argue that cars have to be built for that trade especially. They must be extra well fastened and ventilated and geared for long runs to such points as Tacoma, Seattle, etc. All this entails additional expense, and for that reason they prefer the latter rate.

The lumbermen want the same rates to the west as shippers from the Mississippi valley and gulf states are getting. They do not regard the association rates as unreasonable, but think they should be uniform. If the rates there were raised to correspond with the association rates the lumbermen would be satisfied, but the railroads in that region have to meet considerable water competition, and it is hardly likely they will attempt the raise. In that case the lumber shippers think the association rates should be lowered to correspond. The matter was referred to a committee.

The question of withdrawing the sale of unlimited tickets, discussed at the meeting of the passenger rate committee, was referred to a committee. Very few of these tickets are ever sold. Once in a while one is sold and may turn up years after when the railroad has changed hands. Such tickets are a bane in the passenger agent's life, makes it difficult to adjust accounts without red-tape, and are generally synonyms of annoyance. The northern railways have gotten rid of them, and those in the south will no doubt do likewise.

The Louisville and Nashville road is making some much needed improvements on the main line between Montgomery and New Orleans. The old, wornout wooden bridges are being replaced by iron ones of the most improved pattern.

The Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis railway, which appears in the list of defendants in the general creditors' bill filed in the United States circuit court at Nashville, by the Bethlehem Iron Company and George A. Evans, against the Decatur, Chesapeake and New Orleans Railway Company, is made such because the complainants say that they are advised that the Nashville, Chattanooga and St. Louis Company holds and claims as a lien for freight, about half of the rails purchased, part on time, by the Decatur and Nashville Railroad Company from the Bethlehem Iron Company for the construction of the Decatur, Chesapeake and New Orleans road.

The earnings of the Cincinnati, New Orleans and Texas Pacific Railway Company, lessees of the Cincinnati Southern railway, for the third week of February, 1891, were $77,035, a decrease of $2,358 from the third week of February, 1890.

Mr. J. A. Richardson has been appointed engineer in charge of the Tennessee and Coosa railroad, to take the place of Mr. Hunter McDonald, whose duties as resident engineer of the Western and Atlantic railroad require all of his time and attention.

Mr. C. E. Evins, of Nashville, has been appointed to succeed Captain Dave Wylie as trainmaster of the Western and Atlantic road at this end of the route. Conductor T. J. Peoples, of the road, who has been acting as trainmaster for the past week, was offered the position, but declined owing to rheumatic troubles. Mr. Evins is well equipped with a knowledge of the duties of the position, having been for thirteen years general yardmaster at Nashville for the Louisville and Nashville road. Of late he has been trainmaster at Birmingham for the same road.

Citizens, leading officials and contractors on Saturday night, at Paris, Tenn., celebrated the completion of the Paducah, Tennessee and Alabama railroad.

NEW ENTERPRISES COMING.

They Are Coming to the Chattahoochee—Mr. Chamberlain Expresses an Opinion.

Mr. H. S. Chamberlain, of Chattanooga, who came to Tennessee several years ago from the iron region in Pennsylvania, has been down making a more thorough investigation of the iron lands in Cherokee county, Georgia, belonging to the Chattahoochee Land Company. He makes some remarkable statements in regard to the analysis that he has made of the ore of this land.

"I find," said Mr. Chamberlain, "that the analysis shows from 60 to 62 per cent of metalic iron, and it further shows as low a per cent of phosphorus as any iron outside of the Lake Superior region and the Cranberry mines. In fact, taking into consideration all of its qualities, I believe it is as good as the best quality of Cranberry ore."

Another remarkable statement that Mr. Chamberlain makes in regard to this ore is that there is less sylicate in it than in the majority of the pig iron made in the south. Another great advantage that he has discovered, is that there is a quantity of limestone that can be utilized very near the ore beds, and this is of a superior quality. The more he examines the oar the better pleased he is with its quality, and the quantity is practically unlimited.

Yesterday there was in conference with the managers of the Chattahoochee Land Company a gentleman who comes here from Canada with a view to opening a factory on the Chattahoochee river, to make sharp-edge tools of all kinds. He wishes to establish a business here similar to the one he is carrying on in Canada for the American trade. He was in conference with Messrs Harrison and Collins and Dr. Wilson. These gentlemen are in daily communication with parties who want locations on the river for manufacturing sites. The stock is being rapidly taken, and the plan of organization will be carried out beyond a doubt.

Perfect health is seldom found, for impure blood is so general. Hood's Sarsaparilla really does purify the blood and restores to perfect health, when possible. Try it yourself.

Sleeplessness, nervous prostration, nervous dyspepsia, dullness, blues, cured by Dr. Miles' Nervine. Samples free at all druggists.

THERE is no one article in the line of medicines that gives so large a return for the money as a good porous strengthening plaster, such as Carter's Smart Weed and Belladonna Backche Plasters.

A bald headed woman is unusual before she is forty, but gray hair is common with them earlier. Baldness and grayness may be prevented by using Hall's Hair Renewer.

THE well known strengthening properties of IRON, combined with other tonics and a most perfect nervine, are found in Carter's Iron Pills which strengthen the nerves and body, and improve the blood and complexion.

Secure a sound mind, which seldom goes without sound digestion, by using the genuine Angostura Bitters of Dr. J. G. B. Siegert & Sons.

Phillips' Digestible Cocoa
Furnishes nutriment and aids digestion.

VAN HOUTEN'S COCOA—Largest sale in the World.

Pond's Extract is of inestimable value in emale complaints.

IMMENSE IMPORTATIONS.

Dr. W. W. Lamb, the chief drug inspector at the port of Philadelphia under the late President Arthur's administration, writes as follows:

"I have used Johann Hoff's Malt Extract for the past five years in my private practice, and have found it to be the best health-restoring beverage and tonic nutritive known. I have found it especially good for persons **convalescing** from fever, in cases of **dyspepsia**, for **mother's nursing**, and in cases of **weakly children**, and also **in lung troubles**. My attention was drawn by the immense importation semi-monthly, and **about a million of bottles** imported by you have passed my inspection in the custom house satisfactorily for the past five years."

Avoid imitations. There is nothing "just as good" when you can obtain the genuine article, which must have the signature of "Johann Hoff" on the neck of every bottle.

PERSONAL.

C. J. DANIEL, wall paper, window shades and furniture, 42 Marietta street. Telephone 77.

Professor J. M. Mayer,
Teacher of Music, will receive his pupils at 43 E. Peters street.

The revival meetings will continue at Marietta Street M. E. Church this week. Rev. W. A. Dodge, of The Way Of Life, will conduct the service on Tuesday night. "Holiness unto the Lord" is our motto. Everybody welcome. Strangers especially invited. R. C. BRAMLETT, Pastor.

A "Soup Warming."

Every day this week the Franco-American Food Co., of New York, will give a public "Soup Warming," at the store of Mr. Robert Dohme, 88 Whitehall street.

This is a rare treat to the ladies of Atlanta, as they are all invited to call, to see and taste the many kinds of fine soups which can be served by housekeepers on the table in ten minutes' time. These soups are prepared by Alphonse Biardot, the famous French Chef, who was also a member of the Jury of Experts at the Paris Exposition, 1889.

Miss Wessell, who is in charge, has every appliance necessary to serve the soups in the daintiest manner and is delighted to explain and instruct those who call in the mode of using them. This is an opportunity which every lady in Atlanta should avail themselves of.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children
Teething relieves the child from pain. 25c a bottle

A Prosperous Year.

The Wilson Coal and Lumber Company have done a very large and prosperous business since they went exclusively into a wholesale business. It is with regret that they announce that their worthy president, Major Edward Parsons, has resigned to enter the real estate business. Mr. J. C. Wilson, who has ably conducted the business as general manager, succeeds to the presidency. The company is fully prepared to fill all orders, in car lots, for steam and domestic coal and coke, lumber, laths and shingles.

Ladies Do Not Go
To Dr. Flagg's office to satisfy an idle curiosity, but to be cured, and they go away more than satisfied that Square Remedies can cure catarrh, hay fever and leucorrhœa. If you are suffering see him and be convinced. Office room, 42 old capitol. Hours for ladies, 10 to 11 a. m., 2 to 3 p. m. Address P. O. box 104, Atlanta, Ga.
—sun mon tue

Save Money and Suffering.

One feature of the thousands of testimonials that have been given in behalf of S. S. S. is remarkable. In numbers of instances it is related that a great deal of time and money has been spent in a vain effort to secure relief from disease in the usual way. A knowledge of the virtues of Swift's Specific would have saved the time and the money, to say nothing of the prevention of the suffering. There need be no such mistakes made now. The great blood purifier is for sale by druggists everywhere, and the S. S. S. company in Atlanta will send to any address their Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases free, and a pamphlet containing a few of the thousands of testimonials they have received from those who have experienced the benefits of this wonderful medicine.

WHAT TO EAT,

And Where to Get It.

During the Lenten season the question of what to eat has its share of thought.

Nearly all, who are in any way interested, decide upon a suitable selection of some delicacy in fish.

For instance, what is more palatable for breakfast than a fine mackerel? Not the ordinary, poor tasteless mackerel, but a large, fat, fancy quality bloater mackerel. If you have never eaten a fine, fancy bloater, you do not know what mackerel are. We have received another lot of extra quality bloaters, and invite a trial of them.

The smoked halibut are also of fine quality and flavor.

You will find something nice in our Yarmouth smoked herring.

You will find something nice in our Yarmouth smoked herring.

For dinner what could be nicer than McMenamen's crabs, put up in cans? With every 2-pound can we give eight shells, and properly baked and dressed it makes a tempting dish.

Then we have the imported whole herring in cans. It requires very little preparation, and makes a nice dish for supper.

Then we have brook trout in cans; also, an extra quality canned Columbia river salmon, put up in self-opening cans.

We have especially fancy French sardines, packed in genuine olive oil.

A nice clam chowder, properly prepared, commends it to the taste of a great many, to those we can say that the brand of clam chowder which we have is the very best.

In pickles we can satisfy the most fastidious.

Our stuffed cucumbers, cantaloupe, mangoes, and bell peppers, are the perfection of pickles, highly spiced and of fine flavor.

Also, Heinz, plain, mixed chow chow, by the quart or bottle.

Besides the above, you can find the greatest variety of fine and fresh groceries at our store.

Our patronage is of such magnitude as to necessitate daily orders ourselves, and thus insure fresh goods.

In addition to which, our goods are kept clean and in good condition.

Why buy old and store-worn goods, when you can always be certain of pure and fresh goods from us? Come and see us.

W. R. HOYT,
Successor to Hoyt & Thorn.
90 Whitehall street.
mch1-8t

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

WORKING PEOPLE

Are often in that most wretched state of being, really too sick to work, but so situated that they cannot afford to lose the time it requires to take medicine and get well. Loss of time means loss of money. Medicine is needed to invigorate, regulate and tone the system. But many medicines make half-sick people wholly sick, and time and money are lost in getting well after taking them.

The Liver is the cause of nearly all bodily ailments, such as

Dyspepsia, Constipation, Headache, Sour Stomach, Biliousness, Colic, Low Spirits, Kidney Affections

And a medicine like Simmons Liver Regulator, that will remove and cure these disorders without causing loss of time, and strengthen and build up the worn-out body even while the person is at work is certainly a boon to working people.

REV. R. G. WILDER, Princeton, N. J., says: "I find nothing helps so much to keep me in working condition as Simmons Liver Regulator.
tue thur sat—wk top col n r m

EVERYTHING GOES

—AT—

COST!

MEN'S SUITS,
MEN'S OVERCOATS,
BOYS' SUITS.

We are determined to sell our stock. Come and bring the cash and buy the

BEST CLOTHING
IN ATLANTA
WITHOUT PROFIT TO US.
We Mean It!

E. & A. C. BEALL,
10 Marietta St.
oct 11-d1y



About Diamond Studs. Every young man knows that he must have one, if he is "in the swim;" and instead of putting this article upon the list of expenses, it is really a good investment, especially when you can get them at such low prices as we are offering. You can't lose much in buying diamonds, that is, if you buy directly from the importers. Call and examine our assortment. J. P. Stevens & Bro., 47 Whitehall St., Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

HAVING RETIRED FROM THE WILSON Coa and Lumber Co., on the 28th of February, 1891, I recommend to my successors the patronage of my friends.

I shall be engaged for the next two months at the office, 24 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

I commenced in the real estate, renting and collection of accounts, in this city, in September, 1865, and continued in it until the fall of 1867, when the Coal Creek coal mines were opened in East Tennessee; then, through the kindness of Major Campbell Wallace, who had the first coal from these mines shipped to me, I soon found that there was more demand for coal than land, in this city, and I commenced in that business.

It is my intention, about the 1st of May, to return to the real estate business again, trusting that my old friends and the citizens of Atlanta will give me a share of their patronage, pledging them that I will use my best endeavors to serve them faithfully. Respectfully,
EDWARD PARSONS.

Dated 24 South Broad street, Atlanta, Ga., March 2, 1891. mar 3-d2m-tues sun wky

WANTED.
A Second-Hand Cotton Compress
NINETY-INCH MORSE" OR "TAYLOR HYDRAULIC" PREFERRED.
Must be cheap and mfair condition. Address Texas Elevator and Copress Co., Dallas, Tex.
feb 25—30t

"WE CURE MEN"
of Debility, Impotency, Weakness, Dread of Marriage, Secret Sins, Losses, Evil Forebodings, Despondency, Stunted Growths, etc. *Exclusive Methods* give us a "*Monopoly of Success.*"
OUR NEW BOOK mailed *free for limited time.* ERIE MEDICAL CO., Buffalo, N. Y.
Thousands of Guaranteed Testimonials that
"MEN STAY CURED."



WASHBURN
Guitars, Mandolins & Zithers
in volume and quality of tone are the best in the world. Warranted to wear in any climate. Sold by all leading dealers. Beautifully illustrated, descriptive catalogue with portraits of famous artists MAILED FREE.
LYON & HEALY, CHICAGO.

TO WEAK MEN
Suffering from the effects of youthful errors, early decay, wasting weakness, lost manhood, etc., I will send a valuable treatise (sealed) containing full particulars for home cure, FREE of charge. A splendid medical work: should be read by every man who is nervous and debilitated. Address,
Prof. F. C. FOWLER, Moodus, Conn.

FOR SYNDICATE INVESTMENTS
in Mineral, Timber and Farm Lands,
Call on A. J. McBRIDE,
10 Gate City Bank.

HARRY LYNAN, manager city department, is offering bargains in central and suburban Atlanta property. Call and see him. 10 Gate City Bank.
feb28-d1y

STILSON,

JEWELER.
55 WHITEHALL ST.
Reliable Goods.
Fair Dealing.
Bottom Prices.

THREE SPECIALS!
AT 3 WHITEHALL STREET.

Commencing Monday, March 2d, the following

THREE SPECIALS!

Will be placed on our Bargain Counters:

AT $1 A PAIR | Big job of Men's pants. These are beautiful Cassimere patterns, well made, guaranteed not to rip, and worth from $1.50 to $2.

AT $3 A SUIT | Fine Cassimere suits for Boys from 4 to 14 years. Not one suit in this lot is worth less than $4.50; most of them would be cheap at $5. We close the entire lot at $3 a suit.

AT $5 A SUIT | A splendid lot of Boys' suits, age 14 to 19, fine wool Cassimeres, worth from $7 to $8.50.

This is a positive cash sale, and anyone desirous of securing these grand bargains would do well to call early.

Eiseman & Weil,
One Price Clothiers and Furnishers,
3 WHITEHALL ST.
Just in, an elegant line of new spring samples in our custom tailoring department.

DONEHOO'S
Restaurant,
16 Whitehall St.
Regular Dinner 50c.
The Best Meal for the Money in the South.
9-24-d6m unE&W

GET YOUR PRINTING, BLANK BOOKS, LEDGERS, Journals, Cash Books, Binding, Electrotyping, etc., etc., of
JAS. P. HARRISON & CO.,
(THE FRANKLIN PUBLISHING HOUSE,)
State Printers, Atlanta, Ga.
Consult them before placing your orders.

H. P. ASHLEY,
MACHINIST AND FOUNDER IN
IRON AND BRASS
REPAIRS ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY.
All Kinds of Gears Cut in Iron, Steel and Brass.
—MANUFACTURER OF—
SPRING BED MACHINERY.
Send in your old steam or gas engines. Pumps and injectors to be repaired will guarantee to be good as new. Models and tools made to order. Grind paper and paper knives in the most improved manner. 47 South Forsyth street, Atlanta, Ga. dec.24 d1y.

"VOX POPULI!"
What the People Say of Cheney's Expectorant.

DAHLONEGA, GA.
Cheney's Expectorant has cured me of pains in the chest. It is a peerless remedy.
REV. GOODMAN HUGHES.

MURPHY, N. C.
Dear Sirs—A trial of Cheney's Expectorant in my family has satisfied me of its wonderful merit. It is, indeed, the most effectual remedy for coughs and colds I ever tried. Respectfully,
MRS. BEN POSEY.

J. A. HOLTZCLAW: "I pronounce it the best cough remedy in existence."

T. J. BUCHANAN, City: "I have sold it for years and used it in my family. I would not be without it."

ATLANTA, GA.
Dear Sir—It gives me pleasure to recommend to the public such a valuable remedy as Cheney's Expectorant. I have used it in my family with unfailing effect for coughs, colds and croup. I would not be without it.
JOHN A. BARRY.

BLAIRSVILLE, KY.
My nephew has been thoroughly cured of croup by Cheney's Expectorant. W. H. MILLER.

For Coughs, Colds, Croup, Influenza, Asthma, Bronchitis, etc. 25c and 50c per bottle.

JOHN B. DANIEL, Wholesale Druggist, 30 Wall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

OFFICE OF FULTON COUNTY COMMISSIONERS of Roads and Revenues, February 9, 1891.—Sealed bids will be received until 10 o'clock a. m., on the 11th day of March, 1891, for furnishing the material and erecting about four hundred and forty-five feet of additional trestling at the Chattahoochee river bridge, between Green & Pope's bridge and Lowe & Howell's ferry. Payments will be made monthly on estimates of engineer in charge. Specifications can be seen at this office.
JOHN T. COOPER,
feb 10-d4t-tues Clerk Com. R. & R.

OFFICE of Fulton County Commissioners of Roads and Revenues, February 9, 1891. A petition having been filed in this office praying for the opening of a public road forty feet in width, commencing at the blacksmith shop on the property of the Collins' Brick Company on the Marietta road, and extending southwesterly over the right of way of W. & A. R. R. and Georgia Western railroad by a bridge into the property of Exposition Cotton Mills Company, and thence westerly through said Exposition Cotton Mills property to the property of F. P. Rice and others, and thence northwesterly through property of F. P. Rice, J. W. English, W. A. Hemphill and Henry R. Powers, to the Marietta road at the northeast corner of J. D. Collins' property, and to discontinue the old road between the beginning and terminating points here described; and the road commissioners to whom the same was referred having reported recommending such change, notice is hereby given to all persons concerned that said new road and discontinuance of old road will be finally granted on the 11th day of March, 1891, if no good cause to the contrary be shown. JOHN F. COOPER, Clerk Commissioners Roads and Revenues.
Feb 10—4t Tues

SKIN DISEASES
SWAYNE'S OINTMENT
ABSOLUTELY CURES. The simple application of "SWAYNE'S OINTMENT" without any internal medicine, will cure any case of Tetter, Salt Rheum, Ringworm, Piles, Itch, Sores, Pimples, Erysipelas, &c., no matter how obstinate or long standing. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail for 50 cts. 3 Boxes, $1.25. Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa. Ask your druggist for it.

CATARRH CURE A PLEASANT, CONVENIENT and Sure Cure. Send name and we will mail a sample FREE
free. Dr. BLOSSER & CO., Ingleside, Ga.
Name this paper. feb12—d7t wk4t

We Are Ready!

Whether March comes in as a lion or a lamb, we are ready for you. If you wish a heavy suit or a pair of pants, you can get either at your own price. Winter goods are going

"DIRT CHEAP!"

Spring goods are being received daily. Samples for suits to measure we have in great variety and at popular prices.

GEORGE MUSE & CO.,
CLOTHIERS AND FURNISHERS.
38 WHITEHALL ST.



Attention is drawn to our immense lines of articles suitable for Weddings or Anniversary Presents. Our line of CUT-GLASS, ROYAL WORCESTER and other ART GOODS is complete Our specialty is

FRENCH CHINA

A magnificent collection of Dinner Sets of Haviland & Co.'s, as well as other celebrated manufactures, on hand. Everything at low prices. Respectfully,

L. A. MUELLER
Corner Decatur and Pryor.

The Extraction of Teeth Without Pain



A Specialty.

Dr. Couch has returned to Atlanta, and will continue to extract teeth without pain by use of Vitalized Air. Persons suffering from decayed teeth or neuralgia should call on him. Best of references furnished. Office, 6½ Whitehall street, Atlanta, Ga.

SHOES BELOW NEW YORK COST.



For the next ten days I will offer the following hoes BELOW NEW YORK COST:
Wright & Peters's finest hand-sewed, French kid button, at $4, former price $7.
Wright & Peters's $5 kid button, at $3.
Wright & Peters's $4 kid button, at $2.50.
MEN'S SHOES.
Selz, Schwab & Co., genuine hand-sewed French calf shoes, all styles, regular price $7, present price $4.
All other shoes at actual New York cost. No deception about this sale.

JOHN M. MOORE,
33 Peachtree St.

PETER LYNCH,
95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts.
DEALER IN.
Cigars, Tobaccos, Snuff, Wines and Liquors
CIDER, ALE, PORTER, BEER, DEMIJOHNS FLASKS, CORKS AND OTHER GOODS BELONGING TO THE WINE AND SPIRIT TRADE.

Fine Wines, Whiskies and Brandies a specialty in this line. Also Guns, Pistols, Cartridges and other Ammunitions. Red Clover, Blue, Orchard, Herds and Timothy Grass Seeds; also Kuta Baga, Seven Top, Purple Top, Flat Dutch, White and Yellow Globe, Aberdeen, Cow Horn, German, Sweet and other brands of Turnip Seed. German Kale and other Fall, Field and Garden Seeds. Fresh and Genuine, and true to name. Empty barrels, half barrels and kegs and a variety of other goods. Prices reasonable. TERMS CASH. Also some few fruit jars, extra tops and rubbers on hand.

JAS. ANDERSON & CO.
Our Merchant Tailoring Department

Is now complete. We have all the latest Novelties in Worsteds, Cloths, Serges, Thibets, Cassimers and Cheviots. We guarantee a fit, as we have as good a cutter as there is in the South. If you wish a suit made to order we can please you.

SOMETHING NEW.

We also have a measure department for suits made to order from samples, at prices from $18 to $30.

OUR READY MADE CLOTHING

and Furnishing Goods Department cannot be excelled in the city.

J. AAS. ANDERSON & CO.,
41 WHITEHALL STREET.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.

MONDAY and TUESDAY, March 2 and 3. | MATINEE, Tuesday, 2:30.

LAUGH! LAUGH! LAUGH!

M'KEE RANKIN

In his greatest laughing success, played 106 consecutive nights in New York City,

THE CANUCK!

Introducing a character entirely new to the stage. A play of Music, Laughter and Songs. Regular prices. Reserved seats at Miller's.
feb27-tt

DEGIVE'S OPERA HOUSE,

Thursday, March 5th, One Night Only.
— THE —
Mendelssohn Quintette Club,
OF BOSTON, MASS.
MISS MARIE BARNARD, Prima Donna.

Under the auspices of the Atlanta Rifles. Reserved seats at Miller's without extra charge. 7t

FRIDAY & SATURDAY March 6 and 7. | MATINEE, SATURDAY at 2:30.

THE GREAT Falstaffian Comedian J. C. STEWART
And a perfect company of Faultless Comedians, Singers and Dancers,
In their Operatic Extravaganza comedy,
— THE —
Fat Men's Club.

CONTAINING
More and Sweeter MUSIC,
More and Prettier SONGS,
More and Neater DANCES,
More and Brighter FUNNYISMS,
More and Handsomer COSTUMES,
And more and heartier LAUGHS,
Than any other comedy in the Funmaker's category.

Regular prices. Reserved seats at Miller's.
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We are prepared to promptly negotiate loans on business or residence property in Atlanta, Ga. Rates of interest furnished on application. Southern Banking and Trust Company, corner of Broad and Alabama streets. 1m

SOLID PIECES
OF
Sterling Silver

Inlaid in the backs
OF
SPOONS AND FORKS
At Points Most Exposed to Wear AND THEN



PLATED FOUR TIMES AS HEAVY AS Standard Plate.

WARRANTED
To Wear 25 Years.
WILL LAST A LIFETIME.
MORE DURABLE THAN LIGHT
Sterling Silver AND NOT
HALF THE COST.

EACH ARTICLE IS STAMPED
"L STERLING INLAID 'E L'"
A full line of the above goods can be seen at
No. 45 Peachtree St.
DOBBS, WEY & CO
SPECIAL AGENTS.

DON'T ... this and then FORGET IT!

Paste it in a conspicuous place. In your memory is the BEST place. Remember that we sell

DIAMONDS

and give you the largest assortment in the South to select from.

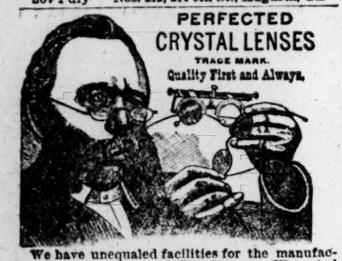
FREEMAN & CRANKSHAW.

—USE—

Hickey's Magic Hairaline

For the prevention of baldness, removing dandruff and all other diseases of the scalp. Contains no oil, and is a perfect dressing for the hair. Treatise on the scalp and its diseases sent free on application. For sale by all druggists and by the manufacturer.

E. J. HICKEY,
nov 1 d1y Nos. 212, 214 8th St., Augusta, Ga.



PERFECTED CRYSTAL LENSES
TRADE MARK.
Quality First and Always.

We have unequaled facilities for the manufacture of Spectacles and Eye-Glasses. We grind all kinds of Lenses, plain or compound.

FAULKNER, KELLAM & MOORE,
Scientific Opticians,
58 Marietta Street, Old Capitol Building.

J. A. SCOTT. ISAAC LIEBMAN.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,

Real Estate Brokers, 20 Peachtree Street
Telephone 1075.

$3,000 buys 250x116 on Linden avenue, near Calhoun street.

$1,500 for 50x150 on Calhoun street, near Piedmont park entrance.

$1,800 buys corner lot, 50x175, on Washington street.

Lots, 50x175, on Linden avenue, for $1,100 each.

Corner Williams and Cox streets, 50x150, to 20-foot alley, for $1,350.

Good lot on Crumley street, for $850.

Six lots, 50x190 each, on North avenue, to 20-foot alley, for $3,000 each.

Corner Spring and North avenue, 60x190, for $4,000.

$2,000 for lot, 54x140 to alley, on Spring street, near Baltimore syndicate.

Excellent lots, 50x160 each, on one of the best streets in the city, for $2,000 each.

$2,500 buys 64x190 to alley on Park street, in West End.

Only $85 per front foot for 51x109 to W. & A. R. R., on Marietta street, near plow factory.

Just $70 per front foot on Courtland avenue, lots 50x250; terms easy.

44x125 to alley on Linden avenue at $700; one-half cash.

Centrally located store on good lot that we can negotiate for you at a very low figure.

$4,000 for an 11-r h on corner lot, 71x120, on Elliott street, worth double the amount asked.

$700 buys a lot 50x160 on Gullatt street, running back to a 30-foot street.

We are prepared to negotiate large or small loans on farm lands. Write to us for particulars.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,
20 Peachtree street.

REMOVAL.

BROWN & WATSON

Have removed to 27 Marietta street, under opera house, where they will be pleased to receive their friends and clients.

Following are a few bargains which they offer:

$70,000—86x110, Mitchell street; well improved.

$7,500—7 acres on dummy line and Flat Shoals road; handsome and a snap.

$2,000—Corner Georgia avenue and Crew street.

$1,600—Twelve acres on Central railroad, in West End; cheap.

$2,000—5 acres, West Hunter street, near Westview cemetery.

$3,600—4½ acres, Simpson street, near two-mile post.

$6,000—50-foot lot, Marietta street; close in.

$1,200 per acre—14½ acres on Simpson and Spruce streets.

$1,300 per acre—6 acres on Vine and Walnut streets.

Lots and acreage in all parts of city.

Too busy to make long list. Call and see us.

BROWN & WATSON,

27 MARIETTA STREET.

WARE & OWENS,

41 S. Broad Street, Cor. Alabama.

$3,500—Courtland av., 6-r, water and gas, new; Currier st.

$4,300—Wheat st, 8-r h, modern improvements.

$2,700—Chapel st, new 5-r cottage and 2-r h, lot 50x300 to another st; could build a number of small houses that would rent well.

$6,500—W Harris st, cor lot, 8-r h, modern improvements, 75 ft front.

$2,250—Pine st, 50x175 to 10-ft alley, near Courtland ave.

$2,600—Calhoun st, 100x175, near Currier st.

$2,500—North ave, cor Cherry st, 5-r cottage; cheap.

$5,000—Highland ave, 8-r h, water and gas; nice.

$6,000—Jackson st, 7-room residence, water and gas.

$850—Johnson ave, 50x153 to alley; a beauty.

$1,850—Randolph st, cor Rankin st, 108x153; shaded.

$1,600—Boulevard, 60x210; money in this.

$2,400—Jackson st, 60x168; shaded.

$4,500—Mangum st, 10-r, two-story, 45x160.

$3,000—Peters st, two-story, brick store, 35x110.

$1,500 per acre—15 acres on Morris st. Come and get a plum.

$7,500—5 acres near Van Winkle's. You can make money on this.

$3,000—33 choice lots 50x180 each, very near Van Winkle's shops. You can double your money.

$2,750—32 lots on Grove st. Come and see them.

$4,250—10 acres; 3 miles from depot on Humphries road. Near electric line.

$4,500—Summit ave, 60x136, 5-r h, cor lot.

$5,000—Capitol ave, cor lot, close in, 50x155, one of the most desirable lots on the street.

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,

No 5 S. Pryor St., Atlanta, Ga.

If you have any real estate you wish to sell at a reasonable price, we shall be pleased to place the same on our books.

We offer the following which we consider good value:

Washington street, Washington Heights, 50x175, $1,500.

Inman Park, 85x195, cheap, $3,000.

Eight acres West End, near in and close to dummy line, subdivided into 30 large lots, $8,000.

Juniper street, close to Peachtree, choice corner, $3,500.

Calhoun, north of Ponce de Leon, 101x197, one of the finest corners on the avenue, fine shade, a bargain, $4,000.

One of the best vacant business corner lots in the city. Call for price, etc.

Sixty acres, ½ original forest, 6½ miles from city, $2,000.

1,800 acres of selected poplar timber within five miles of Murphy, N. C., with two good logging streams, $2.50 per acre.

600 acres virgin pine forest, 1½ mile railway frontage, $5 per acre.

164,500 acres timber and coal lands in Tennessee, close to railway; this is one of the largest and choicest tracts on the market and is for sale at a great bargain.

ATLANTA REAL ESTATE EXCHANGE,
5 S. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga.
ROBERT MILLER, Manager. L. M. WARD, Secretary and Treasurer

THE GRAND JURY.

THE EXECUTIVE BODY OF FULTON COUNTY.

Judge Marshall J. Clarke Delivers an Address of Instruction and Admonition to the Jury.

Yesterday morning the grand jury of Fulton county for the spring term, 1891, was organized.

Judge Marshall J. Clarke, in his address to the jury, deviated from his usual plan, and in a short and pithy address stated to the jurors that he was satisfied that the sentiment of Fulton county was that people should respect and abide by the laws of the county.

In regard to that he said that he had the most implicit faith in the integrity and wise judgment of the jury in the administration of equal justice to all in such cases as might come up before that body during the term.

He then delivered to the jury a written resume of the criminal offenses, and penalties prescribed by the different legislatures, and remarked that this might be kept constantly before them as a reference and a memorandum, in case they were at any time in doubt as to the culpability of any one presented to the jury, or in the correct definition of the crime chargeable.

WORK OF THE JURY.

The work of the grand jury begun almost by the time they entered the room.

Solicitor General Hill and his assistant, Captain John Monaghan, were on hand, and before the session closed at 2 o'clock, twenty-five true bills were found. But there were some cases presented in which bills were not found, and one of those was of a man charged with murder.

PAT ENRIGHT RELEASED.

Pat Enright had been confined in jail for some time on the charge of murder. When Dock Granger died and a jury summoned in inquest, the evidence was such as to raise the question as to whether or not he had been killed by a blow from the hands of Enright.

The coroner's jury thought it was a case of murder, and that Enright was the guilty party.

But yesterday morning the witnesses failed to establish the fact, and "no bill" was endorsed on the back of the indictment, so that the sheriff was ordered to set Enright at liberty.

WORK AHEAD.

There is a lot of work ahead, and there were a large number of people, of every age, class and previous condition of servitude, in attendance yesterday, most of whom were bent on securing indictments against others, and a few of whom were seeking a settlement of pending cases.

Since the last term of superior court the jail has been filled with lawbreakers, and it will take quite a while to inquire into and investigate the bills that will be returned by the grand jury of the spring term, 1891.

Thcre is danger in impure blood. Thcre is safety in taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, the great blood purifier. 100 doses one dollar.

Must not be confounded with common cathartic or purgative pills. Carter's Little Liver Pills are entirely unlike them in every respect. One trial will prove their superiority.

Indigestion results from a partial paralysis of the stomach and is the primary cause of a very large majority of the ills that humanity is heir to. The most agreeable and effective remedy is Dr. J. H. McLean's Little Liver and Kidney Pillets. 25 cents a vial.

Ed. L. Grant Sign Co., signs and banners to order. Removed to 19½ South Broad, between Bridge and Marietta streets, Atlanta, Ga. Telephone 604. tf

Opera Glasses.

The opera season will soon be over, and we will sell our fine pearl opera glasses from $6 to $10 to avoid carrying them over. Take advantage of this and save 25 to 50 per cent. Maier & Berkele, jewelers, 93 Whitehall street. mar1-7t

H. C. PENDLETON,

Real Estate Agent—Timber and Mineral Lands a Specialty—17 Pryor St.
Kimball House.

You will find listed upon my books, property that, location and price considered, cannot be duplicated in the city.

I can sell you a house to suit your fancy and your purse, either in the city or suburbs, at prices ranging from $1,500 to $20,000. Vacant lots in all sections, $200 and upwards. Acre property for subdivision or investment. Business property close in that will pay big dividends when improved. I have a number of special orders for houses, vacant lots and acres. Kindly bring me descriptions of what you have to sell. Your property may exactly fill the bill.

$5,000—Marble, iron and talc property, 40 acres on railroad.

$15,000—Marble, iron and talc property, 212 acres on railroad.

$7,000—Verde, antique marble and corundum, 160 acres.

$15,000—Verde, antique marble and corundum, 3,000 acres.

$15,000—Nickel and chrome iron, 3,180 acres.

$50,000—Gold property thoroughly prospected and worth half a million, besides many other bargains.

mar1-d1m H. C. PENDLETON.

TO MAKE MONEY!

Invest in Atlanta Real Estate Through Respess & Co., No. 5 N. Broad Street.

And close in property the kind to buy.

Valuable vacant and improved very central properties for sale by us.

At much less value than they will be.

Vacant lot, 50x80 feet, in heart of city.

Vacant lot close to First M. E. church, 77x102 feet; as valuable as can be.

Vacant lot, 100x100 and 13-r h, Church street; fine investment.

Brick store and 2 dwellings, close in, on Houston street, certain profit; only $7,500.

Brick store, 5 rooms overhead and wood cottage, large lot, close in, on Marietta street; only $4,000.

Splendid wood store, 5 rooms overhead, fine lot, close in, on Marietta street; only $3,650.

Vacant lot corner Marietta and Walton streets, fine investment; only $4,000.

Buy close in property and especially Marietta street lots to make money.

We have nice residences on Ivy, Courtland, Church, Harris, Spring and other close in streets. Don't fail to call on us.

We have large tracts of land that you can make money on close to city limits. 23 acres on Boulevard, only about 3 miles out, $300 per acre.

Special out-of-town bargain, 20 City of Mobile vacant lots, only $125 to $150 each, in good location.

Call on or address RESPESS & CO.,
No. 5 N. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga.

J. J. DUFFY. S. FRANK WARREN

DUFFY & WARREN,

No. 75 PEACHTREE STREET,
Real Estate and Renting Agents,
Successors to
DRAKE & OWEN.

Here is a list of the finest property on the market. Call and let us show it to you. We are open for offers for all of it.

105 acres on Peachtree street, fine gold mine on the place; 3,000 feet front, at 70 cents front foot; greatest bargain on the market; terms to suit; nine miles from city limits.

5 acres in Oak Grove, West End dummy line; $250 per acre; very cheap place; one-third cash.

157 acres on dummy line, 3½ miles from carshed; only $250 per acre; one-third cash, balance long time.

12-room house, West End, lot 70x200; beautiful place and terms to suit purchaser; fine water, gas and sidewalks.

A lovely home on East Cain; 6-room house, lot 40 x150; all improvements; one-third cash. Enquire about this.

2 nice homes on Alexander street; new houses, large lots, good water, desirable places. Just put on the market.

6 acres, north side, close to city line. The owner has just put it on the market. Never before offered. Call and investigate this property.

100x200—Beautiful lot on Peachtree. Terms to suit.

120x190—Lovely home on Ellis st., near in. Nothing better on the market.

02-acre farm in Decatur. Everything needed on place—orchard, vineyard and excellent water. Very cheap.

11 acres on Flat Shoals road. Enquire about this. Three miles from carshed, on dummy line.

46 acres, on public road. Great bargain if taken at once.

165x200, on Jackson st. Nothing prettier on the market. Terms to suit you.

DUFFY & WARREN, 75 Peachtree S

"A Modern Instance"

Is sometimes more satisfactory than any number of "Wise Laws." There are thousands and thousands of modern instances in which Swift's Specific, S.S.S. has justified all the claims made for it as the greatest of vegetable remedies for diseases that have in their origin impure blood and a debilitated condition of the system. Mr. John H. Lyles, of Sorento, Ill., writes: "I suffered for five years with mercurial rheumatism, which was the result of potash and mercurial treatment by physicians for constitutional blood poison. They not only failed to cure me, but made me a physical wreck and my life a burden. I then commenced taking Swift's Specific, S.S.S. and after using a few bottles was entirely cured of the rheumatism which the doctors brought on by their remedies, and of the blood poison which they had failed to cure."

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases Mailed Free.
SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

Ketner & Fox,

Real Estate Agents,
18 East Alabama Street.

5 lots, 51x140, Georgia ave., on dummy line.

4 lots on Glenn st., on new electric line to park.

4 lots on Connally and Gordon sts. Very cheap.

$7,000 for fine new 2-story residence on Capitol ave. Splendid home.

$6,500, 7-r dwelling on Wheat st., near in, big bargain.

$4,500 will buy 101¼ acres, good dwelling, 5 rooms, rock barn 30x40, all in first-class condition, 10 miles from Atlanta on E. T., V. and G. R. R. This property is very cheap.

We have good bargains. Call and see us
jan28d6m8p

Samuel W. Goode & Co.'s Real Estate Offers.

$500 an acre for 24 acres 3 miles from Kimball house on macadamized road and E. T., V. & G. R. R., 750 feet front on each, nice grove, good neighborhood, suitable for residences and for large manufacturing plant, about same distance, with same facilities as land at exposition mills which costs four times as much. Think about it, and you will buy.

$3,600 for 9 lots near the exposition mills, each lot 50x200 feet; easy terms.

19 acres or 40 lots, 50x200 feet each, one block from Gentlemen's Driving Club and 2 blocks from Piedmont park gate and Wilson avenue car line; only $15,000.

$35,000 for 50 acres 2½ miles from Kimball house, with about 6,000 feet R. R. front, and about 3,000 feet front on macadamized road, ¼ mile from street cars, and convenient to city schools, markets, etc. Whole tract choice. Terms ⅓ cash, remainder in 1 and 2 years with interest.

25 acres for $400 per acre near Peachtree, between Peachtree and Marietta street, on country road and State street extension; liberal terms, 5-r cottage.

11 acres with 1,100 feet front, level, shaded, 2¼ miles from Kimball house, near and in front of Anthony Murphy's residence; only $10,000, on easy payments.

20 acres 2½ miles from Kimball house, fronting over 1,100 feet on electric line, about 1,700 feet on Ponce de Leon avenue extension, 500 feet on Williams' mill road, near Neel's academy and Senator Colquitt's home, and about 2 blocks from Copenhill Land Co.'s park; only $20,000.

19 acres for $19,000, between Van Winkle's Gin Works and the city with 600 feet R. R. front, and convenient to exposition mills and to street cars.

6 lots, three on Calhoun street, half block from Piedmont park gate, all high and level; the six for $4,500, on easy terms if taken at once.

25 beautiful lots for $18,000 on Central R. R., this side Anthony Murphy's house at West End; each lot large, high, level and shaded.

25 acres for $800 per acre, one block from McPherson barracks electric line on Humphries street, this side Andy Stewart's or the "Boss Place," with neat cottage, long front, and it is a choice tract.

$1,600 for good renting property on Calhoun, near Harris street, one block from electric car line, a 2-r and a 3-r cottage.

$800 for a neat 3-r cottage on Powers street renting for $8 per month.

$2,300 for an 8-r, 2-story Hood street residence, gas, paved walks, lot 50x140 feet; one-third cash.

Peachtree corner lot, 97x200 feet to alley, shaded, choice, for $10,000, payable $2,000 cash remainder on long time.

Peachtree acreage property, this side the Belt R. R., at $1,500 per acre.

10 choice Edgewood lots, shaded, sodded, level, rich, first-class neighborhood, fronts Georgia R. R., and macadamized wagon road, this side Mayson's crossing, very choice; $4,500.

SAMUEL W. GOODE & CO.

H. L. WILSON,

REAL ESTATE AGENT

3 PRYOR ST., KIMBALL HOUSE.

Persons desiring real estate, either for stores, residences, manufactories or speculative purposes, will find it to their interest, financially, to call at my office. Having lived in Atlanta since 1862, I feel that I am prepared to serve buyers advantageously. I sold $1,000,000 worth of good real estate during the first half of 1890. I devote my entire time to selling and buying real estate on commission.

Those parties engaging my services get the full benefit of my experience and knowledge of the business.

All of my transactions are on strictly legitimate business principles; every sale is quickly settled up. I refer you to my past successful record.

16 acres on Ashby, near G. P. railroad.

$6,500—New house on Powers street.

$6,000—Extra home on E. Baker st.

$4,500—50x190, Peachtree.

$2,000—5-r house cor. Inman ave. and Calhoun.

$4,500—Lot 100x195 on North Calhoun street.

$4,000—Lot 100x200, Wilson ave.

20 acres on Air-Line railroad, just north of Highland ave.

Bargain on Currier, 50x140.

Administrators and executors, or persons who want the cash for their property, will save money by consulting me.

jan11—d6m sp. H. L. WILSON.

J. C. HENDRIX. LAWRENCE HARRISON.

J. C. HENDRIX & CO.

Central Whitehall street store at a bargain for a few days.

28 lots, all level, on good streets in West End, on easy terms.

3 acre block near Ponce de Leon Springs.

27 acres, only one mile from carshed on line of new electric railroad. Nothing like it in Atlanta.

The best lot on Peachtree street, large and beautifully shaded.

We have all classes of property on our list.

We have a party with $150,000 which he desires to put in Atlanta real estate if we can suit him. Therefore, if you have good central or blocks of property call and list it with us.

The gem of Ponce de Leon avenue, large, and lays perfect, at a bargain for a few days.

10 acres on Peachtree street which we can sell so as big money can be made; right in the best built-up part of that fashionable street.

3 acre block on Jackson street and Boulevard, near in. You can buy and make big money.

That beautiful block, Jackson, Houston and East Cain street, now on the market for the first time. Will sell all or a part to parties to build.

2 lots on Jackson avenue, near Boulevard, reasonable, for one week only.

80x236, westside Boulevard	$ 5,200
50x190, Jackson	2,750
100x200, Jackson	6,500
50x215, Smith street, with new 5-r h	3,500
96x163 Highland avenue near Boulevard	2,100
100x160, Windsor near Georgia avenue	1,500
50x150, Georgia avenue	1,500
100x127 West Pine near Spring	3,000
100x200, West Peachtree street	10,000
50x185, West Peachtree street	5,000
50x280, Washington street	2,000
53x190, Highland avenue between Jackson and Boulevard	2,650
100x280, Boulevard, North avenue and Jackson street	10,000
4 acres near Fraser street school; cheap.	
4 acres Capitol avenue	12,500
12 acres, first ward; cheap.	
60x160, Formwalt	1,400
60x145, Formwalt and Glenn	1,650
100x175, Washington street, corner	4,150
200x289, Washington street and Pulliam	8,000
37½x150, Decatur	1,000
46x150, Fortress avenue	650

J. C. HENDRIX & CO.
Feb-15-d1m.

GOLDSMITH,

30 S. Broad Street.

Do you know a bargain when you see it?

JUST READ.

New dummy line to be located on the Flat Shoals road. Where will it go? Close—very close to three (3) of the very choicest tracts of acerage property on the entire line. See! A small fortune within your grasp. Don't let this g by, but buy now and reap rich harvest.

A tract of 8 acres—That cannot be excelled for beauty. Well located for profit.

40 acres.—$2.00 for $1.00 in this just as sure as the sun shines. In the very place to make money.

45 acres.—Just right for sub-division. Nearly the entire tract contains beautiful building sites, and on the new dummy line.

120 acres—Splendid opportunity for a magnificent syndicate.

Large tracts—(Several of them) in the western part of city. The coming side.

Large tracts—Near and around Ponce de Leon Springs, and at and near Edgewood. Big money.

Call at once and pick up these bargains.

2 central stores—Also central vacant property. Here is your chance.

We have the choicest, near-in residence property, and vacant central residence lots. Improved property on all the best streets. Vacant lots in every direction. Come and let us show you our list and then get the prices. Every facility for selling and showing property.

Woodward & Mountain

36 & 38 W. Alabama St.,
(Maddox, Rucker & Co. Bank Building.)

Real Estate Dealers.

Our electric line to the United States barracks will soon be completed. This opens up the most beautiful section near Atlanta. No objectionable features of any kind. We offer 7 acres with 400 feet frontage, and 12 acres with 500 feet frontage on the car line.

One hundred acres with one mile frontage, and 24 acres with 1,400 feet frontage, 4 acres with 300 feet frontage within 100 yards of the road to be constructed by the government from the city to the barracks. Any of the above at $1,000 per acre. Twenty-six acres with 1,000 feet frontage. The government drive goes through the center of this; $1,200 per acre. Subdivide the above and you will make 200 per cent.

We want to sell ¼ interest in 355 acres on the new belt line with a railroad frontage of 3 miles, at $125 per acre in shares of $100 each. This will be worth $500 per acre within one year, but we need money and must sell some of our holdings.

20 lots on Piedmont avenue and Myrtle street, north of Ponce de Leon avenue. Choice property.

134 lots in Arlington Heights, on Green's Ferry avenue, between Chestnut and Ashby streets. Capitalists can double their money on above within six months.

32 lots fronting the electric line in the south part of the city.

A choice vacant lot, nicely shaded, on West Peachtree, near North avenue, 94x190. This fronts Peters park.

We have more good investment property than any firm in the city and if you want to make money call on us.

WOODWARD & MOUNTAIN.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate.

I have for sale a beautiful corner lot on Capitol avenue.

A store and lot, 50x200, on Broad street.

34 acres, 3 miles from East Point, for $500 cash.

Beautiful lots on Pearl and Estora streets, near Inman park.

I am now preparing plats of the Low property on Crew, Fulton, Fraser, Alexander, Pine, Mangum and Luckie streets, which I will sell at courthouse on first Tuesday in April.

G. W. ADAIR,

5 Kimball House, Wall St.

ANSLEY BROS.,

Real Estate.

$80 front foot for beautiful West Peachtree lot, nicely shaded, near Kimball street.

$1,700—Capitol avenue lot, 53x197, just beyond Georgia avenue; a cheap and nice lot.

$3,000—Fraser street, corner lot, 100x200, and 4-r h; a good bargain.

$25 front foot for two Boulevard lots, 60 feet front each by 200 deep this side of Ponce de Leon avenue.

$4,500—For an 8-r h on Pulliam street, corner lot, 68 feet front; water and gas.

$1,600—South Pryor street lot, near Georgia avenue.

$1,750—6 acres 2¾ miles from carshed, near dummy line to Soldiers' Home.

$1,550—Pulliam street lot, this side of Richardson.

$2,000—5-r h and corner lot, Calhoun street.

$2,500—South Pryor street lot, this side of Rawson street, 50x160; a bargain.

$2,500—Jackson street lot, beautifully shaded, 50x150.

$1,500—West End lot, on Peeples street, 50x200.

$2,500—East Pine street house and lot, near Courtland avenue.

$60 front foot, Boulevard lots, on best part of street; a big bargain.

$1,800—Augier avenue, lot 85x210.

$2,000—Smith street, lot 50x154, running to McDaniel street, on which is a house and store.

DECATUR PROPERTY.

$4,500—11¼ acres and 5-r h, near railroad, in corporate limits.

$3,000—6½ acres, fronting railroad, nicely shaded; convenient to depot.

$3,000—20 acres, just below corporate limits and in 100 feet of railroad.

Office, 10 East Alabama street. Telephone 363.

W. A. OSBORN. G. S. BREWSTER. M. C. STONER

W. A. OSBORN & CO.

Real Estate and Loans, 12 S. Pryor Street.

$4,000—7-r h, all outhouses, together with a fine dairy house attachment, and ten acres land, ten milk cows; this is a bargain; 3 miles out on turnpike road.

$13,000—300 acres, close to the new town, Chattahoochee; just across the river; a bargain.

$1,500—5 acres, 3 miles out on Mayson and Turner's ferry road, cheap.

$600—5 acres, 3 miles out; close to West End, on new electric line.

$2,750—60x192, on Ponce de Leon, near Jackson street, on corner; cheap at price.

$25 per acre—105 acres on Peachtree road; come and see this.

$15,000—286x200, corner Jackson st., a daisy.

$50 front foot, Boulevard, 50x150; cheap.

$32 front foot, Boulevard, 60x150; big bargain.

$7,500—7 r h, on Houston; close in.

For bargains call on W. A. Osborn & Co.
jan12-4 mth] 1 sp.

SPRING, 1891.

Fresh arrivals in our

Tailoring Department

Of Fine Suitings, direct from the mills of the best foreign makers. Exclusive styles. Large stock. Call early and make your selection for a Spring Suit.

HIRSCH BROS.

42 and 44 Whitehall Street.

TRAYNHAM & RAY,

—WHOLESALE AND RETAIL—
LUMBER DEALERS.
—WE— MANUFACTURE Doors, Sash, Blinds and Mantels. WE HANDLE LATH
Newels, Mouldings, Brackets and LUMBER of every Description.
—Write for Prices.—
Office and Mill, 74 Decatur St., Atlanta, Ga.
feb 22 d 1y

SCIPLE SONS,

ATLANTA, GEORGIA.

CEMENT FIRE BRICK FIRE CLAY FIRE CLAY STOVE THIMBLES DRAIN PIPE STOVE FLUES SEWER PIPE PLASTER PARIS MARBLE DUST CHIMNEY TOPS COAL LIME

OFFICE, NO. 8 LOYD; YARDS, CORNER FAIR STREET AND C. R. R.

GEO. S. BROWN, President. BARRINGTON J. KING, Sec. and Treas

THE BROWN & KING SUPPLY COMP'NY

Manufacturers and Dealers in



Mill Supplies, Machinery, Tools, WROUGHT IRON PIPE, Fitting and Brass Goods.

Agents for "Gilbert" Wood Split Pulleys. All sizes in Stock
ATLANTA, GEORGIA.



"GET OUT!"

All Winter clothing must go. We've said it before. But repeat it now with double emphasis. Your liberal buying during recent days indicates that the following frequently stated fact has not yet palled upon you. A discount of twenty-five per cent allowed on all heavy suits and overcoats. Remember the discount is deducted from prices already phenomenally low. All the clothing in these successive offerings are fresh and regular, and are sold at these absurdly cheap figures to arrange and readjust the stock. The influx of Spring styles demands additional space---hence the sacrifice. The bargain compass points to us.

EISEMAN BROS.,

17 and 19 Whitehall St.

TH...

VOL. XXII.

REED AND H...

REVIEW OF THE ... CZAR AND HIS ...

DISGRACEFUL RECORD O...

The Closing Scenes in th... ate—Columbus and ... Courts—Chickam...

WASHINGTON, D. C., Ma...

In a few short hours the ... will be ended. Its proceed... down as the most reckless, ... extravagant in the history ... high noon tomorrow Speal... down from the exalted p... pied so long and besmircho... consciousness that in dem... dents, he stands witho... congress stands out in the b... opinion as excelling in pro... ary rulings, petty personal... ble constitutional infractio... gress this country has ever ...

It is beyond c... many times the burly, ... has premeditatedly violate... taken at the bar of the h... one year ago. He has p... course without conscienc... consequences. Even whe... was repudiated at the po... he only checked his mad... short days. He has been ... ful and devoid of all pri... Indeed, so strongly hav... istic traits of Tom Ree... that his thoughtless foll... bued with them, and ... remarks, criminal occup... ceedings that would ... credit to a pri... have frequently occurred. ... of relief that the intelligen... the chapter of this congress ... the conviction that Speake... never be referred to when ... quired. As the end dra... while to reflect for a mom... the disgraceful scenes whic... fzed this congress. They ... part of the first session, ... strued the rules to his ow... and unseated Jackson, of ... der to seat Smith. From t... llamentary rule ceased to b... All precedents were revers... representatives was ruled ... which was bent over the b... who were subservient to th... supreme being who occupie... result was continued disc... nated in the obscene uttera... and the subsequent fist fi... with, of New Jersey, and ... lington.

Six times during this sea... been called into requisition ... been censured and on seve... of large proportions have ... the cool action of the leade...

Enormous appropriation... which will inflict a heavy ... democratic house in the ... iniquitous tariff has been ... after a severe and exhau... that most infamous of all ... laid to rest in its unhallo... deficit in the treasury is lef... incoming democratic hous... shouldered and made good ... every particular this congr... complish that for which ... elected.

Pushing the ...

Both houses have been i... get through by noon tomo... has added many millions t... tion bills, and is running ... an enormous figure.

Since 2 o'clock the senat... along sluggishly, but the ... ment. The galleries ... and the members are ... but wrought to ... of excitement. A resolu... $40,000 for a commission ... alcoholic liquor traffic, is n... theme for the eloquence ... orators.

The vote was taken at m... lution. It was defeated by ... perance men declare this t...

The Agricultural Ap...

The senate adopted the ... which includes, among ... senate amendment allow... makers to use spirits free o...

The senate receded from ... propriating $20,000 for sil... out of the bill altogether.

The sum of $150,000 is ... distribution of seeds to des... $45,000 for additional agric... stations.

The Copyright H...

After a long discussion ... conference report on the ... agreed to—yeas, 27; nays, ...

The bill went to the hou... debate, the conference rep... a vote of 27 to 77. The vo... applause by the gallery.

It was thought that this ... of the bill, but, at 2:25 a. ... moved to reconsider the vo... conference report on the b... that the house be requeste... to the senate.

The chances are bot... main in session until abo... recesses will be taken f... there will be a great rush ... at noon. Much interest is ... will say when he lays dow...

The Chicamau...

An amendment of much ... residents on the land of ... mauga park in Georgia ... sundry civil bill and adopt...

The original act require... of this property by proc... States court at Atlanta an... court has already notified ... property to appear in Atl... The amendment to the b... sets all this aside and the ... ordered suspension of suc... land will now simply ... for in the ordinary ... causing any inconvenien... owners and without burde... torney and the court at ... unnecessary labor conte... provision made some wee...

Apropos of this, the se... Chicamauga park comm... Clements, who has been ... vesting the appropriation, ... day next to visit the par... Chattanooga and from t...